



# DigitalFlow<sup>™</sup> XGM868i

# Panametrics General-Purpose Gas Flow Transmitter (1 & 2 Channel)

**Programming Manual** 





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DigitalFlow™ is a GE Panametrics product. GE Panametrics has joined other GE high-technology sensing businesses under a new name—GE Sensing.



Warranty	Each instrument manufactured by GE Sensing, Inc. is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship. Liability under this warranty is limited to restoring the instrument to normal operation or replacing the instrument, at the sole discretion of GE. Fuses and batteries are specifically excluded from any liability. This warranty is effective from the date of delivery to the original purchaser. If GE determines that the equipment was defective, the warranty period is:
	one year for mechanical failures of the sensor
	If GE determines that the equipment was damaged by misuse, improper installation, the use of unauthorized replacement parts, or operating conditions outside the guidelines specified by GE, the repairs are not covered under this warranty.
	The warranties set forth herein are exclusive and are in lieu of all other warranties whether statutory, express or implied (including warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, and warranties arising from course of dealing or usage or trade).
Return Policy	If a GE Sensing, Inc. instrument malfunctions within the warranty period, the following procedure must be completed:
	<b>1.</b> Notify GE, giving full details of the problem, and provide the model number and serial number of the instrument. If the nature of the problem indicates the need for factory service, GE will issue a RETURN AUTHORIZATION number (RA), and shipping instructions for the return of the instrument to a service center will be provided.
	2. If GE instructs you to send your instrument to a service center, it must be shipped prepaid to the authorized repair station indicated in the shipping instructions.
	<b>3.</b> Upon receipt, GE will evaluate the instrument to determine the cause of the malfunction.
	Then, one of the following courses of action will then be taken:
	• If the damage <u>is</u> covered under the terms of the warranty, the instrument will be repaired at no cost to the owner and returned.
	• If GE determines that the damage <u>is not</u> covered under the terms of the warranty, or if the warranty has expired, an estimate for the cost of the repairs at standard rates will be provided. Upon receipt of the owner's approval to proceed, the instrument will be repaired and returned.

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Chapter 1

# Programming Site Data

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#### Introduction

The Model XGM868i flow transmitter must be properly installed and programmed, as described in the *Startup Guide*, before it can provide accurate flow rate measurements. After completing the installation and initial setup, use this chapter to program the advanced features of the Model XGM868i's *Keypad Program*.

Step-by-step programming instructions are presented in this chapter. Also, as a programming aid, a complete set of menu maps for the XGM868i are included in Appendix A, *Menu Maps*. The specific figure numbers will be referenced throughout this chapter, as required.

Refer to the appropriate section for a discussion of the following *Keypad Program* features.

- Channelx-ACTIV activate one or both channels and Scroll to the desired measurement method.
- Channelx-SYSTM enter the individual channel parameters.
- Channelx-PIPE enter the pipe geometry and other parameters.
- Channelx-I/O set up the inputs and outputs.
- Channelx-SETUP set the signal limits, response times and mass flow status.
- Global-SYSTM scroll to system units (English or metric).
- Global-I/O set up error handling, option cards and the display.
- Global-COMM set the serial port parameters.

**Note:** *The* "*x*" *in CHx represents the channel number. If you are using a 1-Channel meter, only CH1 will appear.* 

To get the XGM868i up and running as quickly as possible you must, as a minimum, activate the channel(s), enter the channel and global system data and the pipe parameters. The *Procedure Options* section at the end of each menu will help you in programming the required (quick startup) and optional data.

**Note:** In this manual, only the programming of Channel 1 will be described. To program Channel 2 of a 2-channel meter, simply repeat the same procedure presented for Channel 1.

**Programming Methods** You can program the XGM868i via either the infrared keypad on the lower part of the glass enclosure, or **PanaView**<sup>TM</sup>, a PC-based, non-resident software program that communicates with the XGM868i via its RS232 serial port. PanaView supplements basic XGM868i functions with several additional capabilities. With PanaView, you can:

- load and save site file data
- create and save graph and log files
- display text output and graphs of live measurement data
- create custom templates for displaying text, graph and log data
- interface with multiple GE Sensing instruments.

Although the actual displays differ somewhat, the general procedures are the same for all three programming methods. This chapter provides detailed programming instructions for use with the infrared keypad. If you are using PanaView<sup>TM</sup>, see Appendix C, *Programming the XGM868i via PanaView<sup>TM</sup>*, and/or the *PanaView<sup>TM</sup> User's Manual* (910-211) for detailed instructions.

**IMPORTANT:** *This manual is for instruments using software version Y4AM or later.* 

#### The XGM868i Enclosure Infrared Keypad

The window at the top of the XGM868i enclosure includes the components shown in Figure 1-1 below.



Figure 1-1: The Enclosure Window



Six keys on the infrared keypad enable users to program the XGM868i:

- [Enter] confirms choice of a specific option and data entry within the option
- [Escape] allows users to exit from a specific option without entering unconfirmed data
- [△] and [▽] enable users to highlight a specific window in the display option or to scroll through a list of options (parameters, letters, and numbers 0-9 as well as the negative sign and decimal point) in a menu
- [⊲] and [▷] enable users to scroll to a specific option, among choices in an option, or to a character in a text entry.

When you power up the XGM868i, the display first shows the model and software version:



#### The XGM868i Enclosure Infrared Keypad (cont.)

The meter then starts to display measured parameters.

CH1	VEL	E1
1	0.00	Ft/s

To enter the *Keypad Program*, press the [Escope] key, followed by the [Enter] key, and the [Escope] key again. Each successive key must be entered within 10 seconds of the prior key.

As a guide in following the programming instructions in this chapter, the relevant portions of the Model XGM868i menu map have been reproduced in Figures A-1 and A-2 on pages A-1 and A-2. Proceed to the following sections to enter data in the Channel or GLOBL menus.

**IMPORTANT:** If the keypad has not been pressed for 10 minutes, the XGM868i exits the Keypad Program and returns to displaying measurements. The meter retains any configuration changes that were confirmed with the [Enter] key, and restarts as if the operator had completed the programming cycle.

Activating a Channel	The Channelx-ACTIV submenu permits selection of the desired measurement method. In addition, it is used to activate/deactivate one or both of the channels in a 2-Channel Model XGM868i.
	While following the programming instructions, refer to Figure A-1 in Appendix A. To access the Channelx-ACTIV submenu:
	<b>1.</b> In the <i>Keypad Program</i> , scroll to PROG and press [Enter].
	<b>2.</b> In the PROG menu, scroll to CH1 or CH2 and press [Enter].
	3. In the Channel PROGRAM menu, scroll to ACTIV and press [Enter].
	<b>4.</b> Scroll to <i>Burst</i> to activate the channel/path, and press [Enter].
	<b>Note:</b> Burst <i>is automatically selected for a 1-Channel meter.</i>
	<b>5.</b> Scroll to one of the measurement methods described below and press [Enter].
	• Skon Only is the preferred technique for locating the acoustic signal and for high velocity measurements. It is more robust in a noisy environment than the Measure technique.
	<ul> <li>Skan/Measure is the preferred technique to use for low velocity measurements.</li> </ul>
	If Skan Only is selected at the above prompt, the meter uses this technique exclusively. However, if Skan/Measure is selected, the meter uses Skan Only to find the acoustic signal and then tries to use the Skan/Measure technique for the actual measurement.
	<b>Note:</b> To change the Skan Only and Skan/Measure parameters, see the Signal submenu section on page 1-14 of this chapter.
Procedure Options	After completing the above step, the XGM868i returns to the Channel PROGRAM window. Do one of the following:
	• To continue entering "quick startup" data, proceed to Step 3 in the following section.
	• To continue regular programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired menu.

• To leave the *Keypad Program*, press [Escope] twice.

Entering System Data for the Channel	The Channelx-System submenu is for the channel. While following th to Figure A-1 in Appendix A.	used to enter system parameters he programming instructions, refer
Accessing the Channelx-	<b>1.</b> In the <i>Keypad Program</i> , scroll t	o PROG and press [Enter].
System Submenu	<b>2.</b> In the PROG menu, scroll to CH	1 or CH2 and press [Enter].
	<b>3.</b> In the Channel PROGRAM men [Enter].	u, scroll to SYSTM and press
	4. Use the arrow keys to enter the characters) and press [Enter].	desired Channel Label (up to 5
	<b>5.</b> Use the arrow keys to enter the to 21 characters) and press [Ent	desired <i>Site/Channel Message</i> (up er].
Selecting Volumetric Units	<b>1.</b> Scroll to the desired <i>Volumetric</i> press [Enter]. Available units ar	<i>Units</i> for the flow rate display and e listed in Table 1-1 below.
	<b>2.</b> Scroll to the desired <i>Volumetric</i> display and press [Enter].	<i>Time</i> units for the flow rate
	<b>3.</b> Scroll to the desired number of <i>Vol. Decimal Digits</i> (digits to the right of the decimal point in the volumetric flow rate display) and press [Enter].	
	Table 1-1: Available Volumetric/Totalizer Units	
	English	Metric
	English ACF = Actual Cubic Feet	Metric ACM = Actual Cubic Meters
	English ACF = Actual Cubic Feet KACF = Thousands of ACF	MetricACM = Actual Cubic MetersKACM = Thousands of ACM
	English ACF = Actual Cubic Feet KACF = Thousands of ACF MMACF = Millions of ACF	MetricACM = Actual Cubic MetersKACM = Thousands of ACMMMACM = Millions of ACM
	English ACF = Actual Cubic Feet KACF = Thousands of ACF MMACF = Millions of ACF SCF = Standard Cubic Feet	MetricACM = Actual Cubic MetersKACM = Thousands of ACMMMACM = Millions of ACMSCM = Standard Cubic Meters
	English ACF = Actual Cubic Feet KACF = Thousands of ACF MMACF = Millions of ACF SCF = Standard Cubic Feet KSCF = Thousands of SCF	MetricACM = Actual Cubic MetersKACM = Thousands of ACMMMACM = Millions of ACMSCM = Standard Cubic MetersKSCM = Thousands of SCM
	English ACF = Actual Cubic Feet KACF = Thousands of ACF MMACF = Millions of ACF SCF = Standard Cubic Feet KSCF = Thousands of SCF MMSCF = Millions of SCF	MetricACM = Actual Cubic MetersKACM = Thousands of ACMMMACM = Millions of ACMSCM = Standard Cubic MetersKSCM = Thousands of SCMMMSCM = Millions of SCM
Selecting Totalizer Units	EnglishACF = Actual Cubic FeetKACF = Thousands of ACFMMACF = Millions of ACFSCF = Standard Cubic FeetKSCF = Thousands of SCFMMSCF = Millions of SCF1. Scroll to the desired Totalizer U display and press [Enter]. Availabove.	MetricACM = Actual Cubic MetersKACM = Thousands of ACMMMACM = Millions of ACMSCM = Standard Cubic MetersKSCM = Thousands of SCMMMSCM = Millions of SCM <i>Millions</i> for the totalized flow rateable units are listed in Table 1-1
Selecting Totalizer Units	EnglishACF = Actual Cubic FeetKACF = Thousands of ACFMMACF = Millions of ACFSCF = Standard Cubic FeetKSCF = Thousands of SCFMMSCF = Millions of SCF1. Scroll to the desired Totalizer U display and press [Enter]. Avail above.2. Scroll to the desired number of right of the decimal point in the press [Enter].	MetricACM = Actual Cubic MetersKACM = Thousands of ACMMMACM = Millions of ACMSCM = Standard Cubic MetersKSCM = Thousands of SCMMMSCM = Millions of SCMMillions of SCM <i>Inits</i> for the totalized flow rateable units are listed in Table 1-1Tot Decimal Digits (digits to the totalized flow rate display) and
Selecting Totalizer Units	<ul> <li>English</li> <li>ACF = Actual Cubic Feet</li> <li>KACF = Thousands of ACF</li> <li>MMACF = Millions of ACF</li> <li>SCF = Standard Cubic Feet</li> <li>KSCF = Thousands of SCF</li> <li>MMSCF = Millions of SCF</li> <li>1. Scroll to the desired <i>Totalizer U</i> display and press [Enter]. Avail above.</li> <li>2. Scroll to the desired number of right of the decimal point in the press [Enter].</li> <li>3. Do one of the following:</li> </ul>	MetricACM = Actual Cubic MetersKACM = Thousands of ACMMMACM = Millions of ACMSCM = Standard Cubic MetersKSCM = Thousands of SCMMMSCM = Millions of SCMMillions of SCM <i>Inits</i> for the totalized flow rate able units are listed in Table 1-1Tot Decimal Digits (digits to the totalized flow rate display) and
Selecting Totalizer Units	<ul> <li>English <ul> <li>ACF = Actual Cubic Feet</li> <li>KACF = Thousands of ACF</li> <li>MMACF = Millions of ACF</li> <li>SCF = Standard Cubic Feet</li> <li>KSCF = Thousands of SCF</li> <li>MMSCF = Millions of SCF</li> </ul> </li> <li>1. Scroll to the desired <i>Totalizer U</i> display and press [Enter]. Availabove.</li> <li>2. Scroll to the desired number of right of the decimal point in the press [Enter].</li> <li>3. Do one of the following: <ul> <li>If MASS FLOW is ON, proc<i>Units</i> on the following page.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	MetricACM = Actual Cubic MetersKACM = Thousands of ACMMMACM = Millions of ACMSCM = Standard Cubic MetersKSCM = Thousands of SCMMMSCM = Millions of SCM <i>Units</i> for the totalized flow rate able units are listed in Table 1-1Tot Decimal Digits (digits to the totalized flow rate display) andweed to Selecting the Mass Flow
Selecting Totalizer Units	<ul> <li>English <ul> <li>ACF = Actual Cubic Feet</li> <li>KACF = Thousands of ACF</li> <li>MMACF = Millions of ACF</li> </ul> </li> <li>SCF = Standard Cubic Feet <ul> <li>KSCF = Thousands of SCF</li> </ul> </li> <li>MMSCF = Millions of SCF</li> </ul> <li>1. Scroll to the desired <i>Totalizer U</i> display and press [Enter]. Avail above.</li> <li>2. Scroll to the desired number of right of the decimal point in the press [Enter].</li> <li>3. Do one of the following: <ul> <li>If MASS FLOW is ON, proculatists on the following page.</li> <li>If MASS FLOW is OFF, the PROGRAM. Go to <i>Procedure</i></li> </ul> </li>	MetricACM = Actual Cubic MetersKACM = Thousands of ACMMMACM = Millions of ACMSCM = Standard Cubic MetersKSCM = Thousands of SCMMMSCM = Millions of SCMMillions of SCMMillions are listed flow rateable units are listed in Table 1-1Tot Decimal Digits (digits to the totalized flow rate display) andweed to Selecting the Mass Flowmeter returns to the Channel Options on the following page.

#### Selecting Mass Flow Units

1. Scroll to the desired Mass Flow units for the flow rate display and press [Enter]. The available units for this prompt are determined by the selection made at System Units (see Table 1-2 below).

	English	Metric
	Pounds	Kilograms
	Thousands of LB	Metric Tons (1,000 KG)
	Millions of LB	
	Tons (2,000 LB)	
	<ol> <li>Scroll to the desired <i>Mass Fla</i> display and press [Enter].</li> <li>Scroll to the desired number right of the desired noint in the desired number of the desir</li></ol>	ow Time units for the mass flow rate of <i>Mdot Decimal Digits</i> (digits to the the mass flow rate display) and press
	[Enter].	the mass now rate display) and press
	<b>4.</b> Scroll to the desired <i>Mass (Ta</i> flow rate display and press [E prompt are determined by the prompt.	<i>otalizer</i> ) units for the totalized mass inter]. The available units for this e selection made at the <i>System Units</i>
	<b>5.</b> Scroll to the desired number right of the decimal point in t and press [Enter].	of <i>Mass Decimal Digits</i> (digits to the he totalized mass flow rate display)
Procedure Options	After completing the steps on the returns to the Channel PROGRA	e previous page, the XGM868i M window. Do one of the following:
	• To continue entering "quick s Entering Transducer and Pipe	tartup" data, continue to Step 1 in <i>e Parameters</i> on the next page.
	• To continue regular programmer <i>Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired	ning, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu</i> ed menu.

#### Table 1-2: Available Mass Flow Units

• To leave the *Keypad Program*, press [Escope] twice.

Entering Transducer and Pipe Parameters	<ul> <li>Enter the transducer and pipe parameters via the PIPE submenu. While following the programming instructions, refer to Figure A-1 in Appendix A.</li> <li>1. From the Channel PROGRAM menu, scroll to the PIPE option and press [Enter].</li> <li>2. The first prompt asks for the <i>Transducer Number</i>.</li> <li>For a standard transducer, use the arrow keys to enter the number engraved on the transducer head, and press [Enter].</li> </ul>		
	• If there is no number engraved on the transducer head, press the right arrow key to scroll to the <i>STD</i> option, and use the up and down arrow keys to change to <i>SPEC</i> . Then use the arrow keys to enter an assigned number (from 91 to 99), and press [Enter]		
	<b>IMPORTANT:</b> Special transducers have no engraved number on the head and are rarely used. Examine the transducer head carefully for a number.		
	• If you entered the number for a standard transducer, proceed to the <i>Pipe OD</i> prompt in step 5.		
	• If you entered the number for a special transducer, proceed to step 3 below.		
Special Transducers	<b>Note:</b> For special transducers, GE Sensing will supply a transducer data sheet with programming information.		
	<b>3.</b> Scroll to the transducer <i>Frequency</i> (supplied by the factory) and press [Enter].		
	<b>Note:</b> <i>The frequency is required to transmit an excitation voltage at the transducer's natural frequency.</i>		
	<b>4.</b> Enter the special transducer <i>Tw</i> (time delay) value (supplied by the factory) and press [Enter].		
	Tw is the time required for the transducer signal to travel through the transducer and its cable. This time delay must be subtracted from the transit times of the upstream and downstream transducers to ensure an accurate measurement.		

#### Pipe Data

If either a standard or a special transducer is being used, the programming sequence should be rejoined at this point.

5. To select the appropriate *Pipe OD Unit* type from the list shown in Table 1-3 below, scroll to the right side of the screen, and use the up and down arrow keys to step through the list. Press [Enter]. Then use the arrow keys to enter the known pipe outside diameter or circumference on the left side and press [Enter].

Obtain the required information by measuring either the pipe outside diameter (OD) or circumference at the transducer installation site. The data may also be obtained from standard pipe size tables found in *Sound Speeds and Pipe Size Data* (914-004).

English	Metric
inch	mm = millimeters
feet	m = meters
in/PI = pipe circumference in inches	mm/PI = pipe circumference in millimeters
ft/PI= pipe circumference in feet	m/PI = pipe circumference in meters

Table 1-3: Available Pipe Size Units

- 6. Use the arrow keys to enter the known *Pipe Wall Thickness* (in inches or mm) and press [Enter]. If the pipe wall thickness is not available, look up the value in a table of standard pipe size data which can be found in the *Sound Speeds and Pipe Size Data* manual (914-004)
- **IMPORTANT:** Because the units cannot be independently chosen for this parameter, the value must be entered in the same units used for the pipe OD/Circumference.
- Path and Axial Lengths
- 7. To enter the *Path Length*:
  - **a.** Use the  $[\triangleright]$  arrow key to highlight the path length unit type at the right of the screen. Then use the  $[\triangle]$  and  $[\nabla]$  arrow keys to scroll to the desired unit type.
  - b. Use the [<] arrow key to return to the numeric entry on the left, and enter the path length of the ultrasonic signal. Press [Enter].</li>

Path and Axial Lengths (cont.)	<b>Note:</b> If a spoolpiece was ordered with the meter, the transducer signal path length (P) and the transducer signal axial length (L) are engraved on the flowcell and/or are included in the documentation supplied with the meter. For on-site transducer installations, refer to Appendix C, Measuring P and L Dimensions, in the Startup Guide.
	<b>8.</b> In the same manner, enter the appropriate <i>Axial Length L</i> unit type and axial length of the ultrasonic signal, and press [Enter].
	<b>9.</b> Scroll to the desired <i>Fluid Type</i> and press [Enter]. Then do one of the following:
	• If OTHER was selected - proceed to Step 10.
	• If AIR was selected - proceed to Step 11.
	<b>10.</b> Use the arrow keys to enter the <i>Fluid Soundspeed</i> (in feet per second) in the gas to be measured and press [Enter].
	<b>11.</b> Scroll to the appropriate choice to indicate whether you want <i>Reynolds Correction</i> , and press [Enter].
	• If <i>Off</i> is selected, go to Step 12.
	• If <i>On</i> is selected, the program asks for the <i>Kinematic Viscosity</i> . Use the arrow keys to enter the desired value, and press [Enter].
	<b>12.</b> Use the arrow keys to enter a value for the flow <i>Calibration Factor</i> and press [Enter]. The default value is 1.00, but values between 0.50 and 2.0 may be entered.
Procedure Options	After entering the <i>Calibration Factor</i> , the XGM868i returns to the Channel PROGRAM. Do one of the following:
	• To continue entering "quick startup" data, press [Escope] once and proceed to Step 1 in <i>Entering Global System Data</i> on page 1-21.
	• To continue regular programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired menu.

• To leave the *Keypad Program*, press the [Escope] key twice.

Entering Zero Cutoff and Setting Up Inputs	Enter the zero cutoff value and set up the temperature and pressure inputs via the I/O submenu. While programming these parameters, refer to Figure A-1 in Appendix A.	
	IMPORTANT:	If an option card in Slot 1 fails to appear in this menu, it may be turned Off. See the Global-I/O-Options section on page 1-25 for setup instructions.
Zero Cutoff Value	Near a zero flo due to small of force a zero dis <i>cutoff value</i> as	w rate, the Model XGM868i's readings may fluctuate fsets caused by thermal drift or similar factors. To splay reading when there is minimal flow, enter a <i>zero</i> described below.
	<b>1</b> . In the <i>Keyp</i>	ad Program, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].
	<b>2.</b> In the PROC	6 menu, scroll to CH1 or CH2 and press [Enter].
	3. In the Chan	nel PROGRAM menu, scroll to I/O and press [Enter].
	<b>4.</b> Enter a valu <i>Cutoff</i> and p (0.0009 m/s	the from 0 to 1 ft/sec (0 to 0.30 m/sec) for the Zero press [Enter]. The recommended setting is 0.0200 ft/sec sec).
Temperature Input	The XGM868i temperature inp	can use either a fixed temperature value or a live out to calculate the density for the mass flow rate display.
	<b>1.</b> Scroll to a <i>I Slot 1</i> that w	<i>Fixed</i> temperature value or to set up the option card in vill supply the live temperature input and press [Enter].
	Note: If Slot I input as as an op stable, o require card for tempero	contains an activated option card with an analog ssigned to Temperature or an RTD input, Slot 1 appears ption at the above prompt. If the process temperature is a fixed value may be used, but most applications a live temperature input. If there is no active option r temperature, the meter assumes you are using a fixed ature.
	<b>2.</b> Proceed to a	one of the following sections:
	• If you se	lected Fixed - proceed to Step 3.
	• If you se	lected Slot 1 - proceed to Step 4.
	<b>3.</b> Enter the kr [Enter]. The to 1,000°C)	nown <i>Fixed Temp</i> . (process temperature) and press e meter will accept values from -328 to 1,832°F (-200 ). Proceed to <i>Base Temperature</i> on the next page.
	4. Scroll to <i>Inp</i> labeled duri	<i>but A</i> or <i>Input B</i> and press [Enter]. The inputs were ing setup.
	Note: The set procedi	up of Input A is used as an example. Identical ures would be used to set up Input B.

Base Temperature	<b>1.</b> Use the arrow keys to enter the <i>Base Temperature</i> and press [Enter]. The ratio of this value to the actual temperature is used calculate the standard mass flow rate.	
	<b>2.</b> Do one of the following:	
	• If you selected Pressure as the Input Type, proceed to <i>Pressure Input</i> below.	
	• If you selected Temperature as the Input Type, proceed to <i>Base Pressure</i> below.	
Pressure Input	<ol> <li>Scroll to a <i>Fixed</i> pressure value or to set up the option card in <i>Slot 1</i> that will supply the live pressure input and press [Enter].</li> </ol>	
	<b>Note:</b> If Slot 1 contains an activated option card with an input assigned to Pressure, Slot 1 appears as an option at the above prompt. If the process pressure is stable, a fixed value may be used, but most applications require a live pressure input. If there is no active option card for pressure, the meter assumes you are using a fixed pressure.	
	<b>2.</b> Proceed to one of the following steps:	
	• If you selected Fixed - proceed to Step 3.	
	• If you selected Slot 1 - proceed to Step 4.	
	<b>3.</b> Enter the known <i>Fixed</i> process <i>Pressure</i> and press [Enter]. The meter will only accept values from 0 to 5,000 psia. Proceed to <i>Base Pressure</i> below.	
	<b>4.</b> Scroll to <i>Input A</i> or <i>Input B</i> and press [Enter]. The inputs were labeled during setup.	
	<b>Note:</b> The set up of Input A is used as an example. Identical procedures would be used to set up Input B.	
Base Pressure	<b>1.</b> Enter the <i>Base Pressure</i> and press [Enter]. The ratio of this value to the actual pressure is used to calculate the standard mass flow rate.	

Low Pressure Switch	<b>1.</b> Scroll to <i>Yes</i> or <i>No</i> to activate or deactivate the <i>Low Pressure Switch</i> software function and press [Enter].	
	<b>2.</b> Proceed to one of the following steps:	
	• If you selected Yes - proceed to Step 3.	
	• If you selected No - go to <i>Procedure Options</i> below.	
	<b>3.</b> Enter the <i>Pressure Limit</i> , the low pressure switch set point, and press [Enter]. The acceptable range is 0 to 5,000 psia. The meter will stop taking readings if the pressure drops below this value.	
Procedure Options	After completing the above steps, the XGM868i returns to the Channel PROGRAM window. Do one of the following:	
	• To continue programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired menu.	
	• To leave the Keypad Program, press [Escope] three times.	

Entering Setup Data	The signal limits, response times, mass flow and multiple K factors for the Model XGM868i are specified via the Setup submenu. The following four submenus are included in this section:
	• Signal - set the parameters related to the transducer signal (see below).
	• Default Setup - reset all parameters to default values (page 1-17).
	• V averaging - specify the response of the meter to step changes (page 1-17).
	• Advanced Features - enable mass flow and enter K factors (page 1-18).
	While following the programming instructions, refer to Figure A-2 in Appendix A. Record all programmed data in Appendix B, <i>Data Records</i> .
Setting Transducer Signal Parameters	Use this option to set the limits for the incoming signal and other parameters affecting the transducer signal. For example, the programmed signal strength low limit may be used to determine the trigger point for an alarm.
	<b>Caution!</b> The Signal default settings are suitable for most applications. Consult the factory before changing any of these parameters.
	Only after consulting the factory, complete the following steps to program the signal parameters:
	<ul><li>Only after consulting the factory, complete the following steps to program the signal parameters:</li><li><b>1.</b> In the <i>Keypad Program</i>, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Only after consulting the factory, complete the following steps to program the signal parameters:</li><li>1. In the <i>Keypad Program</i>, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].</li><li>2. In the PROG menu, scroll to CH1 or CH2 and press [Enter].</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Only after consulting the factory, complete the following steps to program the signal parameters:</li> <li>1. In the <i>Keypad Program</i>, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].</li> <li>2. In the PROG menu, scroll to CH1 or CH2 and press [Enter].</li> <li>3. In the Channel PROGRAM menu, scroll to Setup and press [Enter].</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Only after consulting the factory, complete the following steps to program the signal parameters:</li> <li>1. In the <i>Keypad Program</i>, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].</li> <li>2. In the PROG menu, scroll to CH1 or CH2 and press [Enter].</li> <li>3. In the Channel PROGRAM menu, scroll to Setup and press [Enter].</li> <li>4. Scroll to SIGNL and press [Enter].</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Only after consulting the factory, complete the following steps to program the signal parameters:</li> <li>1. In the <i>Keypad Program</i>, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].</li> <li>2. In the PROG menu, scroll to CH1 or CH2 and press [Enter].</li> <li>3. In the Channel PROGRAM menu, scroll to Setup and press [Enter].</li> <li>4. Scroll to SIGNL and press [Enter].</li> <li>5. Use Table 1-4 on the next page to choose the desired values. Use the arrow keys to enter a value (or scroll to a value for a parameter with menu options) and press [Enter].</li> </ul>
Procedure Options	<ul> <li>Only after consulting the factory, complete the following steps to program the signal parameters:</li> <li>1. In the <i>Keypad Program</i>, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].</li> <li>2. In the PROG menu, scroll to CH1 or CH2 and press [Enter].</li> <li>3. In the Channel PROGRAM menu, scroll to Setup and press [Enter].</li> <li>4. Scroll to SIGNL and press [Enter].</li> <li>5. Use Table 1-4 on the next page to choose the desired values. Use the arrow keys to enter a value (or scroll to a value for a parameter with menu options) and press [Enter].</li> <li>After completing the above steps, the XGM868i returns to the Channel SET UP window. Do one of the following:</li> </ul>
Procedure Options	<ul> <li>Only after consulting the factory, complete the following steps to program the signal parameters:</li> <li>1. In the <i>Keypad Program</i>, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].</li> <li>2. In the PROG menu, scroll to CH1 or CH2 and press [Enter].</li> <li>3. In the Channel PROGRAM menu, scroll to Setup and press [Enter].</li> <li>4. Scroll to SIGNL and press [Enter].</li> <li>5. Use Table 1-4 on the next page to choose the desired values. Use the arrow keys to enter a value (or scroll to a value for a parameter with menu options) and press [Enter].</li> <li>After completing the above steps, the XGM868i returns to the Channel SET UP window. Do one of the following:</li> <li>To continue programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i>, to navigate to the desired menu.</li> </ul>

#### Setting Transducer Signal Parameters (cont.)

Transducer Signal Parameters	Range	Default Value	Description
Signal Low Limit	-20 to 100	20	The E1:LOW SIGNAL error message appears when the signal strength falls below the programmed SIGNAL LOW LIMIT value. See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes.
Correlation Peak Limit	0 to 500	100	The E4: SIGNAL QUALITY error message appears when the signal quality falls below the programmed COR. PEAK LIMIT value. See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes
Soundspeed+- Limit	1 to 50%	20%	The E2:SOUNDSPEED error message appears when the calculated fluid sound speed differs from the fluid sound speed entered in the Channelx-System menu by more than the programmed SOUNDSPEED +- LIMIT value. See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes.
Velocity Low Limit	-500 to 500 ft/sec (-150 to 150 m/sec)	-150 ft/sec (-46 m/sec)	The E3: VELOCITY RANGE error messages appears when the calculated fluid velocity is less than the programmed VELOCITY LOW LIMIT value.See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes.
Velocity High Limit	-500 to 500 ft/sec (-150 to 150 m/sec)	150 ft/sec (46 m/sec)	The E3: VELOCITY RANGE error messages appears when the calculated fluid velocity exceeds the programmed VELOCITY HIGH LIMIT value. See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes.
Acceleration Limit	0 to 250 ft/s (0 to 76 m/s)	15 ft/s (5 m/s)	The E6: CYCLE SKIP error message appears when the calculated fluid velocity changes by more than the programmed ACCELERATION LIMIT value from one reading to the next. See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes.
Amplitude Discriminator Low	0 to 100	14	The amplitude discriminator measures the transducer signal received by the Model XGM868i. The default value for the above parameter is 14, and values from 0 to 100 are acceptable. The E5: AMPLITUDE error message appears when the amplitude discriminator falls below the programmed AMP. DISCRIM LOW value. See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes.
Amplitude Discriminator High	0 to 100	34	The amplitude discriminator measures the transducer signal received by the Model XGM868i. The default value for the above parameter is 34, and values from 0 to 100 are acceptable. The E5: AMPLITUDE error message appears when the amplitude discriminator exceeds the programmed AMP. DISCRIM HIGH value. See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes.

#### Table 1-4: Transducer Signal Settings

1			
Transducer Signal Parameters	Range	Default Value	Description
Delta T Offset	-1000 to 1000 µsec	0 µsec	An offset between the upstream and downstream transit times is specified at this prompt.
Skan T Offset	–500 to 500 µsec	58 µsec	At this prompt, specify a time measurement offset that compensates for any shift resulting from cross- correlation. Set to 0 for active Skan T Offset.
% of Peak	1 to 100%	50%	The percentage of peak used to calculate the transit times and Delta T is specified at this prompt.
M>S Switch	0 to 250 µsec	50 µsec	If the burst mode is set to Skan/Measure (S/M), the meter switches from Skan to Measure Mode when Delta T is less than the M>S_Switch value. <b>DO NOT</b> change this value unless advised to do so by the factory.
# Shifts	0 to 10	3	The number of shifts corresponds to the actual number of transmits per cycle (number of signals added together in one direction to produce an averaged signal for one interrogation of the fluid) and need only be changed if the environment is very noisy or the acoustic signal is weak.
A Divisor	0.1 to 10	2.5	A Divisor is used to calculate the Measure Mode integrated threshold level and is not normally changed.
# Transmit Pulses	1 to 16	4	# Transmit Pulses specifies the number of pulses in a burst. For difficult conditions (i.e. long paths, high velocity or high temperature), settings as high as 16 may be necessary.
T Window (cycles)	0 to 1000	0	The XGM868i calculates the size of the transmit window based on pipe size and fluid sound speed. However, for diagnostic purposes, the window size may be reset.
R Window (cycles)	10 to 128	10	The XGM868i calculates the size of the receive window based on pipe size and fluid soundspeed. However, for diagnostic purposes, the window size may be reset.

Table 1-4: Transducer Signal Settings (cont.)

Initializing Setup Parameters - Default Setup	Use this option to initialize (reset) all of the parameters within the Setup menu to their default values. Complete the following steps to reset all of the parameters:		
	<b>1.</b> In the <i>Keypad Program</i> , scroll to PROG and press [Enter].		
	<b>2.</b> In the PROG menu, scroll to CH1 or CH2 and press [Enter].		
	3. In the Channel PROGRAM menu, scroll to Setup and press [Enter].		
	4. Scroll to INIT. Press [Enter].		
	<b>5.</b> Scroll to Yes to initialize default parameters or No to abort this command. Press [Enter].		
Procedure Options	After completing the above steps, the XGM868i returns to the Channel Set up window. Do one of the following:		
	• To continue programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired menu.		
	• To leave the <i>Keypad Program</i> , press [Escope] four times.		
Setting Response Time - V Averaging	Use this option to specify the number of readings that occur before the meter will respond to a step change in flow rate. In general, the smaller the number of readings, the less steady the display will appear. Complete the following steps to set the response time:		
	<b>IMPORTANT:</b> Do not change this number unless instructed to do so by GE Sensing personnel.		
	<b>1.</b> In the <i>Keypad Program</i> , scroll to PROG and press [Enter].		
	<b>2.</b> In the PROG menu, scroll to CH1 or CH2 and press [Enter].		
	3. In the Channel PROGRAM menu, scroll to Setup and press [Enter].		
	4. Scroll to AVRG and press [Enter].		
	<b>5.</b> Scroll to the <i>Response Time</i> (in number of readings) from the pull- down menu and press [Enter]. For best results, select a value of 30 to ensure the most stable signal.		
Procedure Options	After completing the above steps, the XGM868i returns to the Channel SET UP window. Do one of the following:		
	• To continue programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired menu.		
	• To leave the Keypad Program, press [Escope] four times.		

Using Advanced Features	This option enables you to access the more advanced features of the meter. In this option you can do the following:		
	• <i>enter a table of K factors</i> - to compensate for non-linear flow rates (see below).		
	• <i>enable mass flow</i> - calculated for static fluid density (see the next page).		
Entering K Factors	Use this option to enter a table of K factors. K factors are used to create a curve for the flow range (based on velocity) that compensates for non-linear flow rates. The meter accepts from 2 to 20 data pairs. Complete the following steps to enter multiple K factors for velocity values:		
	<b>Note:</b> <i>The K factors are supplied by the factory; without them the K factor table cannot be edited.</i>		
	1. In the Keypad Program, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].		
	<b>2.</b> In the PROG menu, scroll to CH1 or CH2 and press [Enter].		
	<b>3.</b> In the Channel PROGRAM menu, scroll to Setup and press [Enter].		
	4. Scroll to ADVAN. Press [Enter].		
	5. Scroll to MULTK, and press [Enter].		
	<b>6.</b> Scroll to <i>Yes</i> to activate, or to <i>No</i> to deactivate multiple K factors, and press [Enter].		
	<b>Note:</b> If you selected No, go to Procedure Options on the following page.		
	<b>7.</b> Scroll to the <i>Custom Type</i> of K factor desired: CstV (velocity) or CstR (Reynolds). Press [Enter].		
	<b>8.</b> Scroll to <i>Yes</i> to <i>Edit Table</i> , or to <i>No</i> to retain the current values, and press [Enter].		
	<b>Note:</b> If you scroll to No, go to Procedure Options on the next page.		
Editing K Factors	<b>1.</b> Use the arrow keys to enter the number of K factors (2 to 20) in the table and press [Enter].		
	<b>2.</b> Enter the velocity (or Reynolds) value for K factor number "X" and press [Enter].		
	<b>Note:</b> When editing the K factor table, the velocities must be entered in increasing order.		
	<b>3.</b> Enter the K factor corresponding to velocity number "X" (0.333 to 3.0) and press [Enter].		

4. Repeat Steps 2 and 3 for each pair of values.

Procedure Options	After completing the steps on the previous page, the XGM868i returns to the Advanced Features window. Do one of the following:		
	• To continue programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired menu.		
	• To leave the <i>Keypad Program</i> , press [Escope] five times.		
Activating Mass Flow	Use this option to calculate mass flow from a static fluid density. Complete the following steps to enter the static density of the fluid:		
	IMPORTANT: The Model XGM868i calculates the actual density from the live or fixed temperature and pressure inputs, as programmed in the I/O menu. However, setting the Mass flow calculation prompt to Yes overrides this value and uses the density entered at the following prompt to calculate mass flow.		
	1. In the Keypad Program, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].		
	<b>2.</b> In the PROG menu, scroll to CH1 or CH2 and press [Enter].		
	3. In the Channel PROGRAM menu, scroll to Setup and press [Enter].		
	4. Scroll to ADVAN. Press [Enter].		
	5. Scroll to MASS, and press [Enter].		
	<b>6.</b> Scroll to <i>Yes</i> to activate, or to <i>No</i> to deactivate <i>Static Density</i> , and press [Enter].		
	Note: If you scroll to No, go to Procedure Options below.		
	<b>7.</b> Scroll to the <i>Density Type</i> (fluid density (Rho) or molecular weight (Mw)) and press [Enter].		
	8. Do one of the following:		
	• If you selected Rho - proceed to Step 9.		
	• If you selected Mw - proceed to Step 11.		
	<b>9.</b> Scroll to the type of volumetric units (standard - StVOL or actual-AcVOL) for the measurement data display and press [Enter].		
	<b>10.</b> Enter the <i>Fluid Density</i> (0.00001 to 0.100 lb/ft <sup>3</sup> or 0.00001 to 123.18 kg/m <sup>3</sup> ) and press [Enter]. Go to <i>Procedure Options</i> below.		
	<b>11.</b> Enter the <i>Molecular Weight</i> and press [Enter].		
Procedure Options	After completing the steps on the previous page, the XGM868i returns to the Advanced Features window. Do one of the following:		
	• To continue programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired menu.		
	• To leave the Keypad Program, press [Escope] five times.		

- **Entering Global Data** The Global menu is used to enter information that is not specific to either of the individual channels. Information programmed via this menu is used to compute parameters such as the sum, difference or average of the channel 1 and channel 2 signals (for a 2-Channel meter). In addition, several general system parameters may be entered in the Global menu.
  - **IMPORTANT:** When calculating the sum, difference or average readouts, data from the Global-System submenu is used. Any conflicting data entered in the Channelx-System submenu is overridden.

The following submenus are included in the Global menu:

- SYSTM use to specify the units of measure used in calculations (see the next page).
- I/O used to set up error handling and to configure analog inputs and outputs (see page 1-23).
- COMM- used to set up the serial communications port (see page 1-37).

Based on the selection made above, proceed to the appropriate section of this chapter for instructions. While following the programming instructions, refer to Figure A-3 in Appendix A. Remember to record all programmed data in Appendix B, *Data Records*.

Entering Global System Data	This menu enables you to select the system units that the XGM868i will use when channel data is added, subtracted or averaged together.	
	<b>1.</b> In the <i>Keypad Program</i> , scroll to PROG and press [Enter].	
	2. In the PROG menu, scroll to GLOBL and press [Enter].	
	<b>3.</b> In the Global PROGRAM menu, scroll to SYSTM and press [Enter].	
	<b>4.</b> At the <i>System Units</i> prompt, scroll to <i>Eng</i> to display measurements in English units or to <i>Metrc</i> for metric units and press [Enter].	
	<b>5.</b> Scroll to the desired <i>Pressure Units</i> (absolute or gauge) and press [Enter].	
	<b>6.</b> Do one of the following:	
	• If absolute was selected, proceed immediately to Step 7.	
	• If gauge was selected, enter the desired <i>Atmospheric Pressure</i> , press [Enter] and proceed to the next step.	
	7. Do one of the following:	
	• 1-Channel meter, go to <i>Procedure Options</i> on page 1-23.	
	• 2-Channel meter, proceed to <i>Selecting Volumetric Units</i> below.	
Selecting Volumetric Units	<b>1.</b> Scroll to the desired <i>Volumetric Units</i> for the flow rate display and press [Enter]. Available units are listed in Table 1-5 below.	
	Table 1-5: Available Volumetric/Totalizer Units	

English	Metric		
ACF = Actual Cubic Feet	ACM = Actual Cubic Meters		
KACF = Thousands of ACF	KACM = Thousands of ACM		
MMACF = Millions of ACF	MMACM = Millions of ACM		
SCF = Standard Cubic Feet	SCM = Standard Cubic Meters		
KSCF = Thousands of SCF	KSCM = Thousands of SCM		
MMSCF = Millions of SCF	MMSCM = Millions of SCM		

- **2.** Scroll to the desired *Time* units for the flow rate display and press [Enter].
- **3.** Scroll to the desired number of *Vol Decimal Digits* (digits to the right of the decimal point in the volumetric flow rate display) and press [Enter].

Selecting Totalizer Units	Scroll to the desired <i>Totalizer Units</i> for the totalized flow rate display and press [Enter]. Available units are listed in Table 1-5 on the previous page.		
	<b>2.</b> Scroll to the desired number of <i>Tot Decimal Digits</i> (digits to the right of the decimal point in the totalized flow rate display) and press [Enter].		
	<b>3.</b> Do one of the following:		
	• If MASS FLOW is ON, proceed to <i>Selecting the Mass Flow Units</i> below.		
	• If MASS FLOW is OFF, the meter returns to the Channel PROGRAM window. Go to <i>Procedure Options</i> on the following page.		
	<b>Note:</b> To activate mass flow, refer to page 1-19. The following prompts will only appear if mass flow is activated for both channels.		
Selecting Mass Flow Units	<b>1.</b> Scroll to the desired <i>Mass Flow</i> units for the flow rate display and press [Enter]. The available units for this prompt are determined by the selection made at System Units (see Table 1-6 below).		

English	Metric
LB = Pounds	KG = Kilograms
KLB = Thousands of LB	Tonne = Metric Tons (1,000 KG)
MMLB = Millions of LB	
Tons (2,000 LB)	

Table 1-6: Available Mass Flow Units

- **2.** Scroll to the desired *Mass Flow Time* units for the mass flow rate display and press [Enter].
- **3.** Scroll to the desired number of *Mdot Decimal Digits* (digits to the right of the decimal point in the mass flow rate display) and press [Enter].
- **4.** Scroll to the desired *Mass (Totalizer)* units for the totalized mass flow rate display and press [Enter]. The available units for this prompt are determined by the selection made at the *System Units* prompt.
- **5.** Scroll to the desired number of *Mass Decimal Digits* (digits to the right of the decimal point in the totalized mass flow rate display) and press [Enter].

Procedure Options	After completing the steps on the previous page, the XGM868i returns to the Global PROGRAM window. Do one of the following:		
	• To continue programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired menu.		
	• To leave the <i>Keypad Program</i> , press [Escope] twice.		
Setting Up Inputs and Outputs	Set up the XGM868i's inputs and outputs via the I/O submenu. While following the programming instructions, refer to Figure A-3 and Figure A-4 in Appendix A. The following three submenus are included in this section:		
	• ERROR - program the meter's response during an error condition (see below)		
	• OPTN - set up any option cards and the Slot 0 analog outputs (page 1-25)		
	• LCD - set up the LCD display. Refer to Chapter 2, <i>Displaying Data</i> .		
	<b>Note:</b> In this section, Slot 1 appears as an option only if a suitable option card is installed in Slot 1.		
	Proceed to the appropriate section to program the option selection made at the above prompt. Remember to record all programmed data in Appendix B, <i>Data Records</i> .		
Selecting Error Handling	This menu option permits programming of the manner in which the Model XGM868i's outputs respond during an error condition. See Chapter 2, <i>Error Codes</i> , in the <i>Service Manual</i> for a discussion of the built-in error codes. To access this submenu:		
	<b>Note:</b> <i>The 2-Channel meters have an additional option for error handling.</i>		
	1. In the Keypad Program, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].		
	2. In the PROG menu, scroll to GLOBL and press [Enter].		
	3. In the Global PROGRAM menu, scroll to I/O and press [Enter].		
	4. Scroll to ERROR and press [Enter].		
	<b>5.</b> Scroll to the desired option for error handling and press [Enter]. If you select Error Level in mA, proceed to Step 6 on the next page. (See Table 1-7 on the next page for a description of error handling options available and how the totalizers and analog outputs respond to them.)		

Selecting Error Handling (cont.)

**Note:** The error responses listed in Table 1-7 below apply only to the Channelx measurement mode and to the Sum/Difference measurement modes, if either or both channels are in error. Error handling in the Average measurement mode is set in Step 7 below.

Option	Output Response	Totalizer Response	
HOLD	Holds the last "good" reading.	Continues to totalize, based on the last "good" flow reading.	
LOW	Forces outputs to the low set point.	Stops totalizing.	
HIGH	Forces outputs to the high set point.	Stops totalizing.	
HHIGH	Forces outputs ≈10% above the high set point.	Stops totalizing.	
OTHER	Forces outputs to the entered mA level.	Stops totalizing during critical errors.	

Table 1-7: Error Response Options

- **6.** Use the arrow keys to enter a specific current that will signify meter errors and press [Enter]. Then, do one of the following:
  - For a 1-Channel meter, go to *Procedure Options* on the next page.
  - For a 2-Channel meter proceed to Step 7 below.
- 7. Scroll to *Yes* or *No* to enable or disable 2-path error handling. Specific responses of the display and the totalizer are listed in Table 1-8 below. The 2-path error handling option is intended for applications where two sets of transducers are installed in the same location in the same pipe to improve accuracy and the meter is operated in AVE mode. With this function enabled, the Model XGM868i performs error handling only if <u>both</u> channels are in error. If this function is disabled, error handling occurs when <u>either</u> channel goes into error.

Option	Display Response	Totalizer Response	
No	Displays the average of Channel 1 and Channel 2, regardless of the error state of either channel.	Outputs the average of Channel 1 and Channel 2 totals, regardless of the error state of either channel.	
Yes	<ol> <li>If one channel is in error, the other channel's value is displayed as the average.</li> <li>If both channels are in error, the last average reading is held.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>If one channel is in error, totalizing continues.</li> <li>If both channels are in error, totalizing stops.</li> </ol>	

Table 1-8: 2-Path Error Response Options

Procedure Options	After completing the above steps, the XGM868i returns to the Global /O window. Do one of the following:	
	• To continue programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired menu.	
	• To leave the <i>Keypad Program</i> , press [Escope] four times.	
Setting Up Slot 0 and Slot 1 Input/Outputs	The Model XGM868i has two built-in analog outputs, which are assigned to Slot 0. Also, a variety of input/output option cards may be installed in Slot 1. See Chapter 1, <i>Installation</i> , of the <i>Startup Guide</i> for a complete description of the available option cards.	
	To set up option cards, refer to one of the following sections:	
	• Analog Outputs - refer to section below.	
	• Analog Inputs - see page 1-29	
	• RTD Inputs - see page 1-30	
	• Alarm Relays - see page 1-31	
	• Totalizer Outputs - see page 1-33	
	• Frequency Outputs - see page 1-35	
Analog Outputs	While following the programming instructions, refer to Figure A-4 in Appendix A.	
	Accessing the Output	
	<b>1.</b> In the <i>Keypad Program</i> , scroll to PROG and press [Enter].	
	<b>2.</b> In the PROG menu, scroll to GLOBL and press [Enter].	
	<b>3.</b> In the Global PROGRAM menu, scroll to I/O and press [Enter].	
	4. Scroll to OPTN and press [Enter].	
	<b>5.</b> Scroll to Slot 0 or Slot 1, depending on which output you want to set up.	
	<b>6.</b> Scroll to the desired <i>Output</i> and press [Enter].	
	<b>Note:</b> <i>Output letters (A, B, etc.) correspond to the output wiring terminal numbers from top to bottom. For example, Output A corresponds to pins 1,2 and 3; Output B corresponds to pins 4, 5 and 6; etc.</i>	

Setting Up the Output Scale

- 1. Scroll to the desired output scale and press [Enter].
- **2.** Do one of the following:
  - If you selected *Off*, the XGM868i returns to the I/O window. Go to *Procedure Options* on page 1-28.
  - If you selected 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA, and are using a
    - 1-Channel meter, proceed to Step 4 below.
    - 2-Channel meter, proceed to the next step.
- **3.** Scroll to the desired *Channel* option (CH1, CH2, SUM, DIF or AVE) and press [Enter].
- **4.** Scroll to the desired *Measurement Parameter* and press [Enter]. See Table 1-9 below for a description of the available options.
- **5.** At Zero, enter a value for the low end of the analog output range and press [Enter].
- **6.** At Full, enter a value for the high end of the analog output range and press [Enter].

Option Bar	Description	Good	Bad
VEL	Displays the flow velocity.	N.A.	N.A.
VOLUM	Displays the volumetric flow.	N.A.	N.A.
+TOTL	Displays the forward totalized volume flow.	N.A.	N.A.
-TOTL	Displays the reverse totalized volume flow.	N.A.	N.A.
TIMER	Displays the total flow measurement time.	N.A.	N.A.
MDOT	Displays the mass flow.	N.A.	N.A.
+MASS	Displays the forward totalized mass flow.	N.A.	N.A.
-MASS	Displays the reverse totalized mass flow.	N.A.	N.A.
SS up	Displays the signal strength for the upstream transducer.	50-75	<50 or >75
SS do	Displays the signal strength for the downstream transducer.	50-75	<50 or >75
SNDSP	Displays the measured speed of sound in the gas.	N.A.	N.A.
Тир	Displays the upstream ultrasonic signal transit time.	N.A.	N.A.

#### **Table 1-9: Available Measurement Parameters**

Option Bar	Description	Good	Bad
Tdown	Displays the downstream ultrasonic signal tran- sit time.	N.A.	N.A.
DELTA	Displays the transit time difference between the upstream and downstream signals.	N.A.	N.A.
Tot K	K factor, based on the Reynolds number.	N.A.	N.A.
PEAK%	Displays the percentage of peak (set to +50 by default).	N.A.	N.A.
Qup	Displays the signal quality for the upstream transducer.	Š 1200	-400 to +400
Qdown	Displays the signal quality for the downstream transducer.	Š 1200	-400 to +400
AMPup	Displays the value for the signal amplitude of the upstream transducer.	24 ± 5	<19 or >29
AMPdn	Displays the value for the signal amplitude of the downstream transducer.	24 ± 5	<19 or >29
CNTup	Displays the AGC DAC count for the upstream gain setting.	N.A.	N.A.
CNTdn	Displays the AGC DAC count for the downstream gain setting.	N.A.	N.A.
P#up	Displays signal peaks for the upstream trans- ducer.	100-2300	<100 or >2300
P#dn	Displays signal peaks for the downstream trans- ducer.	100-2300	<100 or >2300
TEMP	Displays the gas temperature (from 0/4-20 mA input).	N.A.	N.A.
PRESR	Displays the gas pressure (from 0/4-20 mA input).	N.A.	N.A.
AcVOL	Displays actual volumetric flow.	N.A.	N.A.
StVOL	Displays standard volumetric flow.	N.A.	N.A.
Tu S <sup>1</sup>	Displays Skan transit time upstream.	N.A.	N.A.
Td S <sup>1</sup>	Displays Skan transit time downstream.	N.A.	N.A.
DT S <sup>1</sup>	Displays Skan Delta T.	N.A.	N.A.
Tu M <sup>1</sup>	Displays Measure transit time upstream.	N.A.	N.A.
Td M <sup>1</sup>	Displays Measure transit time downstream.	N.A.	N.A.
DT M <sup>1</sup>	Displays Measure Delta T.	N.A.	N.A.
Vinst	Displays the instantaneous velocity.	N.A.	N.A.
<sup>1</sup> available only if Burst Mode = S/M			

**Note:** *The measurement units that appear in these prompts are those selected in the* Global-System *window earlier in this section.* 

Procedure Options After completing the above steps, the XGM868i returns to the I/O window. Do one of the following:

- To continue programming, refer to Appendix A, *Menu Maps*, to navigate to the desired menu.
- To leave the *Keypad Program*, press [Escope] three times.
| Analog Inputs     | Refer to Figure A-4 in Appendix A, and complete the following steps to set up the analog inputs of an option card installed in Slot 1:   |
|-------------------|--|
|                   | Accessing the Input  |
|                   | 1. In the Keypad Program, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].  |
|                   | 2. In the PROG menu, scroll to GLOBL and press [Enter].  |
|                   | 3. In the Global PROGRAM menu, scroll to I/O and press [Enter].  |
|                   | 4. Scroll to OPTN and press [Enter].   |
|                   | 5. Scroll to Slot 1 and press [Enter].   |
|                   | 6. Scroll to the desired <i>Input</i> and press [Enter].   |
|                   | <b>Note:</b> Input letters (A, B, etc.) correspond to input wiring terminal numbers from top to bottom (e.g. Input A corresponds to pins 1,2 and 3; Input B corresponds to pins 4, 5 and 6; etc.). |
|                   | Setting Up the Input   |
|                   | <b>1.</b> Enter a <i>Label</i> of up to eight characters for input and press [Enter].  |
|                   | <b>2.</b> Scroll to the desired input <i>Measurement</i> and press [Enter]. Do one of the following:   |
|                   | • If Off was selected, go to <i>Procedure Options</i> below.   |
|                   | • If Pressure or Temperature was selected, proceed to Step 5.  |
|                   | • If Special was selected to set up the input as a live special input, proceed to the next step.   |
|                   | <b>3.</b> Use the arrow keys to enter a <i>Name</i> for the input and press [Enter].   |
|                   | <b>4.</b> Use the arrow keys to enter a <i>Unit</i> of measurement for the input and press [Enter].  |
|                   | <b>5.</b> Use the arrow keys to enter a value (a temperature value for special inputs) for the low end of the analog input range and press [Enter].  |
|                   | <b>6.</b> Use the arrow keys to enter a value (a temperature value for special inputs) for the high end of the analog input range and press [Enter].   |
| Procedure Options | After completing the above steps, the XGM868i returns to the I/O window. Do one of the following:  |
|                   | • To continue programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired menu.  |
|                   | • To leave the <i>Keypad Program</i> , press [Escope] three times.   |

RTD Inputs	Option cards with RTD inputs have a temperature range of $-148$ to $662^{\circ}F$ ( $-100$ to $350^{\circ}C$ ). While following the programming instructions, refer to Figure A-4 in Appendix A, and complete the following steps to set up the RTD inputs of an option card installed in Slot 1.				
	Accessing the Input				
	<ol> <li>In the <i>Keypad Program</i>, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].</li> <li>In the PROG menu, scroll to GLOBL and press [Enter].</li> <li>In the Global PROGRAM menu, scroll to I/O and press [Enter].</li> <li>Scroll to OPTN and press [Enter].</li> <li>Scroll to Slot 1 and press [Enter].</li> <li>Scroll to the desired <i>Input</i> and press [Enter].</li> <li>Note: <i>Input letters (A, B, etc.) correspond to input wiring terminal numbers from top to bottom (e.g. Input A corresponds to pins</i></li> </ol>				
	<i>1,2 and 3; Input B corresponds to pins 4, 5 and 6; etc.).</i>				
	<b>1.</b> Enter a <i>Label</i> for the RTD input and press [Enter].				
	<b>2.</b> Scroll to the desired input type and press [Enter]. Do one of the following:				
	• If Off was selected, go to <i>Procedure Options</i> below.				
	• If Temperature was selected, proceed to the next step.				
	<b>3.</b> Enter a temperature value for the <i>Low</i> end of the analog input range and press [Enter].				
	<b>4.</b> Enter a temperature value for the <i>High</i> end of the analog input range and press [Enter].				
Procedure Options	After completing the above steps, the XGM868i returns to the I/O window. Do one of the following:				
	• To continue programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired menu.				
	• To leave the <i>Keypad Program</i> , press [Escope] four times.				

## Alarm Relays Refer to Figure A-4 in Appendix A, and complete the following steps to set up the alarm relays of an option card installed in Slot 1: Accessing the Alarm Relay 1. In the Keypad Program, scroll to PROG and press [Enter]. 2. In the PROG menu, scroll to GLOBL and press [Enter]. **3.** In the Global PROGRAM menu, scroll to I/O and press [Enter]. 4. Scroll to OPTN and press [Enter]. 5. Scroll to Slot 1 and press [Enter]. 6. Scroll to the desired *Output* and press [Enter]. **Note:** Output letters (A, B, etc.) correspond to the output wiring terminal numbers from top to bottom (e.g. Output A corresponds to pins 1,2 and 3; Output B corresponds to pins 4, 5 and 6; etc.). Selecting the Alarm Type **1.** Scroll to the desired *Alarm* type and press [Enter]. **2.** Do one of the following: • If you selected *Off*, the XGM868i returns to the I/O window. Go to Procedure Options on the next page. • If you selected *High*, *Low* or *Fault*, proceed to the next step. 3. Scroll to the appropriate mode (*Standard* or *Failsafe*), and press [Enter]. (See Chapter 1, Installation, of the Startup Guide for wiring instructions.) **4.** Do one of the following: • If you are using a 1-Channel meter and selected • *high or low - proceed to Step 7 on the next page.* • *fault - proceed to Step 9 on the next page.* • If you are using a 2-Channel meter, proceed to the next step. 5. Scroll to the desired *Channel* option and press [Enter].

Alarm Relays (cont.)	Selecting the Alarm Type (cont.)	
	<b>6.</b> Do one of the following:	
	• high or low - proceed to Step 7 below.	
	• fault - proceed to Step 9 below.	
	<b>7.</b> Scroll to the desired measurement parameter and press [Enter]. (See Table 1-9 on page 1-26 for a description of the available options.)	
	<b>Note:</b> <i>The measurement units that appear in these prompts are those selected in the</i> Global-System <i>window earlier in this section.</i>	
	<b>8.</b> Enter a value for the <i>Trigger Point</i> of the alarm and press [Enter]. Go to <i>Procedure Options</i> below.	
	<b>9.</b> Scroll to the type of <i>Error</i> (flow, non-flow or both) that will trigger the fault alarm and press [Enter].	
Procedure Options	After completing the previous steps, the XGM868i returns to the I/O window. Do one of the following:	
	• To continue programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired menu.	
	• To leave the Keypad Program, press [Escope] three times.	

Totalizer OutputsThe totalizer output issues one pulse per selected volume of flow. The<br/>meter produces a pulse each time the programmed amount of flow<br/>passes through the pipe. Refer to Figure A-4 in Appendix A, and<br/>complete the following steps to set up the totalizer outputs of an<br/>option card installed in Slot 1:

Accessing the Totalizer Output

- 1. In the Keypad Program, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].
- 2. In the PROG menu, scroll to GLOBL and press [Enter].
- 3. In the Global PROGRAM menu, scroll to I/O and press [Enter].
- 4. Scroll to OPTN and press [Enter].
- 5. Scroll to Slot 1 and press [Enter].
- 6. Scroll to the desired *Output* and press [Enter].
- **7.** Do one of the following:
  - If you selected *Off*, the XGM868i returns to the I/O window. Go to *Procedure Options on* the following page.
  - If you selected *TTLZR*, and are using a
    - 1-Channel meter, proceed to Step 2 on the next page.
    - 2-Channel meter, proceed to Step 1 on the next page.
- **Note:** Output letters (A, B, etc.) correspond to the output wiring terminal numbers from top to bottom (e.g. Output A corresponds to pins 1,2 and 3; Output B corresponds to pins 4, 5 and 6; etc.).

Totalizer Outputs (cont.)

	<ol> <li>Scroll to the desired <i>Channel</i> option and press [Enter].</li> <li>Scroll to the desired <i>Measurement</i> parameter and press [Enter].</li> </ol>
	Table 1-10 below for a list of the available options.         Table 1-10: Output Measurement Options
	Forward Totalized Volume Flow
	Reverse Totalized Volume Flow
	Forward Totalized Mass Flow
	Reverse Totalized Mass Flow
	<b>Note:</b> The measurement units that appear in these prompts are those selected in the Global-System window earlier in this section.
	<b>3.</b> Use the arrow keys to enter a value for the minimum <i>Pulse On</i> time (between 1 $\mu$ sec and 10,000 $\mu$ sec) for the frequency of the totalizer pulses and press [Enter].
	<b>Note:</b> A complete pulse consists of equal amounts of ON and OFF times. Choose a value that is compatible with the frequency counter to be used.
	<b>4.</b> Use the arrow keys to enter a value for the number of measurement units represented by each pulse and press [Enter].
Procedure Options	After completing the above steps, the XGM868i returns to the I/O window. Do one of the following:
	• To continue programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired menu.
	• To leave the <i>Keypad Program</i> , press [Escape] three times.

Setting Up the Totalizer

Frequency OutputsThe frequency output issues a continuous signal with a frequency<br/>proportional to the selected measurement. Refer to Figure A-4 in<br/>Appendix A, and complete the following steps to set up the totalizer<br/>outputs of an option card installed in SLOT 1:

Accessing the Frequency Output

- 1. In the Keypad Program, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].
- 2. In the PROG menu, scroll to GLOBL and press [Enter].
- 3. In the Global PROGRAM menu, scroll to I/O and press [Enter].
- 4. Scroll to OPTN and press [Enter].
- 5. Scroll to Slot 1 and press [Enter].
- 6. Scroll to the desired *Output* and press [Enter].
- 7. Do one of the following:
  - If you selected *Off*, the XGM868i returns to the Input/Output window. Go to *Procedure Options on* the following page.
  - If you selected *Frequency*, and are using a
    - 1-Channel meter, proceed to Step 2 on the next page.
    - 2-Channel meter, proceed to Step 1 on the next page.
- Note: Output letters (A, B, etc.) correspond to the output wiring terminal numbers from top to bottom (e.g. Output A corresponds to pins 1,2 and 3; Output B corresponds to pins 4, 5 and 6; etc.).

Frequency Outputs (cont.)	Setting Up the Frequency		
	<b>1.</b> Scroll to the desired <i>Channel</i> option and press [Enter].		
	<b>2.</b> Scroll to the desired <i>Measurement</i> parameter and press [Enter]. See Table 1-9 on page 1-26 for a description of the available options. Refer to page 3-2 in the <i>Service Manual</i> for a description of diagnostic parameters.		
	<b>Note:</b> <i>The measurement units that appear in these prompts are those selected in the</i> Global-System <i>window earlier in this section.</i>		
	<b>3.</b> Use the arrow keys to enter a value for the <i>Low</i> end of the frequency output range and press [Enter].		
	<b>Note:</b> A complete pulse consists of equal amounts of ON and OFF times. Choose a value that is compatible with the frequency counter to be used.		
	<b>4.</b> Use the arrow keys to enter a value for the <i>High</i> end of the frequency output range and press [Enter].		
	<b>5.</b> Use the arrow keys to enter a value between 1 and 10,000 for the <i>Frequency</i> at full scale and press [Enter].		
Procedure Options	After completing the above steps, the XGM868i returns to the I/O window. Do one of the following:		
	• To continue programming, refer to Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> , to navigate to the desired menu.		
	• To leave the <i>Keypad Program</i> , press [Escope] three times.		

Configuring the Communications Port	The Model XGM868i flowmeter is equipped with an RS232 or an RS485 serial interface. An RS485 option is also available with MODBUS capability. When the MODBUS option is installed, the XGM868i may still also have the standard RS232 serial interface.		
	The serial port is used to transmit stored data and displayed readings to a personal computer by connecting the meter's serial interface to the serial port of the PC. In addition, the Model XGM868i can receive and execute remote commands, using <i>PanaView</i> software via this link.		
	Use the COMM submenu to set the communications port and MODBUS parameters. While programming the meter, refer to Figure A-3 in Appendix A.		
Setting Up the Serial Port	Use the steps below to configure the communications port:		
	<b>1.</b> In the <i>Keypad Program</i> , scroll to PROG and press [Enter].		
	2. In the PROG menu, scroll to GLOBL and press [Enter].		
	<b>3.</b> In the Global PROGRAM menu, scroll to COMM and press [Enter].		
	<b>4.</b> Enter a <i>Meter Address</i> (between 1 and 127) and press [Enter]. (The default address is 1.)		
	A meter address is necessary for communication with the GE Sensing <i>PanaView</i> software. See Appendix C, <i>Programming the XGM868i</i> with <i>PanaView</i> <sup>TM</sup> , or the <i>PanaView</i> <sup>TM</sup> User's Manual (910-211) for more information.		
	<b>IMPORTANT:</b> If the meter address or baud rate is changed, communication with PanaView must be re-established with the new parameters.		
	<b>5.</b> Scroll to the desired <i>Baud Rate</i> and press [Enter]. (Available baud rates extend from 300 to 19,200.)		
	<b>6.</b> Do one of the following:		
	• If you have the RS485 MODBUS option, proceed to Step 1 in <i>Setting Up MODBUS Communications</i> on the following page.		
	• If you have the standard RS232 serial interface, go to <i>Procedure Options</i> on the next page.		

When equipped with an optional MODBUS output card, the XGM868i can transmit flow data serially to a flow computer, or SCADA, using a Gould-type RTU protocol. Thus only the MODBUS function command, 3 (read multiple registers), 6 (write multiple registers) is valid. The XGM868i uses the following format for the data exchange:				
<ul> <li>The Send command (initiated by the host flow computer or controller) comes in the form:         [time delimiter]<addr>&lt;3&gt;<first msb="" register=""> <first lsb="" register=""> <register count="" msb=""> <register count="" lsb=""><crc low=""><crc high="">[time delimiter]</crc></crc></register></register></first></first></addr></li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>The <i>Response</i> (initiated by the host flow computer or controller) comes in the form:         [time delimiter]<addr>&lt;3&gt;<byte count=""><data> <crc low=""><crc high="">[time delimiter]</crc></crc></data></byte></addr></li> </ul>				
The format for the returned data types is:				
<ul> <li>Integer (16 bit Integer) <msb><lsb></lsb></msb></li> <li>1 Register - 16 bit integer</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Integer (32 bit IntegerI) <msb><lsb><lsb><lsb>&lt;2 Register - 32 bit integer</lsb></lsb></lsb></msb></li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Floating Point (FP)<exp><man><man><man></man></man></man></exp></li> <li>2 Registers - 32 bit IEEE floating point number</li> </ul>				
Use the steps below to configure MODBUS communications:				
ODBUS communications settings xt four steps must match those of the ol system.				
S Baud Rate and press [Enter].				
<b>2.</b> Scroll to the <i>MODBUS Parity</i> and press [Enter].				
3. Scroll to the MODBUS Stop Bits and press [Enter].				
<b>4.</b> Enter a MODBUS <i>Meter Address</i> (between 1 and 254) and press [Enter]. (The default address is 1.)				
the XGM868i to load the new				
t				

Procedure Options

After completing the above steps, the XGM868i returns to the Global PROGRAM window. Do one of the following:

- Refer to the section *Requesting Parameters Using MODBUS* on the following page to retrieve data from the XGM868i using MODBUS.
- To continue regular programming, refer to Appendix A, *Menu Maps*, to navigate to the desired menu.
- To leave the *Keypad Program*, press [Escope] three times.

### Requesting Parameters Using MODBUS

To request specific parameters from the XGM868i via the MODBUS, the control system must enter the appropriate register number. Only registers 1 through 90 are available for MODBUS communications, while registers 508 through 512 are used by the XGM868i to store the MODBUS parameters. For details, see Table 1-11 below for a 1-Channel meter or Table 1-12 on page 1-41 for a 2-Channel meter.

**Note:** *If you request Channel2 or Averaged data from a 1-Channel meter, the values will all be zero.* 

MODBUS	DPR		Scaling	
Reg #	Hex Addr	Description	(decimal places)	Size in Bytes
1	0	<sup>1"</sup> Clear Ch1 Totalizers"		2 (16 bit signed)
2	2	Not Used		2 (16 bit signed)
3	4	Velocity	2	4 (2 16-bit int)
5	8	Act Volumetric	#Q DIGITS	4 (IEEE 32 bit)
7	С	Std Volumetric	#Q DIGITS	4 (IEEE 32 bit)
9	10	Fwd Totals	#T DIGITS	4 (2 16 bit int)
11	14	Rev Totals	#T DIGITS	4 (2 16 bit int)
13	18	#Tot Digits	0	2
14	1A	Mass Flow	#M DIGITS	4 (IEEE 32 bit)
16	1E	Fwd Mass Totals	#MT DIGITS	4 (2 16-bit int)
18	22	Rev Mass Totals	#MT DIGITS	4 (2 16-bit int)
20	26	#Mass Tot Digits	0	2
21	28	Timer	2	4 (2 16-bit int)
23	2C	Error Code	0	2
24	2E	Sound Speed	3	4 (2 16-bit int)
26	32	Density	4	4 (2 16-bit int)
28	36	Signal Strength Upstream	1	4 (2 16-bit int)
30	3A	Signal Strength Downstream	1	4 (2 16-bit int)
32	3E	Temperature	2	4 (2 16-bit int)
34	42	Pressure	3	4 (2 16-bit int)
508	3F6	<sup>2</sup> MODBUS baud rate	0	2
509	3F8	<sup>3</sup> MODBUS parity	0	2
510	3FA	<sup>4</sup> MODBUS stop bits	0	2
511	3FC	MODBUS meter addr	0	2
512	3FE	RESERVED		

Table 1-11: MODBUS Registers for a 1-Channel XGM868i

MODBUS Reg #	DPR Hex Addr	Description	Scaling (decimal places)	Size in Bytes
1	0	<sup>1"</sup> Clear Ch1 Totalizers"		2 (16 bit signed)
2	2	<sup>1"</sup> Clear Ch2 Totalizers"		2 (16 bit signed)
3	4	Ch1 Velocity	2	4 (2 16-bit int)
5	8	Ch1 Act Volumetric	#Q DIGITS	4 (IEEE 32 bit)
7	С	Ch1 Std Volumetric	#Q DIGITS	4 (IEEE 32 bit)
9	10	Ch1 Fwd Totals	#T DIGITS	4 (2 16 bit int)
11	14	Ch1 Rev Totals	#T DIGITS	4 (2 16 bit int)
13	18	Ch1 #Tot Digits	0	2
14	1A	Ch1 Mass Flow	#M DIGITS	4 (IEEE 32 bit)
16	1E	Ch1 Fwd Mass Totals	#MT DIGITS	4 (2 16-bit int)
18	22	Ch1 Rev Mass Totals	#MT DIGITS	4 (2 16-bit int)
20	26	Ch1 #Mass Tot Digits	0	2
21	28	Ch1 Timer	2	4 (2 16-bit int)
23	2C	Ch1 Error Code	0	2
24	2E	Ch1 Sound Speed	3	4 (2 16-bit int)
26	32	Ch1 Density	4	4 (2 16-bit int)
28	36	Ch1 Sig Strength Upstream	1	4 (2 16-bit int)
30	3A	Ch1 Sig Strength Downstream	1	4 (2 16-bit int)
32	3E	Ch1 Temperature	2	4 (2 16-bit int)
34	42	Ch1 Pressure	3	4 (2 16-bit int)
36	46	Ch2 Velocity	2	4 (2 16-bit int)
38	4A	Ch2 Act Volumetric	#Q DIGITS	4 (IEEE 32 bit)
40	4E	Ch2 Std Volumetric	#Q DIGITS	4 (IEEE 32 bit)
42	52	Ch2 Fwd Totals	#T DIGITS	4 (2 16 bit int)
44	56	Ch2 Rev Totals	#T DIGITS	4 (2 16 bit int)
46	5A	Ch2 #Tot Digits	0	2
47	5C	Ch2 Mass Flow	#M DIGITS	4 (IEEE 32 bit)
49	60	Ch2 Fwd Mass Totals	#MT DIGITS	4 (2 16-bit int)
51	64	Ch2 Rev Mass Totals	#MT DIGITS	4 (2 16-bit int)
53	68	Ch2 #Mass Tot Digits	0	2
54	6A	Ch2 Timer	2	4 (2 16-bit int)
56	6E	Ch2 Error Code	0	2
57	70	Ch2 Sound Speed	3	4 (2 16-bit int)
59	74	Ch2 Density	4	4 (2 16-bit int)

Table 1-12: MODBUS Registers for a 2-Channel XGM868i

MODBUS	DPR		Scalina	
Reg #	Hex Addr	Description	(decimal places)	Size in Bytes
61	78	Ch2 Sig Strength Upstream	1	4 (2 16-bit int)
63	7C	Ch2 Sig Strength Downstream	1	4 (2 16-bit int)
65	80	Ch2 Temperature	2	4 (2 16-bit int)
67	84	Ch2 Pressure	3	4 (2 16-bit int)
69	88	Avg Velocity	2	4 (2 16-bit int)
71	8C	Avg Act Volumetric	#Q DIGITS	4 (IEEE 32 bit)
73	90	Avg Std Volumetric	#Q DIGITS	4 (IEEE 32 bit)
75	94	Avg Fwd Totals	#T DIGITS	4 (2 16 bit int)
77	98	Avg Rev Totals	#T DIGITS	4 (2 16 bit int)
79	9C	Avg #Tot Digits	0	2
80	9E	Avg Mass Flow	#M DIGITS	4 (IEEE 32 bit)
82	A2	Avg Fwd Mass Totals	#MT DIGITS	4 (2 16-bit int)
84	A6	Avg Rev Mass Totals	#MT DIGITS	4 (2 16-bit int)
86	AA	Avg #Mass Tot Digits	0	2
87	AC	Avg Timer	2	4 (2 16-bit int)
89	B0	<sup>5</sup> Avg Error Code	0	2
90	B2	Avg Sound Speed	3	4 (2 16-bit int)
508	3F6	<sup>2</sup> MODBUS baud rate	0	2
509	3F8	<sup>3</sup> MODBUS parity	0	2
510	3FA	<sup>4</sup> MODBUS stop bits	0	2
511	3FC	MODBUS meter addr	0	2
512	3FE	RESERVED		

Table 1-12: MODBUS Registers for a 2-Channel XGM868i (cont.)

#### Notes: 1. Clear Totalizers:

flag from the 8051 to clear either the Channel 1 or Channel 2 totalizers.

2. MODBUS baud rate:

5 = 2400, 6 = 4800, 7 = 9600

3. MODBUS parity:

0 =none, 1 =odd, 2 =even

4. MODBUS stop bits:

1 = 1 stop bit, 2 = 2 stop bits

#### 5. AVG Error Code:

0=Both Ch1 and Ch2 are in error.

- 1=Ch1 only is in error
- 2=Ch2 only is in error

3=Both channels are error free

Chapter 2

# **Displaying Data**

Introduction	2-1
Displaying Data with the LCD	2-1
Displaying Data on a Computer Terminal	2-4

Introduction	<ul> <li>This chapter explains how to display measurement data using either of the available methods:</li> <li>LCD Display - show data on the built-in display</li> <li>PanaView - display data on a computer terminal using the optional PanaView software</li> </ul>
Displaying Data with the LCD	When equipped with the Liquid Crystal Display (LCD), the Model XGM868i may be programmed to display up to four variables in sequence. In addition, the contrast of the LCD may be adjusted for optimum viewing. Proceed to the appropriate section for instructions, and refer to Figure A-3 on page A-3 of Appendix A, <i>Menu Maps</i> .
Adjusting LCD Contrast	<ol> <li>The LCD contrast may be adjusted through the <i>Keypad Program</i> to suit individual needs.</li> <li>Press [Escape]. [Enter], [Escape].</li> <li>In the <i>Keypad Program</i> window, scroll to CNTRS and press [Enter].</li> <li>Scroll to <i>DARKN</i> or <i>LITEN</i> and press [Enter] until the screen shows the desired contrast.</li> <li>When you have achieved the desired contrast, scroll to <i>STORE</i> to retain the setting, or to <i>ABORT</i> to leave the menu without changing the setting. In either case, the XGM868i returns to the <i>Keypad Program</i>.</li> </ol>
	5. Then press [Escope] to return to the display screen.

Programming the LCD	<b>Note:</b> When you first initialize the XGM868i, the number of LCD parameters is set to OFF. You must program the LCD to display any measured parameters.
	Through the <i>Keypad Program</i> , you can program the LCD display to display up to four variables in sequence. Complete the following steps to program the LCD display:
	<b>1.</b> Power up the XGM868i and wait until it has initialized.
	2. Press [Escape], [Enter], [Escape].
	<b>3.</b> In the <i>Keypad Program</i> window, scroll to PROG and press [Enter].
	4. In the PROG menu, scroll to GLOBL and press [Enter].
	5. Scroll to I/O and press [Enter].
	6. Scroll to LCD and press [Enter].
	<b>7.</b> The window now asks for the <i># of LCD Parameters</i> . Scroll to the desired number (from OFF through 1-4 and KEY) and press [Enter].
	The OFF setting switches the measurement display off, while the KEY setting enables users to change the measurement display via the arrow keys, without accessing the <i>Keypad Program</i> . If you select KEY:
	• To view a different parameter, press the [⊲] or [▷] keys to scroll through the various parameters.
	<ul> <li>To scroll through the channel options on a two-channel XGM868i, press the [△] or [▽] keys until you have reached the desired option.</li> </ul>
	For a 1-Channel XGM868i, the data for Channel 1 is displayed automatically, and you can skip to step 9. However, for a 2-Channel meter, the channel data to be displayed must be specified at the following prompt.

Programming the LCD (cont.)

8. Scroll to the desired *Channel option*, as listed in Table 2-1 below.

Option	Description	
CH1	Channel 1	
CH2	Channel 2	
SUM	CH1+CH2	
DIF	CH1-CH2	
AVE	(CH1+CH2)/2	

Table 2-1: Channel Options

**9.** For each channel, select the desired *Measurement Parameter*, as shown in Table 1-9 on page 1-26.

The previous two prompts repeat until all of the specified # of LCD *Parameters* have been set up. When all of the display parameters have been set up, the meter returns to the Global I/O window. To leave the *Keypad Program*, press the [Escape] key three times.

After leaving the *Keypad Program*, the XGM868i will reset itself and will begin to display the parameters specified in this section. If more than one parameter was set up, each of the parameters will be displayed in sequence, with a pause of several seconds between display changes.

**Note:** The measurement units that appear in these prompts are those selected in the GLOBL-SYSTM menu earlier in this manual. Also, when differences in one channel's programming invalidate an output previously chosen for the other, the measurement defaults to the nearest selectable item in the parameter list.

Displaying Data on a Computer Terminal	The flow rate data collected by the XGM868i may be displayed in various formats on a remote computer terminal via the meter's RS232 serial port. This requires the use of the optional PanaView software. Refer to the instructions below to display data via PanaView.			
Preparing for PanaView Programming	Before you attempt to communicate with the XGM868i, be sure you have linked your PC to the XGM868i via an RS232 interface. For details on wiring the interface, refer to <i>Wiring the Serial Port</i> in the <i>Startup Guide</i> , and to the document <i>EIA-RS Serial Communication</i> (916-054). You must also install PanaView, as discussed in the <i>PanaView User's Manual</i> (910-211), and in Appendix C, <i>Programming the XGM868i via PanaView</i> <sup>TM</sup> .			
	1. Power up the XGM868i and wait until it has initialized.			
	2. Launch PanaView and wait until it initializes the XGM868i and displays the basic PanaView window.			
	<b>3.</b> As described in Appendix C, open the <i>Meter Browser</i> window and highlight the meter to be used.			
	At this time, any of PanaView's comprehensive data handling capabilities may be used. These include:			
	• collecting and displaying live data in text format			
	• collecting and displaying live data in graphical format			
	• collecting and logging live data			
	• displaying a log file in text format			
	• displaying a log file in graphical format			
	To access PanaView's data handling options, pull down the <i>Output</i> menu, as shown in Figure 2-1 below.			
	糖Beerellieu			
	File Edit View Output Window Help			
	Graphing Text Display Logging			

Figure 2-1: The Output Menu

Displaying Data on a Computer Terminal	Proceed directly to the appropriate section for instructions on either of the following output options:		
(CONT.)	• Text Display output, discussed below		
	• <i>Graphing</i> output on page 2-8		
	<b>Note:</b> For information on the Logging output, see Chapter 3, Logging Data.		
The Text Display Output	To collect data from the instrument and display it on a text screen, complete the following steps:		
	1. Complete Steps 1-3 on the previous page.		
	2. Pull down the <i>Output</i> menu and click on the <i>Text Display</i> option (see Figure 2-1 on the previous page).		
	<b>Note:</b> The Text Display window that appears after Step 2 is actually stacked on top of any previously opened windows (such as the Meter Browser window).		
	<b>3.</b> Using the <i>Window</i> menu, arrange the open windows in the desired format. For this discussion, Figure 2-2 below shows the <i>Text Display</i> window in its maximized (full-screen) size.		
	[Control Display]         [] [] []           Co. File         54: Wen: Output Window Help         [] [] []		
	Image: Strength (MCLANCEL)         I		

hterval β Sec. Confinance get Orce My Compose (MELANCEL/NUMBER (ECM 1) (Thursday, June 24, 2004 [1056:32] (DPC Logi Running) • First Figure 2-2: The Text Display Window

**Note:** *Figure 2-2 has been compressed both vertically and horizontally for improved clarity.* 

**4.** The left pane of the *Text Display* window contains the standard PanaView network tree. Expand this tree as far as necessary, and double click on the desired process parameter to display it in the right pane of the window.

The Text Display Output (cont.)

- **5.** Before actual data values can be displayed in the text pane, activate one of the following data collection modes (see Figure 2-2 on the previous page):
  - Click on the [Get Once] option button at the bottom of the right pane in the *Text Display* window. The current value of the selected process parameter, as specified in the PanaView network tree, is displayed in the right pane of the *Text Display* window.

or

- Enter an *interval* in the text box at the bottom of the right pane in the *Text Display* window, or check the *Max. Comm Rate* box to collect readings as fast as the system allows (1 sec). Then, click on the [Continuous] option button to begin collecting data for display in the right pane of the *Text Display* window.
- **Note:** Any value entered in the Interval text box is overridden if the Max. Comm Rate box is checked.
- 6. If the [Continuous] option was selected in Step 5 above, click on the [Stop] option button, which has replaced the original [Continuous] option button, to terminate data collection.

The *Text Display* window may be left open while other tasks are performed, or it may be closed by clicking on the lower [X] control button at the far right of the menu bar.

**IMPORTANT:** If you click on the upper [X] control button at the far right of the PanaView title bar, you will exit PanaView completely.

Displaying Multiple Process Parameters	The procedure for displaying a single process parameter in a text screen may be repeated to simultaneously display multiple process parameters. To do so, proceed as follows:		
	1. Display the first process parameter in a text screen, as described in the previous section.		
	2. Repeat Step 1 for any desired additional process parameters, by double clicking on them in the PanaView network tree. PanaView automatically tiles the multiple text screens in the right pane of the <i>Text Display</i> window.		
	<b>3.</b> As in any standard Windows application, the multiple text screens may be resized by dragging their borders. Also, the individual panes within a parameter's text screen may be resized by dragging the borders within that text screen.		
	<b>4.</b> To close an open text screen, right click anywhere within that screen (except in the title bar or the error section) and click on the [Remove] option that pops up in the context menu.		
	<b>Note:</b> After resizing or removing any of the multiple text screens, the default tiled layout may be restored by opening the "Window" menu (see the PanaView User's Manual) and clicking on the "Tile Output Displays" option.		
Displaying Multiple Text Windows	The procedures for displaying one or more process parameters in a single <i>Text Display</i> window may be repeated to open multiple <i>Text Display</i> windows. To do so, proceed as follows:		
	1. To open another <i>Text Display</i> window, repeat the steps on page 2-5 and 2-6.		
	<b>2.</b> To display the desired process parameter(s) in the new window, repeat Steps 1-4 above.		
	<b>3.</b> Arrange the multiple <i>Text Display</i> windows as desired via the <i>Window</i> menu.		

The Graphing Output

Setting Up a Graph

To collect data from the instrument and display it graphically in a new format, complete the following steps:

- **1.** Perform Steps 1-3 on page 2-1.
- **2.** Pull down the *Output* menu and click on the *Graphing New* option (see Figure 2-1 on page 2-4).
- **Note:** *The* Graph *window is stacked on top of any previously opened windows (such as the* Meter Browser *window).*
- **3.** Using the *Window* menu, arrange the open windows in the desired format. For this discussion, Figure 2-3 below shows the *Graph* window in its maximized (full-screen) size.

5 File Edit Wew Output Window Help		8 ×
Control of the other final and the other field of the other other field of the other field of the other field of the other	Controls Text Deploy     Seconds Port Window	
Network'My Computer(MELANCEL/U.Initied (IDM) (Con 1/005)	MOGB Y4AM STD Wednesday, November 24, 2004 11:17:37 0 PC Logs Running 💌 👁 🗍 Erre:	3

Figure 2-3: The Graph Window

The Graph window shown above consists of three panes:

- *left pane* PanaView network tree
- top right pane graph with default chart style
- bottom right pane graph controls or text display
- **Note:** *The three panes of the* Graph *window may be resized by simply dragging their borders.*

Graphing Data	The PanaView network tree has already been described, and the display pane shows only a graph in the default style with no data points. The bottom right pane enables you to set up the graph. To begin graphing your data, proceed as follows:		
	1. Expand the network tree as far as necessary and double click on the process parameter to be graphed. The grid for the selected graph appears in the display pane, with <i>Time</i> as the x-axis and the parameter <i>Value</i> as the y-axis. In addition, a <i>legend</i> appears above the graph, which indicates the name, data point shape and line color for that parameter.		
	2. If desired, a second parameter may be added to the graph by repeating Step 1. In this case, the parameter " <i>Value</i> " is shown as a <i>right</i> y-axis (Y2).		
	<b>Note:</b> Although only two parameters may be graphed for any one meter channel, the same two parameters may also be graphed for any other active meter channels.		
	<b>3.</b> To begin plotting data for the selected parameter(s), enter a time <i>Interval</i> for data sampling in the text box provided (the default value is 5 seconds).		
	<b>4.</b> Click on the [Plot Continuous] control button to begin graphing the selected process parameter(s) as a function of time, at the interval specified in Step 3.		
	<b>5.</b> While PanaView is graphing the data, the following actions may be taken from the control pane:		
	• change the sampling interval by entering a new value		
	• click on the [Zoom Out] control button to increase the size of the intervals shown on the x-axis		
	• click on the [Zoom In] control button to decrease the size of the intervals shown on the x-axis		
	<b>Note:</b> <i>The zoom buttons may be clicked multiple times to enhance the effect.</i>		
	• click on the <i>Text Display</i> tab to view the data being graphed in the text format described in the previous section		
	When you have finished graphing your data, click on the [Stop] control button, which has replaced the original [Plot Continuous] control button.		
	For further information on setting up graph properties, refer to Chapter 5, <i>Displaying Data</i> , of the <i>PanaView User's Manual</i> .		

Displaying Transducer Signals

Along with flow rate data, PanaView enables XGM868i users to read and plot transducer signals from the XGM868i.

- 1. From the New Meter Browser, highlight the XGM868i.
- **2.** Right-click on the highlighted XGM868i and click on the *Properties* option, as shown in Figure 2-4 below.

🖃 🛃 Network	Name	Туре
🗄 📇 My Computer(MELANCEL)	Meter Logs	Logs Stored on
📺 🗄 PC Logs	Display	Meter Display
🖻 👼 Untitled (IDM) (Com 1)	User Tables	User Interpolati
This is the transmission of the transmission o	Channel 1 Channel 2 Sum Difference Average	Meter Channel Meter Channel Meter Channel Meter Channel Meter Channel
Average     Meter Logs     Edit Functions     SITE EDIT MENU		



The Properties window opens, as shown in Figure 2-5 below.

XGM868i Y4AM.STD	on Untitled (IDM) (CO 🛛
Clock No Instrume	ent Clock
[	
<u>S</u> et	Sync to PC
Signal	
<u>R</u> ead Signals	Channel 1 💌
Pjot	
Sa <u>v</u> e	
Clear <u>T</u> otalizers	<u>Site Files</u>
Auto connect at	startup
	Close

Figure 2-5: The Properties Window

Reading Transducer Signals

**3.** To read a signal from the meter, click on the [Read Signals] button. (If the meter is a multi-channel instrument, open the Channel drop-down menu and click on the desired channel.) After a moment, the *Properties* window appears similar to Figure 2-6 below.

Signal			
<u>R</u> ead Signals	Channel 1 💌		
Plot	Raw Upstream		
Sa <u>v</u> e			
Clear <u>T</u> otalizers	<u>S</u> ite Files		
☑ <u>A</u> uto connect at startup			



**4.** To select a different signal type, open the signal menu at the right (shown here with *Raw Upstream* highlighted) and click on the desired signal.

To plot the selected signal, click on [Plot]. A graphical window opens, as shown in Figure 2-7 below.



Figure 2-7: Signal Graph Window

Plotting Transducer Signals Saving Transducer Signals

To save the raw signal, click on [Sove]. A window opens similar to Figure 2-8 below. Enter the desired name, and click on [Sove] to save the signal as a text file.

Save As					? X
Save in:	🔁 PanaView		- + 1	📸 🎟 -	
History Desktop My Documents My Computer	Chart Logs EcomErr.TXT raw.txt Site1.txt				
My Network P	File name: Save as type:	Site2.txt Text Files (*.txt)			Save Cancel

Figure 2-8: Save As Window

Chapter 3

# Logging Data

Introduction	3-1
The Data Logging Option Card	3-1
Logging via PanaView	3-1

Introduction	The XGM868i offers two options for logging data:	
	• If the Model XGM868i flowmeter is equipped with an optional <i>data logging card</i> in Slot 2, flow rate data can be recorded and stored in this memory in the form of a <i>log file</i> . After the specified data has been logged, the log file may be uploaded to PanaView via the RS232 link.	
	• PanaView can also create <i>PC log files</i> for storage on the PC's hard drive.	
	This chapter explains how to use the Model XGM868i's data logging capability with PanaView.	
The Data Logging Option Card	In order to log data, the Model XGM868i must be fitted with an optional data logging option card in Slot 2. See Chapter 4, <i>Parts Replacement</i> , of the <i>Service Manual</i> for instructions on installing the card.	
Logging via PanaView	PanaView is capable of creating and viewing log files of the following types:	
	• <b>meter logs</b> - log files stored in the XGM868i memory, as discussed above	
	• <b>PC logs</b> - log files stored on your PC's hard drive (page 3-7)	
	To create or view logs of the above types, proceed to the appropriate section of this chapter.	

### **Creating Meter Logs**

To create a new meter log, complete the following steps:

1. From the *New Meter Browser* in PanaView, expand the network tree and open the Edit Functions option (described on page C-6 of Appendix C, Programming the XGM868i via PanaView). The menu will appear similar to Figure 3-1 below.



Figure 3-1: The Edit Functions Menu for an XGM868i with a Logging Card

2. Double-click on the *Log Edit Menu*, as shown in Figure 3-1 above. The window appears similar to Figure 3-2 below.

🐂 LOG EDIT MENU		×
LOGGING Create Standard Log Memory Stop Logging Create Error Log	Previous Ite Next Item	n
	Close	

Figure 3-2: The Log Edit Menu Window

Log

- Creating a Standard Meter **3.** To create a standard meter log, complete the following steps:
  - a. Double-click on the Create Standard Log option. The window now appears similar to Figure 3-3 below.

🐂 LOG EDIT MENU			×
LOGGING Create Standard Log Memoty Stop Logging Create Error Log	LOG LOCATION inonvolatile RAM FLASH RAM	Previous Item Next Item	]
1		Exit Page	



Creating a Standard Meter Log (cont.)

- **b.** PanaView first asks for the *Log Location*, either flash or non-volatile RAM. Double-click on the desired location.
- **c.** Now type the desired *Log Name* in the right window, and click [Next Item].
- **d.** Type the desired *Log Message* in the right window, and click [Next Item].
- **e.** PanaView now asks for the *Number of Variables* you wish to log. Type in the desired number (from 1 to 6), and click [Next Item].
- **f.** Double-click on the desired *Channel* for the first variable.
- **g.** Scroll to and double-click on the desired *Measurement* to be logged.
- **h.** Repeat steps f and g for the specified number of variables.
  - If you select a forward or reverse total, PanaView asks if you want to *Reset Totals to 0*? Double-click on *Yes* or *No*.
- **i.** PanaView indicates a given *StartTime*. Double-click on OK to agree to the given time, on *Now* to start the log immediately, or on *Edit* to change the starting time.
  - If you select *Edit*, PanaView asks first for the desired *Hour*, then for the *Minute*, and finally for the *Second*. For each parameter, type the desired number in the right window, and click [Next Item] (or simply click [Next Item] to step through the parameters).
- **j.** PanaView indicates a given *StartDate*. Double-click on *OK* to agree to the given day, on *Today* to start the log that day, or on *Edit* to change the starting date.
  - If you select *Edit*, PanaView asks first for the desired *Year*, then for the *Month*, and finally for the *Day*. For each parameter, type the desired number in the right window, (or scroll to and click on the desired month) and click [Next Item] (or simply click [Next Item] to step through the parameters).

Creating a Standard Meter k. PanaView indicates a given End Time. Double-click on OK to Log (cont.) agree to the given time, on Now to start the log immediately, or on *Timed* to indicate a specific duration. • If you select *Edit*, PanaView asks first for the desired *Hour*, then for the Minute, and finally for the Second. For each parameter, type the desired number in the right window, and click [Next Item] (or simply click [Next Item] to step through the parameters). • If you select *Timed*, PanaView asks for the *Log Time* (duration). Scroll to and double-click on the desired length of time (from 10 minutes to 24 hours.) Then go to step m. I. PanaView indicates a given *End Date*. Double-click on *OK* to agree to the given day, on Today to start the log that day, or on *Edit* to change the starting date. • If you select *Edit*, PanaView asks first for the desired *Year*, then for the *Month*, and finally for the *Day*. For each

- parameter, type the desired number in the right window, (or scroll to and click on the desired month) and click [Next Item] (or simply click [Next Item] to step through the parameters).
- m. Scroll to and double-click on the desired *Time Increment* (from 5 seconds to 24 hours). PanaView indicates that the log has been created, and returns to the *Log Edit Menu*.

If an erroneous value has been entered, PanaView displays a *Log Creation Error* message. Otherwise, the program indicates that the log has been created, and returns to the *Log Edit Menu*.

Creating an Error Log

To create an error meter log, complete the following steps:

- 1. Double-click on the *Create Error Log* option.
  - **a.** PanaView first asks for the *Log Location*, either flash or non-volatile RAM. Double-click on the desired location.
  - **b.** Now type the desired *Log Name* in the right window, and click [Next Item].
  - **c.** Type the desired *Log Message* in the right window, and click [Next Item].
  - **d.** PanaView now asks for the *Number of Variables* you wish to log. Type in the desired number (from 1 to 6), and click [Next Item].
  - e. Double-click on the desired *Channel* for the first variable.
  - f. Scroll to and double-click on the desired Measurement.
  - g. Repeat steps e and f for the specified number of variables.
    - If you select a forward or reverse total, PanaView asks if you want to *Reset Totals to 0*? Double-click on *Yes* or *No*.
  - h. PanaView asks, Is Log Circular? Double-click on Yes or No.
  - **i.** PanaView indicates a given *StartTime*. Double-click on OK to agree to the given time, on *Now* to start the log immediately, or on *Edit* to change the starting time.
    - If you select *Edit*, PanaView asks first for the desired *Hour*, then for the *Minute*, and finally for the *Second*. For each parameter, type the desired number in the right window, and click [Next Item] (or simply click [Next Item] to step through the parameters).
  - **j.** PanaView indicates a given *StartDate*. Double-click on *OK* to agree to the given day, on *Today* to start the log that day, or on *Edit* to change the starting date.
    - If you select *Edit*, PanaView asks first for the desired *Year*, then for the *Month*, and finally for the *Day*. For each parameter, type the desired number in the right window, (or scroll to and click on the desired month) and click [Next Item] (or simply click [Next Item] to step through the parameters).

Creating an Error Log (cont.)	<b>Note:</b> If you have selected a circular log, PanaView now indicates that the log has been created, and returns to the Log Edit Menu.	
	<b>k.</b> PanaView indicates a given <i>End Time</i> . Double-click on OK to agree to the given time, on <i>Now</i> to start the log immediately, or on <i>Timed</i> to indicate a specific duration.	
	• If you select <i>Edit</i> , PanaView asks first for the desired <i>Hour</i> , then for the <i>Minute</i> , and finally for the <i>Second</i> . For each parameter, type the desired number in the right window, and click [Next Item] (or simply click [Next Item] to step through the parameters).	
	• If you select <i>Timed</i> , PanaView asks for the <i>Log Time</i> (duration). Scroll to and double-click on the desired length of time (from 10 minutes to 24 hours.) Then go to step m.	
	<b>I.</b> PanaView indicates a given <i>End Date</i> . Double-click on <i>OK</i> to agree to the given day, on <i>Today</i> to start the log that day, or on <i>Edit</i> to change the starting date.	
	• If you select <i>Edit</i> , PanaView asks first for the desired <i>Year</i> , then for the <i>Month</i> , and finally for the <i>Day</i> . For each parameter, type the desired number in the right window, (or scroll to and click on the desired month) and click [Next ltem] (or simply click [Next ltem] to step through the parameters).	
	<ul> <li>m. Scroll to and double-click on the desired <i>Time Increment</i> (from 5 seconds to 24 hours). PanaView indicates that the log has been created, and returns to the <i>Log Edit Menu</i>.</li> </ul>	
	If an erroneous value has been entered, PanaView displays a <i>Log Creation Error</i> message. Otherwise, the program indicates that the log has been created, and returns to the <i>Log Edit Menu</i> .	
Checking Log Memory	To check on the amount of log memory available, double-click on the <i>Memory</i> option in the <i>Log Edit Menu</i> . The right window indicates the number of bytes available in both NVR and Flash memory.	
Stop Logging	To manually terminate logging, double-click on the <i>Stop Logging</i> option in the <i>Log Edit Menu</i> . PanaView displays the name of the currently active logs. Double-click on your choice, and then click on <i>Yes</i> when the program asks if you wish to stop logging.	
## Creating PC Logs

PC logs are created in a different menu from the meter logs described in the last section. To create a new PC log:

1. Open the *Output* menu (see Figure 3-4 below), and click on the *Logging* option.

🚵 P	🚰 Pana ¥iew							
File	Edit	View	Output	Window	N	Help		
			Graph Text	ning Display	۲			
			Loggi	ng	•	Log Browser New PC Log		

Figure 3-4: Selections in the Logging Option

You have two choices:

- Click on the *New PC Log* option and proceed to step 5, or
- Click on the *Log Browser* option. The dialog box shown in Figure 3-5 below appears.

🖷 Log Browser	×
Look in: 🔛 Network	
956-1635	
	<u>S</u> tart
	Create
	<u>D</u> elete
	<u>O</u> pen
Path: Network	<u>C</u> ancel

Figure 3-5: Computer Selection

- **Note:** If no log files have yet been created or if a log file has not yet been selected from the list, all of the option buttons (except for [Cancel]) in the Log Browser dialog box are unavailable.
- **2.** Double click on the *computer name* to advance to the dialog box shown in Figure 3-6 on the next page.

# Creating PC Logs (cont.)

🖌 Log Browser	×
Look in: My Computer(956-1635)	E
PC Logs Comport	
	Start
	Create
	<u>D</u> elete
	<u>O</u> pen
Path: Network\My Computer(956-1635)	<u>C</u> ancel

## Figure 3-6: Log Type Selection

**3.** Double click on *PC Logs* to advance to the dialog box shown in Figure 3-7 below.

🖕 Log Browser	×
Look in: 📋 PC Logs	E
🗱 Test	
	<u>S</u> tart
	Create
	<u>D</u> elete
	<u>O</u> pen
, Path: Network\My Computer(956-1635)\PC Logs	<u>C</u> ancel
, <u>.</u>	

#### Figure 3-7: Create a PC Log

- **4.** At the dialog box shown in Figure 3-7 above, click on the [Create] option button to create a new meter log.
- **5.** Enter a log *file name* (*"Sample"* in this case) in the dialog box shown in Figure 3-8 below. Click on the [OK] option button.

Ne <del>w</del> log	×
Please enter a name for the log	OK Cancel
Sample	

Figure 3-8: Log Name Dialog Box

### Creating PC Logs (cont.)

6. At the resulting *PC Log* window shown in Figure 3-9 below, place a check mark in the text box to create a *circular log*, or leave this box empty to create a linear log.

PC Log Status: Stopped	
P United (IDM) (Low 1)     Barre: [Sarde     Sard:     Sard:	
Meter Channel Sensor Unit Velue Erro	
Node: 1 2 REV Total L	
Node: 1 2 EnergyRate kCAL/sec	
Node: 1 2 Delta h J/gm	
Node: 1 2 Incoher. 2 usec	
	•1
Graph Refeath Start Graph OK Div	*
Network/Wy Computer/MELANCEL/NUtrikled (IDM) (Com 1) // Monday, August 30, 2004 (09:22:53 (0 PC Logs Running ) 👁 👁	Enx 0

Figure 3-9: The PC Log Window

- **7.** Enter a sampling *interval* in the text box shown in Figure 3-9 above.
- **Note:** Start Time *and* Stop Time *cannot be specified for PC logs. These options are inactive in the* PC Log *window.*
- 8. Expand the network tree as far as necessary and double click on the process parameter(s) to be logged. As they are selected, the parameters are listed in the lower right pane of the *PC Log* window (make sure that the *Log Items* tab in this pane is selected).
- **Note:** To add all the channel parameters to a given log, right-click on the desired channel. A pop-up button, "Add Group to Log," appears. Click on the button, and PanaView adds the entire set of channel parameters to the log.
- **9.** Click on the [Apply] option button to record the log setup information, and then click on the [Start] option button to begin logging data immediately. (The *Start Time* automatically appears in the *PC Log* window.)

# **Viewing Meter Log Files**

After one or more meter log files have been created, the logs may be viewed by using the *New Meter Browser* as follows:

1. From the *New Meter Browser* in PanaView, expand the network tree and click on the *Meter Logs* option. If you have created one or more logs, the tree will appear similar to Figure 3-10 below.



Figure 3-10: An Expanded Meter Logs Option

**2.** Double-click on the desired log. A window opens for the individual log, as shown in Figure 3-11 below.

PanaView - [Log file: frmIDMPVWrapper\XGS0	68i Y4AS.STD \A:FILE1.	106]		
3 Hie Eait view Output window Help				
E- 2 Network	Meter Log		Status:	
	Nan	ne: FILE1.LOG	Storage: Internal (A:)	×
	Circul	lar:	Start Time: 3/20/2005 10:40	50 AM
	Number of Record	ds: 342	Stop Time: 3/28/2005 10:58	50 AM
	Interv	vali 0 MM:SS	Sync clock to PC Ime	is 0 minutes behind displayed PC
	Log terns Contents	1		
	Meter	Channel	Sensor	Unit
	XGS868i Y4AS.STD	1	Velocity	m/s
	XGS868i Y4AS.STD	1	Volumetric	KACM/MIN
	XGS868i Y4AS.STD	1	Soundspeed	m/s

Figure 3-11: Data Window for an Individual Meter Log

- Click on the *Log Items* tab (see Figure 3-11 above) for a list of the parameters specified for logging.
- Click on the *Contents* tab (see Figure 3-12 on the next page) for a list of all the data points logged to date for the parameter currently highlighted on the *Log Items* tab.
- Click on the [Graph] option button to display a graphical representation of the data logged to date.

Viewing Meter Logs (cont.) Note: The graph is displayed in its own window, which is opened on top of the Meter Log window. For instructions on using the Graph Log window, refer to the Graphing Output section in Chapter 2 of the PanaView User's Manual.

Remember that only two parameters per channel may be graphed, and that the same two parameters must be graphed for each channel of a multi-channel graph display. When you have finished viewing the graph, click on the [Close] option button to close the Graph window and leave the log running. To review log details, click on the *Contents* tab. The window now appears similar to Figure 3-12 below.



Figure 3-12: Typical Log Contents

## Viewing PC Log Files

After one or more PC log files have been created, the logs may be viewed by using PanaView as follows:

- 1. You can access PC logs in two ways:
  - From the *New Meter Browser* in PanaView, expand the network tree and click on the *PC Logs* option. If you have created one or more logs, the tree will appear similar to Figure 3-13 below. Double-click on the log name to open the log.

or

• Pull down the *Output* menu (see Figure 3-4 on page 3-7), and click on the *Log Browser* option. Advance to the *PC Logs* dialog box as described in previous sections. A screen similar to that shown in Figure 3-14 below appears.



Figure 3-13: The Expanded PC Logs Option

💐 Log Bro	wser	×
Look in:	PC Logs	£
¥Log1	🛊 new2 🛊 NewLog1 e 🏽 Sample2 🐉 Untitled	<u>Stop</u> C <u>r</u> eate <u>D</u> elete <u>D</u> pen
Patł	: Network\My Computer(MELANCEL)\PC Logs	<u>C</u> ancel

#### Figure 3-14: Selecting a Log File from the Log Browser

Notice that each of the log files in Figures 3-13 and 3-14 above has a traffic light icon next to its name. These icons indicate the current status of the log as follows:

- *red light* log has not run to its specified stop time but has been manually stopped
- green light log is currently running but is not yet complete

Viewing PC Logs (cont.)

- 2. In the *Log Browser*, after you highlight the name of the desired log file, the following option buttons become available:
  - [Start] resumes logging if the log is currently stopped

or

[Stop] - stops logging, if the log is currently running

- [Delete] permanently deletes the log file
- [Open] opens the log in the PC Log window
- **3.** Click on one of the option buttons listed in Step 2 above.

You can monitor the progress of an ongoing log in several ways:

- Click on the *Log Items* tab (see Figure 3-12 on page 3-11) for a list of the parameters specified for logging.
- Click on the *Contents* tab (see Figure 3-12 on page 3-11) for a list of all the data points logged to date for the parameter currently highlighted on the *Log Items* tab.
- Click on the [Graph] option button to display a graphical representation of the data logged to date.
- Note: The graph is displayed in its own window, which is opened on top of the PC Log window. For instructions on using the Graph Log window, refer to the Graphing Output section in Chapter 2 of the PanaView User's Manual.
- Click on the [Refresh] option button to update the information shown on the *Contents* tab and in the *Graph Log* window. Any data logged since the last use of the [Refresh] option button is added to the list and to the graph.

Remember that only two parameters per channel may be graphed, and that the same two parameters must be graphed for each channel of a multi-channel graph display. When you have finished viewing the graph, click on the [Close] option button to close the *Graph* window and leave the log running.

**4.** To terminate the logging process, simply click on the [Stop] option button, which has replaced the original [Stort] option button. (The *Stop Time* automatically appears in the *PC Log* window.)

Because a PC log has no specific "*Stop Time*," the log will continue to run until it is manually stopped (unless the PC is turned off or you run out of hard drive space).

Chapter 4

# Printing Data

Data Types for I	Printing	4-1
------------------	----------	-----

**Data Types for Printing** The Model XGM868i flowmeter has no ability to print any of its data directly. However, any of the data stored in its memory may be printed via the built-in RS232 communications port, using a computer terminal. In order to use the capability, the XGM868i must be linked to the computer terminal with the optional *PanaView* software.

**Note:** See Chapter 1, Installation, of the Startup Guide for instructions on wiring the RS232 serial port. For additional information, refer to the EIA-RS Serial Communications Manual (916-054).

After making the hardware connections and installing PanaView software, the following data may be output to a printer connected to the personal computer:

- live data in numeric or graphical format
- log file in numeric or graphical format
- site file in tabular format
- transducer signal array data in tabular format

For detailed instructions on printing any of the data types listed above, consult the *PanaView User's Manual*.

Chapter 5

# **Clearing Data**

Introduction		 	5-1
Clearing the XGM868i's Memory	/	 	5-1

Introduction	<ul> <li>This chapter explains how to purge totalized measurements, site data and/or log files from the XGM868i's memory.</li> <li>Note: For detailed information on creating a log file, see Chapter 3, Logging Data. For detailed information on programming site data, see Chapter 1, Programming Site Data.</li> </ul>				
	IMPORTANT:	None of the clearing procedures described in this chapter can be undone. Be very sure that the exact consequences of a selected option are thoroughly understood before proceeding.			
Clearing the XGM868i's Memory	If the XGM868 necessary to pu before any add task, proceed to	Bi's available memory becomes nearly full, it may be irge some or all of the existing data from memory, itional data can be stored. In order to accomplish this to the appropriate section for step-by-step instructions.			
	Note: Depend may be option of Service	ling on the current configuration of the XGM868i, it possible to add additional memory by installing an card in Slot 2. See Chapter 4, Parts Replacement, of the Manual for details.			
Clearing Site Data	This feature ha currently has n	s not yet been implemented, because the XGM868i o capability to store site files in its own memory.			

Clearing Log Files

To clear log files from the XGM868i or from the PC's memory, complete the following steps:

1. From PanaView, click on the *Logging* option in the *Output* menu. Then click on the *Log Browser* option, as shown in Figure 5-1 below.





- 2. Double-click on the *computer name* to move to the network level.
- **3.** Double-click on *PC Logs* to access the stored PC logs, or on the *communication port* name and the *meter* name to access the stored meter logs. In either case, the *Log Browser* appears similar to Figure 5-2 below.



Figure 5-2: Log Browser Window

**4.** Highlight the log you wish to delete, and click on the [Delete] option button.

- Clearing the Totalizers You can clear the XGM868i's totalizers (i.e., reset specified totalized flow rates to zero) from either the LCD display or from PanaView. (Refer to Figures A-1, A-2, A-3 or A-4 in Appendix A.) To reset totals from the display, complete the following steps:
  - 1. Press [Escape], [Enter], [Escape].
  - 2. In the Keypad Program, scroll to RESET and press [Enter].
  - **3.** The XGM868i asks *Reset Totals?* Scroll to *NO* or *YES* (2) and press [Enter] at the desired choice.

The XGM868i totalizers are reset to 0, and the meter returns to the *Keypad Program*. Press [Escope] to return to the data display.

To reset the totals from PanaView:

- 1. From the *New Meter Browser* in PanaView, highlight the XGM868i.
- 2. Open the *Edit* menu and select the *Properties* option, as shown in Figure 5-3 below.



Figure 5-3: The Properties Option in the Edit Menu

**3.** The *Properties* window appears similar to Figure 5-4 below. To clear the XGM868i totalizers, click on the [Clear Totalizers] button. The XGM868i totalizers are reset to 0.

XGM868i Y4AM.STD	on Untitled (IDM) (CO
No instrume	TI CIOCK
Set	Sync to PC
Signal	
<u>R</u> ead Signals	Channel 1 💌
Pjot	V
Sa <u>v</u> e	
Clear <u>T</u> otalizers	<u>S</u> ite Files
✓ Auto connect at	startup
	<u>C</u> lose

Figure 5-4: The Properties Window

Appendix A

# Menu Maps

Channel: Status, System, Pipe Parameters and Input/OutputA	-1
Channel: SETUPA	-2
Global: System, Error Handling, LCD Display, and Comm PortA	-3
Global: Options	-4









Appendix B

# Data Records

Available Option Cards	B-1
Option Cards Installed	В-2
Setup Data	B-3

# Available Option Cards

The Model XGM868i can hold one option card in Slot 1 and one in Slot 2. The available configurations are listed in Table B-1 below.

Card #	Slot #	Configuration
1215-02	1	FF - 4 Frequency Outputs
1215-03		TT - 4 Totalizer Outputs
1215-04		FT - 2 Frequency Outputs/2 Totalizer Outputs
1215-05		FO - 2 Frequency Outputs
1215-06		TO - 2 Totalizer Outputs
1215-07		AA - 4 Standard Alarms
1215-09		FA - 2 Frequency Outputs/2 Standard Alarms
1215-11		TA - 2 Totalizer Outputs/2 Standard Alarms
1223-02/1473-02		OI - 2 Current Inputs
1223-03/1473-03		OR - 2 RTD Inputs
1223-04/1473-04		TI - 2 Current Inputs/2 Totalizer Outputs
1473-05		TR - 2 RTD Inputs/2 Totalizer Outputs
1223-06/1473-06		FI - 2 Current Inputs/2 Frequency Outputs
1473-07		FR - 2 RTD Inputs/2 Frequency Outputs
1223-08/1473-08		AI - 2 Current Inputs/2 Standard Alarms
1473-10		AR - 2 RTD Inputs/2 Standard Alarms
1225-13		CO - 2 Current Outputs
1225-14		CF - 2 Current Outputs/2 Frequency Outputs
1225-15		CT - 2 Current Outputs/2 Totalizer Outputs
1225-16		CA - 2 Current Outputs/2 Standard Alarms
1225-17		CH - 2 Current Outputs/2 Hermetic Alarms
1430-03		RR - 4 RTD Inputs
1430-04		IR - 2 RTD Inputs/2 Current Inputs
1233-02		II - 4 Current Inputs
1272-02		CI - 2 Current Outputs/2 Current Inputs
1272-03		CR - 2 Current Outputs/2 RTD Inputs
1272-04		CIR - 2 Current Outputs/1 Current Input/1 RTD Input
1146-02	2	512 KB Memory + PCMCIA Card Connector
1146-03		2 MB Memory + PCMCIA Card Connector
1310-02		Modbus Communications Protocols

Table B-1: Option Card Configurations

# **Option Cards Installed**

Whenever an option card is installed or changed in the Model XGM868i flow transmitter, record the type of card and any additional setup information in the appropriate row of Table B-2 below.

Slot #	Type of Option Card	Additional Setup Information
0	Analog Outputs (A, B)	
1		
T		
2		

# Table B-2: Option Cards Installed

# Setup Data

After the Model XGM868i flow transmitter has been installed, setup data must be entered via the *Keypad Program* prior to operation. Record that information in Table B-3 below.

		General	Info	ormation		
Model #				Serial #		
Software Vers.				Setup Date		
		Chanr	nel -	Status		
(	Channel 1				Channel 2	
Channel Status	Off	Burst		Channel Status	Off	Burst
Measure Mode	Skan	S/M		Measure Mode	Skan	S/M
		Chann	el - :	System		
Channel Label				Channel Label		
Site/Channel Msg.				Channel Message		
Vol. Units				Vol. Units		
Vol. Time Units				Vol. Time Units		
Vol. Dec. Digits				Vol. Dec. Digits		
Totalizer Units				Totalizer Units		
Tot. Dec. Digits				Tot. Dec. Digits		
Mass Flow				Mass Flow		
Mass Flow Time				Mass Flow Time		
MDOT Dec. Dig.				MDOT Dec. Dig.		
Mass Totalizer				Mass Totalizer		
Mass Dec. Dig.				Mass Dec. Dig.		
		Channel - F	Pipe	Parameters		
(	Channel 1				Channel 2	
Trans. Type	STD	SPEC		Trans. Type	STD	SPEC
Transducer #				Transducer #		
Spec. Trans. Freq.				Spec. Trans. Hz		
Spec. Trans. Tw				Spec. Trans. Tw		
Pipe O.D.				Pipe O.D.		
Pipe Wall				Pipe Wall		
Path Length (P)				Path Length (P)		
Axial Length (L)				Axial Length (L)		
Fluid Type	Air	Other		Fluid Type	Air	Other
Other/Sndspd				Other/Sndspd		
Calibration Factor				Calibration Factor		

# Table B-3: Setup Data

		Table B-3: Se	etup	o Data (cont.)		
		Channel -	Inp	ut/Output		
Zero Cutoff				Zero Cutoff		
Temp. Input				Temp. Input		
Base Temp.				Base Temp.		
Pressure Input				Pressure Input		
Base Pressure				Base Pressure		
Low Press. Switch	No	Yes		Low Press. Switch	No	Yes
Pressure Limit				Pressure Limit		
		Channel - SE1	ŪΡ	- V Averaging		
Response Time				Response Time		
	Channel - Sl	ETUP - Advand	ced	Features - Multi K	Factors	
K-Factor #	Velocity	K-Factor		K Factor #	Velocity	K-Factor
1				1		
2				2		
3				3		
4				4		
5				5		
6				6		
7				7		
8				8		
9				9		
10				10		
C	hannel - SETU	P - Advanced	Fea	tures - Multi K Fac	tors (cont.)	
K-Factor #	Velocity	K-Factor		K Factor #	Velocity	K-Factor
11				11		
12				12		
13				13		
14				14		
15				15		
16				16		
17				17		
18				18		
19				19		
20				20		
C	hannel - SETU	P - Advanced	Feat	tures - Mass Flow (	Calculation	
Mass Flow	Yes	No		Mass Flow	Yes	No
Density Type	Fluid Dens.	Mole. Wgt.		Density Type	Fluid Dens.	Mole. Wgt.
Qact or Qstd?	Actual	Standard		Qact or Qstd?	Actual	Standard
Fluid Density				Fluid Density		
Mole. Weight				Mole. Weight		

Table B-3: Setup Data (cont.)						
Global - System						
Meter Message				Totalizer Units		
System Units	English	Metric		Tot. Dec. Digits		
Pressure Units				Mass Flow		
Atmos. Pressure				Mass Flow Time		
Vol. Units				MDOT Dec. Digit		
Vol. Time Units				Mass Totals		
Vol. Dec. Digits				Mass Dec. Digits		
	Glo	bal - Input/Ou	itpu	t - Error Handling		
Error Handling				2-Path Error	No	Yes
		Global - Com	mui	nications Port		
Meter Address				MOD. Parity		
Baud Rate				MOD. Stop Bits		
MOD. Baud Rate				MOD. Address		

Appendix C

# Programming the XGM868i via PanaView™

IntroductionC	:-1
Programming via PanaView™C	:-1
Adding the XGM868i	:-6
Entering the User Program via PanaView	:-8
Entering Data in the Channel MenuC-	11
Entering Data in the Global MenuC-	25
Exiting the Site Edit MenuC-	46
Saving Site Data	47

Introduction	The Model XGM868i flow transmitter must be properly installed an programmed, as described in the <i>Startup Guide</i> , before it can provid accurate flow rate measurements. After completing the installation and initial setup, use this chapter to program the advanced features of the Model XGM868i's via the PanaView <sup>™</sup> software program. Refe to the appropriate section for a discussion of the following menu features:		
	• Channel-Status - activate one or both channels and select the desired measurement method		
	Channel-System - enter the individual channel parameters		
	Channel-Pipe - enter the pipe parameters		
	• Channel-I/O - set up the inputs and outputs		
	• Channel-Setup - set the signal limits, response times and activating mass flow.		
	• Global-System - enter the system units		
	• Global-I/O - set up error handling, option cards and display		
	• Global-Comm - set the serial port and MODBUS parameters		
	As a programming aid, a complete set of menu maps for the PROG menu is included in Appendix D, <i>PanaView Menu Maps</i> . The specific figure numbers will be referenced throughout this chapter, as required.		
Programming via PanaView™	You can program the XGM868i through PanaView <sup>TM</sup> , a PC-based, non-resident software program that communicates with the XGM868i via its RS232 serial port.		
Preparing for PanaView Programming	Before you attempt to communicate with the XGM868i, be sure you have linked your PC to the XGM868i via an RS232 interface. For details on wiring the interface, refer to <i>Wiring the Serial Port</i> in the <i>Startup Guide</i> , and to the document <i>EIA-RS Serial Communications</i> (916-054). You must also install PanaView, as discussed in the <i>PanaView User's Manual</i> (910-211).		

# Setting Up the Communications Port

Use the steps below to establish PanaView communications with the XGM868i.

- 1. Launch PanaView, as discussed in Chapter 3, *Initial Setup*, of the *PanaView User's Manual*.
- 2. Open the *New Meter Browser* window in the *File* menu and expand the network tree. Then, highlight the *My Computer(Name)* branch by clicking on it.
- 3. Pull down the *Edit* menu by clicking on it in the menu bar.
- **4.** Click on the *New* menu option to select it, and a submenu opens with two choices on it (see Figure C-1 below).



Figure C-1: The Edit Menu

Setting Up the Communications Port (cont.) **5.** Click on the *Communications Port* option to select it. The *Setup Communications* screen appears similar to Figure C-2 below.

Setup Communications	×
General	
Prototol: DM	
COM Port Type: RS232	
Name: Untitled	
Port Number: COM2	
Baud Rate: 9600 Baud 💌	
Parity: None	
Handshaking: No Handshaking 💌	
Data Bits: 🛛 🛛 🖉 🔽	
Stop Bits: 1 Bit	
Timeout (ms): 5000	
<u> </u>	cel

#### Figure C-2: Setup Communications Screen

- **6.** Open the Protocol menu (the first of the drop-down menus) and click on *IDM*.
- **7.** Open the COM Port Type menu and click on the desired type (or on *TCP/IP*, if the XGM868i is using an Ethernet connection).
- **Note:** *If you select TCP/IP, the menu changes. Proceed to the next page.*
- **8.** Select any suitable available baud rate. A baud rate of 19,200 is appropriate for almost all applications. However, if you experience periodic communication reliability problems, you may wish to consider lowering the baud rate on your instrument and in PanaView.
- **IMPORTANT:** Be sure all the communications port settings match those made in setting up the meter's serial port.
- **9.** Click on [OK] to complete data entry.

## Setting up Ethernet Communications

If you have selected TCP/IP in step 6 on the previous page, the Setup Communications window appears similar to Figure C-3 below.

Ketup Communications		×
General		
Prototol:	IDM	<b>-</b>
COM Port Type:	TCP/IP	
Name:	Untitled	_
Timeout (ms):	6000	
IP Address:	3.112.162.183	_
Port Number:	2101	
	<u>0</u> K	<u>C</u> ancel

Figure C-3: Setup Communications for TCP/IP

- 7. Type in the desired Name and Timeout (in milliseconds).
- 8. In the *IP Address* text box, enter the IP address. If the IP address is unknown, run the Device Discovery software utility. All units found will be identified by their MAC address and the assigned IP address. In the *Port Number* box, enter 2101 (the default value).
- **9.** Click [OK] to complete data entry.
- IMPORTANT: If you are using Ethernet communications, be sure the XGM868i is set up with the default communications parameters: 9600 baud, no parity, no handshaking, 8 data bits and 1 stop bit. The port number must match the "Enable Raw TCP access using TCP Port" assignment shown under the Device Discovery "TCP Server Settings" menu (Configuration>Serial Ports>Port).

Modifying Ethernet Parameters	To establish E modify its IP Discovery soft connected to t displays all Et can identify th customer doct The default IF you need to as following step	Athernet communications with the XGM868i or to parameters, you will need to install the Ethernet Device ware utility (available with your XGM868i) on a PC he LAN. Once installed and running, the software hernet devices currently connected to the subnet. You he XGM868i by its MAC address, supplied as part of umentation. The default IP Port is 2101.
	IMPORTANT:	To assign a static IP address, the XGM868i must be connected to an Ethernet network with a dynamic address assignment mechanism (DHCP) first.
	1. Run Etherr XGM868i	net Device Discovery software, and identify the s current IP address.
	2. Open your and type th	Internet browser (Internet Explorer, Netscape, or other) ne XGM868i IP address in the Address box.
	<b>3.</b> The Conne Two text b	ct ME Configuration and Management window opens. oxes ask for the user name and password.
	<b>a.</b> In the U	Jsername text box, type root.
	<b>b.</b> In the F	assword text box, type dbps.
	<b>4.</b> At the left	of the window, click on Network.
	5. The IP Sett Subnet Mas	ings window opens. In the text boxes for IP Address, sk, and Default Gateway, type in the new information.
	6. Click Apply	y. The software applies the new address.

### Adding the XGM868i

To add the XGM868i on the IDM-configured communications port, complete the following steps:

- 1. Highlight the communication port to which the meter will be added by clicking on it, and then open the *Edit* menu on the menu bar (if the communication port is not highlighted first, the *New Meter* option is not active in the *Edit* menu).
- 2. Click on the *New* option in the *Edit* menu (see Figure C-4 below).

🎇 Pana¥iew - [Meter Browser]								
🔂 File	Edit	View	Output	Window	Help			
	Ci Ci Pa Ne Pr Re	an't Und apy aste opertie amove	do Ctrl+X Ctrl+C Ctrl+V <b>s</b>	icel	) eter	Meters on Comport Unti		

Figure C-4: New Option in the Edit Menu

- **3.** After clicking on the *New* option, the *Meter* menu option appears. Click on this option to select it.
- **4.** The *New IDM Meter* screen (shown in Figure C-5 below) opens. Enter the Network ID number for the meter, and click [OK].

New IDM Meter						
Enter Network ID: 1	-					
Auto connect at startup						
OK	Cancel					

Figure C-5: New IDM Meter Screen
Adding the XGM868i (cont.) **IMPORTANT:** The Network ID number must match the Network ID programmed in the meter's Communications menu.

If the initialization is successful, the *Meter Browser* shows a listing similar to Figure C-6 below.





However, if the settings do not match, or there is some other difficulty, a screen appears similar to Figure C-7 below.

Communication Error	
COM 1. Maximum timeouts exceeded on instrument at ID 1	
Try the operation again.	
	E <u>x</u> it Application
<ul> <li>Try the operation again.</li> <li>Cancel operation.</li> </ul>	E <u>x</u> it Application

# Figure C-7: Communication Error Screen

The screen offers the options of trying again or of canceling the operation. Click on the desired choice, and then on [OK] to confirm the choice or on [Exit Application] to close PanaView.

# Entering the User Program via PanaView

**Note:** Be sure to record all the programming data entered in this chapter in Appendix B, Data Records.

Programming of the Status, System, and Pipe submenus of the Channel menu and the Global-System menu are required for basic operation of the Model XGM868i. Failure to accurately enter all of the necessary information will result in unreliable flow rate data. Therefore, be sure to complete at least the sections of this chapter pertaining to those three submenus. Except for those three submenus, it is not necessary to program the Model XGM868i flowmeter in any particular order. Therefore, the sections of this chapter need not be completed in sequence. Enter the user program as described below and proceed immediately to any section of interest.

To begin entering data into the XGM868i via PanaView:

1. From the meter tree in the *New Meter Browser* (shown in Figure C-6 on the previous page), click on the XGM entry. The screen now appears similar to Figure C-8 below.



Figure C-8: Meter Tree with Edit Functions Option

**2.** Expand the *Edit Functions* option. The window now appears similar to that shown in Figure C-9 on the next page.

Entering the User Program via PanaView (cont.)



Figure C-9: Menus in the Edit Functions Option

**3.** To enter data into the user program, double-click on the *Site Edit Menu*. The window appears similar to Figure C-10 below.



🖷, SITE EDIT MENU		×
PROGRAM Channel 1 Channel 2 Global	Channel PROGRAM Istatus system Pipe parameters Input/output SET UP	Previous Item Next Item
1		Exit Page

#### Figure C-10: The Site Edit Menu Window

- **4.** To enter a particular menu (Channel 1, Channel 2, or Global), highlight and double-click on the desired menu in the left pane. For example, clicking on Channel 1 in Figure C-10 above opens the list of options shown in the center pane.
- **5.** To enter a particular option:
  - **a.** Highlight and double-click on the desired option in the center pane. Figure C-11 on the next page shows the first entry (Transducer Number) in the *Pipe Parameters* option. The title above the center pane lists the current entry, while the center pane displays the available selections for that entry.
  - **b.** Click on the desired choice; if the entry requires a numeric or text value, change the value displayed in the right pane.

Entering the User Program via PanaView (cont.)

, SITE EDIT MENU			
PROGRAM	TRANSDUCER NUMBER	VALUE	
Channel 1 Channel 2	Standard Special	71	Previous Item
Global			Next Item
	I		
	Channel PROGRAM Pipe pa	rameters	
			Exit Page



**c.** Do one of the following:

Click on [Next Item] to proceed to the next menu item,

or

Click on [Previous Item] to return back through the menu to a previous item.

**Note:** *If you click on either* [Next Item] *or* [Previous Item] *without changing the settings, the current settings remain unchanged.* 

As you step through the menu, the bottom panel lists the current settings you have modified or left unchanged, as shown in Figure C-12 below. If you modify or step through more than five items, a scroll bar at the right of the panel lets you review the earlier settings.

🖷, site edit menu			×
PROGRAM Channel 1 Channel 2 Global	TRACKING WINDOWS?         No         Yes         AXIAL LENGTH L 13.5 inches         PATH LENGTH P 16 inches         PIPE WALL 0.25 inches         PIPE WALL 0.25 inches         PIPE VOD 1.5 inches         PIPE OD 1.5 inches         TRANSDUCER NUMBER 71 Standard	Previous Item	
J		Exit Page	

Figure C-12: Site Edit Menu with Current Settings

**6.** When you have completed entering parameters in a given option, click [Exit Page] to close the option. You can then double-click on another option, or click [Close] to close the window.

You can double-click on another menu to modify its settings, or return to the *New Meter Browser*. Proceed to the following sections to enter data in the Channel or Global menus.

# Entering Data in the Channel Menu

The Channel menu is used to enter data specific to each channel. Refer to Figures D-1 through D-3 in Appendix D, *PanaView Menu Maps*, and remember to record all programming data in Appendix B, *Data Records*.

**Note:** In this manual, only the programming of Channel 1 will be described. To program Channel 2 of a 2-Channel meter, simply repeat the same procedures presented for Channel 1.

Selecting the Channel Measurement Method The Status submenu permits selection of the desired measurement method.

- 1. In the *Site Data Menu*, double-click on the desired channel.
- **2.** Highlight and double-click on the Stotus option in the center pane. The window now appears similar to Figure C-13 below.

SITE EDIT MENU		×
<b>PROGRAM</b> Channel 1 Global	Site status Burst Previous Item Next Item	
	Channel PROGRAM status	
1	Exit Page	

Figure C-13: The Status Option in the Channel Menu

3. Double-click on *Burst* to activate the channel/path.

**Note:** Burst *is automatically selected for a 1-Channel meter.* 

- **4.** Double-click on one of the measurement methods described below.
  - Skan Only is the preferred technique for locating the acoustic signal and for high velocity measurements. It is more robust in a noisy environment than the Measure technique.
  - Skan/Measure is the preferred technique to use for low velocity measurements.

If Skan Only is selected at the above prompt, the meter uses this technique exclusively. However, if Skan/Measure is selected, the meter uses Skan Only to find the acoustic signal and then tries to use the Skan/Measure technique for the actual measurement.

**Note:** To change the Skan Only and Skan/Measure parameters, see the Signal submenu section on page 1-14.

PanaView returns to the Channel PROGRAM menu shown in Figure C-10 on page C-9. Proceed to the System option.

Entering Data in the Channel System Option

- 1. From the Channel PROGRAM menu, highlight and double-click on the System option in the center pane.
- **2.** The first prompt asks for the *Channel Label*. Enter the desired label (in any numeric or text combination up to five characters) in the right pane, and click [Next ltem].
- 3. Enter the desired *Channel Message*, and click [Next Item].
- **4.** Double-click on the desired *Volumetric Units* (from the list shown in Table C-1 below).
- **Note:** *Refer to the System option of the* Global *menu to choose between English or metric measurements.*

English	Metric
Actual Cubic Feet	Actual Cubic Meters
Thousands of ACF	Thousands of ACM
Millions of ACF	Millions of ACM
Standard Cubic Feet	Standard Cubic Meters
Thousands of SCF	Thousands of SCM
Millions of SCF	Millions of SCM

Table C-1: Available Volumetric/Totalizer Units

- **5.** Double-click on the desired unit of *Volumetric Time* (from seconds to days) in the volumetric flow display.
- **6.** Double-click on the desired number of *Decimal Digits* (digits to the right of the decimal point) in the volumetric flow display.
- **7.** Double-click on the desired *Totalizer Units* for the totalized flow rate display (listed in Table C-1 above).
- **8.** Double-click on the desired number of *Decimal Digits* (digits to the right of the decimal point) in the totalized flow rate display.

The program now varies, depending on whether you have activated MASS FLOW (see Chapter 1 for details).

- If you have activated MASS FLOW, continue to step 1 on the next page.
- If you are not using MASS FLOW, PanaView returns to the Channel PROGRAM window shown in Figure C-10 on page C-9. Proceed to the Pipe option.

Programming the Mass Flow Option

**1.** Double-click on the desired *Mass Flow* units for flow rate display (listed in Table C-2 below).

Table C-2: Available Mass Flow Units

English	Metric
Pounds	Kilograms
KiloPounds = Thousands of Pounds	Tonnes = Metric Tons (1000 KG)
MillionPounds	
TONS (2000 LB)	

- 2. Double-click on the desired *Mass Flow Time* units.
- **3.** Double-click on the desired number of *MDOT Decimal Digits* (digits to the right of the decimal point) in the mass flow rate display.
- **4.** Double-click on the desired *Mass Totalizer* units for the totalized mass flow rate display (listed in Table C-2 above).
- **5.** Double-click on the desired number of *Mass Decimal Digits* (digits to the right of the decimal point) in the totalized mass flow rate display.

PanaView returns to the Channel PROGRAM window shown in Figure C-10 on page C-9. Proceed to the Pipe option on the next page.

Entering Pipe Parameters	<ul> <li>Enter the transducer and pipe parameters via the Pipe submenu. While following the programming instructions, refer to Figure D-1 on page D-1 of Appendix D, <i>PanaView Menu Maps</i>.</li> <li>1. From the Channel PROGRAM menu, highlight and double-click on the Pipe Parameters option in the center pane.</li> <li>2. The first prompt asks for the <i>Transducer Number</i>.</li> <li>For a standard transducer, double-click on the <i>Standard</i> option in the center pane. Then enter the number engraved on the transducer head in the right pane, and click [Next Item].</li> </ul>	
	• If there is click on t to 99), an	s no number engraved on the transducer head, double- he <i>Special</i> option, enter an assigned number (from 91 ad click [Next Item].
	IMPORTANT:	Special transducers, which have no engraved number on the head, are rarely used. Examine the transducer head carefully for a number.
	The menu now	varies, depending on your selection in step 2.
	• If you entered the number for a standard transducer, procee <i>Pipe OD</i> prompt in step 4.	
	• If you entere 3 below.	ed the number for a special transducer, proceed to step
Special Transducers	<ul><li>3. For special transducers:</li><li>Note: GE Sensing will supply the information required for steps and b with the transducers.</li></ul>	
<b>a.</b> Double-click on the appropriate <i>Frequ</i> 500 kHz). The frequency is required to voltage at the transducer's natural freq		click on the appropriate <i>Frequency</i> (from 25 kHz to ). The frequency is required to transmit an excitation at the transducer's natural frequency.
	<b>b.</b> Enter the click [Ne	<i>Time Delay (Tw)</i> value supplied by GE Sensing and ext Item].
	Tw is the time a transducer and transit times of an accurate mea	required for the transducer signal to travel through the its cable. This time delay must be subtracted from the the upstream and downstream transducers to ensure asurement.

**4.** Click on the appropriate *Pipe OD Unit* type in the center pane from the list shown in Table C-3 below. Then enter the known pipe outside diameter or circumference in the right pane and click [Next Item].

Obtain the required information by measuring either the pipe outside diameter (OD) or circumference at the transducer installation site. The data may also be obtained from standard pipe size tables found in *Sound Speeds and Pipe Size Data* (914-004).

English	Metric
inch	mm
feet	meters
circum.in. = pipe circumference in inches	circum.mm = pipe circumference in milli- meters
circum.ft= pipe circumference in feet	circum.m = pipe circumference in meters

Table C-3: Available Pipe OD Units

5. Enter the known *Pipe Wall Thickness* (in inches or mm) in the right pane and click [Next Item].

- **6.** Click on the appropriate *Path Length* unit type in the center pane. Then enter the path length of the ultrasonic signal in the right pane and click [Next Item].
- Note: If a spoolpiece was ordered with the meter, the transducer signal path length (P) and the transducer signal axial length (L) are engraved on the flowcell and/or are included in the documentation supplied with the meter. For on-site transducer installations, refer to Appendix C, Measuring P and L Dimensions, in the Startup Guide for instructions.
- 7. Click on the appropriate *Axial Length* unit type in the center pane. Then enter the axial length of the ultrasonic signal in the right pane and click [Next Item].

Path and	Axial	Lengths
----------	-------	---------

C-15

# Pipe OD

Fluid Type	8. Double-click on the appropriate <i>Fluid Type</i> , either <i>Air</i> or <i>Other</i> .
	• If you select <i>Other</i> , PanaView asks for the <i>Fluid Soundspeed</i> . Enter the appropriate soundspeed (in ft/sec) and click [Next ltem].
Reynolds Correction	<b>9.</b> Double-click on the appropriate choice to indicate whether you want <i>Reynolds Correction</i> .
	• If <i>Off</i> is selected, enter the <i>Calibration Factor</i> and click on [Next Item].
	• If <i>On</i> is selected, enter the <i>Kinematic Viscosity</i> and click [Next Item]. Then enter the <i>Calibration Factor</i> and click [Next Item].
	PanaView returns to the Channel PROGRAM menu. You have completed entering pipe parameters.

Entering Input/Output Parameters	Enter the zero cutoff value and set up the temperature, pressure and quality inputs via the Input/Output submenu. While programming these parameters, refer to Figure D-1 on page D-1 of Appendix D, <i>PanaView Menu Maps</i> .	
	<b>IMPORTANT:</b> If an opt it may b section of	ion card in Slot 1 fails to appear in this menu, e turned OFF. See the Global-I/O-Options on page C-29 for setup instructions.
Zero Cutoff Value	Near a zero flow rate, the due to small offsets causs force a zero display read <i>cutoff value</i> as described	e Model XGM868i's readings may fluctuate ed by thermal drift or similar factors. To ing when there is minimal flow, enter a <i>zero</i> in the following steps:
	1. From the Channel ma Output option in the	enu, highlight and double-click on the Input/ center pane.
	2. The program asks for sec (0 to 0.30 m/sec) The recommended se	the Zero Cutoff. Enter a value from 0 to 1 ft/ for the zero cutoff and click [Next Item]. tting is 0.1 ft/sec (0.03 m/sec).
Temperature Input	nperature Input The XGM868i can use either a fixed te temperature input to calculate the dens	
	1. Double-click on a <i>Fix</i> card in <i>Slot 1</i> that wil [Next Item].	<i>xed</i> temperature value or to set up the option I supply the live temperature input and press
	Note: If Slot 1 contains input assigned to as an option at th stable, a fixed va require a live tem card for temperature.	an activated option card with an analog Temperature or an RTD input, Slot 1 appears e above prompt. If the process temperature is lue may be used, but most applications perature input. If there is no active option ture, the meter assumes you are using a fixed
	2. Proceed to one of the	following sections:
	• If you selected <i>Fix</i>	ed - proceed to Step 3.
	• If you selected <i>Slo</i>	t 1 - proceed to Step 4.
	3. Enter the known <i>Fixe</i> [Next Item]. The meter (-200 to 1,000°C). Press	<i>d Temp.</i> (process temperature) and click er will accept values from -328 to 1,832°F occeed to <i>Base Temperature</i> on the next page.
	<b>4.</b> Select <i>Input A</i> or <i>Input A</i> labeled during setup.	<i>ut B</i> and click [Next Item]. The inputs were
	Note: The set up of Inpu procedures would	ıt A is used as an example. Identical l be used to set up Input B.

Base Temperature	• Enter the <i>Base Temperature</i> and click [Next Item]. The ratio of this value to the actual temperature is used to calculate the standard mass flow rate.	
	2. Do one of the following:	
	• If you selected Pressure as the Input Type, proceed to <i>Pressure Input</i> below.	
	• If you selected Temperature as the Input Type, proceed to <i>Base Pressure</i> below.	
Pressure Input	1. Double-click on a <i>Fixed</i> pressure value or to set up the option card in <i>Slot 1</i> that will supply the live pressure input.	
	<b>Note:</b> If Slot 1 contains an activated option card with an input assigned to Pressure, Slot 1 appears as an option at the above prompt. If the process pressure is stable, a fixed value may be used, but most applications require a live pressure input. If there is no active option card for pressure, the meter assumes you are using a fixed pressure.	
	<b>2.</b> Proceed to one of the following steps:	
	• If you selected Fixed - proceed to Step 3.	
	• If you selected Slot 1 - proceed to Step 4.	
	<b>3.</b> Enter the known <i>Fixed</i> process <i>Pressure</i> and click [Next Item]. The meter will only accept values from 0 to 5,000 psia. Proceed to <i>Base Pressure</i> below.	
	<b>4.</b> Double-click on <i>Input A</i> or <i>Input B</i> . The inputs were labeled during setup.	
	<b>Note:</b> The set up of Input A is used as an example. Identical procedures would be used to set up Input B.	
Base Pressure	<b>1.</b> Enter the <i>Base Pressure</i> and click [Next Item]. The ratio of this value to the actual pressure is used to calculate the standard mass flow rate.	
Low Pressure Switch	1. Click on <i>Yes</i> or <i>No</i> to activate or deactivate the <i>Low Pressure Switch</i> software function and click [Next Item].	
	• If you selected Yes, enter the <i>Pressure Limit</i> , the low pressure switch set point, and click [Next Item]. The acceptable range is 0 to 5,000 psia. The meter will stop taking readings if the pressure drops below this value.	
	PanaView returns to the Channel PROGRAM menu. You have completed entering input/output parameters.	

Entering Setup Parameters	The signal limits and response times for the Model XGM868i are specified via the SETUP submenu. While following the programming instructions, refer to Figure D-3 on page D-3 of Appendix D, <i>PanaView Menu Maps</i> . This submenu includes four options:		
	• Signal - set the parameters related to the transducer signal		
	• <i>VAveraging</i> - specify the response of the meter to step changes		
	• Default Setup - initialize all parameters to default values		
	• <i>Advanced Features</i> - enable mass flow or activate K factors.		
	To enter the Set Up submenu, highlight and double-click on the <i>Set</i> $Up$ option in the center pane of the Channel menu. Remember to record all programmed data in Appendix B, <i>Data Records</i> .		
The Signal Option	Use this option to set the limits for the incoming signal and other parameters affecting the transducer signal. For example, the programmed signal strength low limit may be used to determine the trigger point for an alarm.		
	Caution!		
	The Signal default settings are suitable for most		
	before changing any of these parameters.		

- 1. From the Set Up option menu, highlight and double-click on *Signal* in the center pane.
- 2. For each parameter, click [Next ltem] to accept the current value or enter a new value and click [Next ltem]. Table C-4 on the next page lists ranges and default parameters for each parameter.

Ĩ			
Transducer Signal Parameters	Range	Default Value	Description
Signal Low Limit	-20 to 100	20	The E1:LOW SIGNAL error message appears when the signal strength falls below the programmed SIGNAL LOW LIMIT value. See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes.
Correlation Peak Limit	0 to 500	100	The E4: SIGNAL QUALITY error message appears when the signal quality falls below the programmed COR. PEAK LIMIT value. See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes
Soundspeed+- Limit	1 to 50%	20%	The E2:SOUNDSPEED error message appears when the calculated fluid sound speed differs from the fluid sound speed entered in the Channelx-System menu by more than the programmed SOUNDSPEED +- LIMIT value. See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes.
Velocity Low Limit	-500 to 500 ft/sec (-150 to 150 m/sec)	-150 ft/sec (-46 m/sec)	The E3: VELOCITY RANGE error messages appears when the calculated fluid velocity is less than the programmed VELOCITY LOW LIMIT value.See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes.
Velocity High Limit	-500 to 500 ft/sec (-150 to 150 m/sec)	150 ft/sec (46 m/sec)	The E3: VELOCITY RANGE error messages appears when the calculated fluid velocity exceeds the programmed VELOCITY HIGH LIMIT value. See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes.
Acceleration Limit	0 to 250 ft/s (0 to 76 m/s)	15 ft/s (5 m/s)	The E6: CYCLE SKIP error message appears when the calculated fluid velocity changes by more than the programmed ACCELERATION LIMIT value from one reading to the next. See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes.
Amplitude Discriminator Low	0 to 100	14	The amplitude discriminator measures the transducer signal received by the Model XGM868i. The default value for the above parameter is 14, and values from 0 to 100 are acceptable. The E5: AMPLITUDE error message appears when the amplitude discriminator falls below the programmed AMP. DISCRIM LOW value. See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes.
Amplitude Discriminator High	0 to 100	34	The amplitude discriminator measures the transducer signal received by the Model XGM868i. The default value for the above parameter is 34, and values from 0 to 100 are acceptable. The E5: AMPLITUDE error message appears when the amplitude discriminator exceeds the programmed AMP. DISCRIM HIGH value. See Chapter 2 in the Service Manual for a discussion of error codes.
Delta T Offset	-1000 to 1000 µsec	0 µsec	An offset between the upstream and downstream transit times is specified at this prompt.

Table C-4: Transducer Signal Settings

Transducer Signal Parameters	Range	Default Value	Description
Skan T Offset	–500 to 500 µsec	58 µsec	At this prompt, specify a time measurement offset that compensates for any shift resulting from cross- correlation. Set to 0 for active Skan T Offset.
% of Peak	1 to 100%	50%	The percentage of peak used to calculate the transit times and Delta T is specified at this prompt.
M>S Switch	0 to 250 µsec	50 µsec	If the burst mode is set to Skan/Measure (S/M), the meter switches from Skan to Measure Mode when Delta T is less than the M>S_Switch value. <b>DO NOT</b> change this value unless advised to do so by the factory.
# Shifts	0 to 10	3	The number of shifts corresponds to the actual number of transmits per cycle (number of signals added together in one direction to produce an averaged signal for one interrogation of the fluid) and need only be changed if the environment is very noisy or the acoustic signal is weak.
A Divisor	0.1 to 10	2.5	A Divisor is used to calculate the Measure Mode integrated threshold level and is not normally changed.
# Transmit Pulses	1 to 16	4	# Transmit Pulses specifies the number of pulses in a burst. For difficult conditions (i.e. long paths, high velocity or high temperature), settings as high as 16 may be necessary.
T Window (cycles)	0 to 1000	0	The XGM868i calculates the size of the transmit window based on pipe size and fluid sound speed. However, for diagnostic purposes, the window size may be reset.
R Window (cycles)	10 to 128	10	The XGM868i calculates the size of the receive window based on pipe size and fluid soundspeed. However, for diagnostic purposes, the window size may be reset.

Table C-4	Transducer	Signal Settings	(Continued)
	nunsuucei	Jighui Jetungs	(Continueu)

After responding to the above prompt, the meter returns to the  $\mathsf{SET}\,\mathsf{UP}$  option window.

The Default Setup Option	Use this option to initialize (reset) all of the parameters within the Set Up Signal menu back to their default values. Complete the following steps to reset all of the parameters:	
	<ol> <li>From the Set Up option menu, highlight and double-click on <i>Default Setup</i> in the center pane.</li> </ol>	
	<b>2.</b> Double-click on <i>No</i> to keep the current values or on <i>Yes</i> to reset all values to their default settings.	
	After responding to the above prompt, the meter returns to the Set $\cup p$ option window.	
The V Averaging Option	Use this option to specify the number of readings that occur before the meter will respond to a step change in flow rate. In general, the smaller the number of readings, the less steady the display will appear. Complete the following steps to set the response time:	
	<ol> <li>From the Set Up option menu, highlight and double-click on V Averaging in the center pane.</li> </ol>	
	2. Double-click on the desired <i>Response Time</i> (from 1 to 60 sec).	
	For best results, select the STATS (statistics) option, as this increases the response time under steady flow conditions while still allowing a rapid response to changes in flow rate.	
	After responding to the above prompt, the meter returns to the Set ${\sf Up}$ option window.	

The Advanced Features Option	This option enables you to enable the more advanced features of the meter. In this option you can do the following:
	• enter a table of K-factors (based on velocity or reynolds number) that compensates for non-linear flow rates
	• enable mass flow (calculated for static fluid density)
The Multiple K Factors Option	Use this option to enter a table of K-factors. K-factors are used to create a curve for the flow range (based on velocity or reynolds number) that compensates for non-linear flow rates. The meter accepts from 2 to 20 pairs. Complete the following steps to enter multiple K factors for velocity or reynolds values:
	<b>1.</b> From the <i>Advanced Features</i> option menu, highlight and double- click on <i>Multiple K Factors</i> in the center pane.
	2. Double-click on <i>Yes</i> to <i>Activate Multi K Factors</i> or on <i>No</i> to disable this option.
	If NO was selected, the meter returns to the <i>Advanced Features</i> window. If YES was selected, proceed to Step 3.
	<b>3.</b> Double-click on the desired <i>Custom Type</i> (velocity or reynolds).
	<b>4.</b> Double-click on <i>Yes</i> to <i>Edit</i> the K-factor <i>Table</i> or on <i>No</i> to retain the current K-factor table (and return to the <i>Advanced Features</i> window).
	<b>Note:</b> If the necessary velocity/reynolds vs. K-factor data was not provided with the Model XGM868i's documentation, the K-factor table cannot be edited.
	If NO was selected, the meter returns to the <i>Advanced Features</i> window. If YES was selected, proceed to Step 5.
	5. Enter the <i>Number Of K-factors</i> (from 2 to 20) to be entered into the table, and click [Next Item].
	<b>Note:</b> When editing the K-factor table, the velocities must be entered in increasing order.
	6. Enter the <i>Velocity/Reynolds Value</i> for K-factor number "X" and click [Next Item].
	7. Enter the <i>K</i> -factor corresponding to velocity/reynolds number "X" (0.333 to 3.0) and click [Next Item].
	The <i>Velocity</i> # and <i>K Factor</i> # prompts repeat for each pair. After entering all the pairs, the meter returns to the <i>Advanced Features</i> window

The Mass Flow Option	Use this option to calculate mass flow from a static fluid density. Complete the following steps to enter the static density of the fluid:
	1. From the <i>Advanced Features</i> option menu, highlight and double- click on <i>Mass flow calculation</i> in the center pane.
	2. Double-click on <i>Yes</i> to activate <i>Static Density</i> or on <i>No</i> to disable this option. (If you select No, PanaView returns to the <i>Advanced Features</i> window.)
	<b>3.</b> Double-click the <i>Density Type</i> (fluid density (Rho) or molecular weight (Mw)) and click [Next Item].
	<b>4.</b> Do one of the following:
	• If you selected Rho - proceed to Step 5.
	• If you selected Mw - proceed to Step 7.
	<b>5.</b> Double-click the type of volumetric units (standard - StVOL or actual-AcVOL) for the measurement data display and click [Next ltem].
	6. Enter the <i>Fluid Density</i> (0.00001 to 0.100 lb/ft <sup>3</sup> or 0.00001 to 123.18 kg/m <sup>3</sup> ) and click [Next Item]. PanaView returns to the Advanced Features window.
	Aavancea Features window.
	7. Enter the <i>Molecular Weight</i> and click [Next Item].
	After responding to the above prompt, the meter returns to the <i>Advanced Features</i> window. Click [Exit Page] three times to return to the <i>Site Edit Menu</i> .

# Entering Data in the Global Menu

The Global menu is used to enter information that is not specific to any of the individual channels. Information programmed via this menu is used to enter several general system parameters (e.g., English or metric units). For meters with 2 channels, this menu is also used to compute parameters such as the sum, difference or average of the channel 1 and channel 2 signals. When calculating the SUM, DIF or AVE readouts, data from the Global-System submenu is used. Any conflicting data entered in the Channel-System submenu is overridden.

The following submenus are included in the Global menu:

- System use to specify the units of measure used in calculations
- Input/Output used to set up error handling and to configure analog inputs and outputs
- Comm port used to set up the serial communications port and MODBUS parameters

To enter the Global menu, double-click on the Global entry in the left pane of the *Site Edit Menu* window. Then proceed to the appropriate section of this chapter for instructions. Refer to Figure D-4 on page D-4 in Appendix D, *PanaView Menu Maps*, and remember to record all programming data in Appendix B, *Data Records*.

Entering Global-System Data

While completing these instructions, refer to the menu map in Figure D-4 on page D-4 in Appendix D, *PanaView Menu Maps*.

- 1. In the Site Data Menu, double-click on the Global entry.
- **2.** Highlight and double-click on the *System* option in the center pane. The window now appears similar to Figure C-14 below.

SITE EDIT MENU		×
PROGRAM Channel 1 Global	SYSTEM UNITS ENGLISH metric Next Ib	ltem em
	Global PROGRAM system Advanced Features Mass flow calculation SET UP Advanced Features Channel PROGRAM Set up PRESSURE LIMIT 0 PSI gauge	
		ge

Figure C-14: The System Option in the Global Menu

- **3.** Double-click on the desired *System Units* selection (either metric or English). The XGM868i will display all parameters and measurements in the designated units.
- **4.** Double-click on the desired *Pressure Units* (absolute or gauge) and click [Next Item].
  - **a.** If gauge was selected, enter the desired *Atmospheric Pressure*, and click [Next Item].
- **5.** Do one of the following:
- For a single-channel XGM868i, the program returns to the Global program menu. Click [Exit Page].
- For a 2-channel meter, proceed to step 1 on the next page.

# Volumetric Units

**1.** Double-click on the desired *Volumetric Units* for the flow rate display. Table C-5 below lists the available units.

English	Metric
Actual Cubic Feet	Actual Cubic Meters
Thousands of ACF	Thousands of ACM
Millions of ACF	Millions of ACM
Standard Cubic Feet	Standard Cubic Meters
Thousands of SCF	Thousands of SCM
Millions of SCF	Millions of SCM

## Table C-5: Available Volumetric/Totalizer Units

- 2. Double-click on the desired *Time* units for the flow rate display.
- **3.** Double-click on the desired number of *Vol Decimal Digits* (digits to the right of the decimal point in the volumetric flow rate display).
- **1.** Double-click on the desired *Totalizer Units* for the totalized flow rate display. Available units are listed in Table C-5 above.
- **2.** Double-click on the desired number of *Tot Decimal Digits* (digits to the right of the decimal point in the totalized flow rate display).
- **3.** Do one of the following:
  - If MASS FLOW is ON, proceed to *Selecting the Mass Flow Units* below.
  - If MASS FLOW is OFF, the meter returns to the Global PROGRAM window. Click [Exit Page] to return to the *Site Edit Menu*.
- **Note:** To activate mass flow, refer to page C-24. The following prompts will only appear if mass flow is activated for both channels.

Selecting Totalizer Units

Programming Mass Flow Data

1. Double-click on the desired Mass Flow units for flow rate display (listed in Table C-6 below).

Table C-6: Available Mass Flow Units		
English	Metric	
Pounds	Kilograms	
KiloPounds (Thousands of Pounds)	Tonne = Metric Tons (1000 KG)	
MillionPounds		
TONS (2000 LB)		

#### \_ .. . . . \_. .. ..

- 2. Double-click on the desired Mass Flow Time units (from seconds to days).
- 3. Double-click on the desired number of MDOT Dec.Digits (digits to the right of the decimal point) in the mass flow rate display.
- 4. Double-click on the desired Mass Totalizer (units for the totalized mass flow rate display, listed in Table C-6 above).
- 5. Double-click on the desired number of Mass Decimal Digits (digits to the right of the decimal point) in the totalized mass flow rate display.

The XGM868i returns to the Global PROGRAM window. Click [Exit Page] to return to the *Site Edit Menu*.

You have completed entering selections in this option. The program returns to the Global PROGRAM menu.

Setting Up Inputs and<br/>OutputsSet up the XGM868i's inputs and outputs via the I/O submenu. While<br/>following the programming instructions, refer to Figure D-4 on page<br/>D-4 in Appendix D, *PanaView Menu Maps*. Remember to record all<br/>programmed data in Appendix B, *Data Records*. The I/O submenu<br/>consists of the following options:

- Error Handling program the meter's response during an error condition
- Options set up any option cards and the Slot 0 analog outputs
- Display set up the LCD display.

To enter the I/O submenu:

- 1. In the *Site Data Menu*, double-click on the Global entry.
- **2.** Highlight and double-click on the *Input/Output* option in the center pane.
- **Note:** *In this section,* Slot 1 *appears as an option only if a suitable option card is installed in Slot 1.*

Setting Up Error Handling This menu option lets you set how the XGM868i will handle the outputs for measurements and average (two-path) measurements during an error condition. See Chapter 2, *Error Codes*, in the *Service Manual* for a discussion of the built-in error codes.

- 1. From the Input/Output option, highlight and double-click on the *Error Handling* option in the center pane.
- **2.** Double-click on the desired *Error Handling* selection (as shown in Table C-7 below and Table C-8 on the next page).
  - **a.** If you selected *Error Level in mA*, enter the *4-20 mA Error Level* (the number of milliamps the analog output will put out during a fault condition). Enter a whole number between 0 and 22, and click [Next Item].

See Table C-7 below and Table C-8 on the following page for a description of the error handling options available and how the totalizers and display respond to them for a single and two-channel meter.

Option	Output Response	Totalizer Response
Hold Last Value	Holds the last "good" reading	Holds the last "good" reading and continues to totalize, based on that reading
Force Low	Forces the outputs to the low set point	Stops totalizing
Force High	Forces the outputs to the high set point	Stops totalizing
Force High High	Forces the outputs ≈10% above the high set point	Stops totalizing
Error Level in mA	Allows user to enter 4- 20 mA error level in mA.	Sends analog outputs to entered mA level when a fault occurs.

#### Table C-7: Error Options and Responses for a Single-Channel Meter

# The Error Option (cont.)

		Totalizer Resp Han	onse When Error dling is
When Measuring	Display Response	HOLD	LOW, HIGH, HHIGH
CH1 or CH2 (vel, vol, etc.)	Holds last "good" reading.	Holds last "good" reading and continues to totalize based on that "good" reading.	Stops totalizing.
SUM	Adds two channels using the last "good" reading.	Holds last "good" reading and continues to totalize based on two channels.	Stops totalizing if either or both channels go into error.
DIF	Subtracts two channels using the last "good" reading.	Holds last "good" reading and continues to totalize based on two channels.	Stops totalizing if either or both channels go into error.
AVE	See Error Handling for Average Measurements below.		

#### Table C-8: Error Options and Responses for a 2-Channel Meter

For a one-channel meter, after responding to the above prompt, the meter returns to the Global I/O prompt shown on the previous page. For a two-channel meter, proceed to step 3 below.

Error Handling for Average Measurements - AVE The 2PATH ERROR HANDLING option is intended for applications where two sets of transducers are installed in the same location in the same pipe to improve accuracy and the meter is operated in AVE mode. With this function enabled, the Model XGM868i performs error handling only if <u>both</u> channels are in error. If this function is disabled, error handling occurs when <u>either</u> channel goes into error.

**3.** Double-click *Yes* to enable *Two-path Error Handling*, or on *No* to disable this function.

Specific responses of the display and the totalizer to the two-path error handling option available at the above prompt are listed in Table C-9 on the following page.

Error Handling for Average Measurements - AVE (cont.)

# Table C-9: 2-Path Error Response Options

Option	Display Response	Totalizer Response
NO	Displays the average of CH1 and CH2, regardless of the error state of either channel.	Outputs the average of CH1 and CH2 totals, regardless of the error state of either channel.
YES	<ol> <li>If one channel is in error, the other channel's value is displayed as the average.</li> <li>If both channels are in error, the last average reading is held.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>If one channel is in error, totalizing continues.</li> <li>If both channels are in error, totalizing stops.</li> </ol>

After responding to the above prompt, the meter returns to the  ${\sf Input}/{\sf Output}$  option menu.

Setting Up Option Cards	The Model XGM868i has two buil assigned to Slot 0. Also, a variety o installed in Slot 1. See Chapter 1, <i>In</i> a complete description of the avail	t-in analog outputs, which are f input/output option cards may be <i>stallation</i> , of the <i>Startup Guide</i> for able option cards.
	To access this submenu, double-cli Input/Output submenu. This menu scale the inputs and outputs. To acc following steps:	ck on the <i>Options</i> entry in the option is used to set up and/or complish this, complete the
	• Double-click on the desired <i>I/O</i> in that slot.	<i>Slot</i> to program the I/O functions
	<b>Note:</b> If an option card is not instant not appear at the above pro-	ulled in Slot 1, the Slot1 option does ompt.
	Proceed to the appropriate section specific to the type of input or outp	for programming instructions put selected above.
Analog Outputs	Complete the following steps to se (refer to Figure D-4 on page D-4):	t up the analog outputs for any slot
	<b>1.</b> Double-click on the desired <i>Ou</i>	tput (A or B).
	<b>Note:</b> The set up of output A is us procedures would be used t	ed here as an example. Identical o set up output B.
	2. Double-click on <i>Off</i> to disable O 0-20 mA or 4-20 mA to specify	Dutput A and return to step 1, or on the desired range for output A.
	<b>Note:</b> For a 1-Channel meter, proceed to step 4.	
	<b>3.</b> Double-click on the desired <i>Cha</i> below for a description of the c	<i>annel</i> option. See Table C-10 hannel options available.
	Table C-10: Channel Options	
	Option	Description

option	2000.101.011
Channel 1	Channel 1
Channel 2	Channel 2
Add Channels	CH1+CH2
Subtract Channels	CH1-CH2
Average Channels	(CH1+CH2)/2

**4.** Double-click on the desired *Measurement Name*. (Table C-11 on the next page provides a description of the available parameters.)

Analog Outputs (cont.)

**Note:** All the options shown below will only appear if Mass Flow is activated.

Option Bar	Description	Good	Bad
Velocity	Displays the flow velocity.	N.A.	N.A.
Volumetric	Displays the volumetric flow.	N.A.	N.A.
FWD Total	Displays the forward totalized volume flow.	N.A.	N.A.
REV Total	Displays the reverse totalized volume flow.	N.A.	N.A.
Time	Displays the total flow measurement time.	N.A.	N.A.
Mass Flow	Displays the mass flow.	N.A.	N.A.
FWD Mass	Displays the forward totalized mass flow.	N.A.	N.A.
REV Mass	Displays the reverse totalized mass flow.	N.A.	N.A.
UP Sig Strength	Displays the signal strength for the upstream transducer.	50-75	<50 or >75
DN Sig Strength	Displays the signal strength for the downstream transducer.	50-75	<50 or >75
Soundspeed	Displays the measured speed of sound in the gas.	N.A.	N.A.
UP Transit	Displays the upstream ultrasonic signal transit time.	N.A.	N.A.
DN Transit	Displays the downstream ultrasonic signal transit time.	N.A.	N.A.
Delta T	Displays the transit time difference between the upstream and downstream signals.	N.A.	N.A.
K(Re)*Multi K*K Factor	K factor, based on the Reynolds number.	N.A.	N.A.
PEAK%	Displays the percentage of peak (set to +50 by default).	N.A.	N.A.
UP Signal Q	Displays the signal quality for the upstream transducer.	Š 1200	-400 to +400
DN Signal Q	Displays the signal quality for the downstream transducer.	Š 1200	-400 to +400
UP Amp Discrim	Displays the value for the signal amplitude of the upstream transducer.	24 ± 5	<19 or >29
DN Amp Discrim	Displays the value for the signal amplitude of the downstream transducer.	24 ± 5	<19 or >29

### Table C-11: Available Measurement Parameters

Option Bar	Description	Good	Bad
UP DAC COUNTS	Displays the AGC DAC count for the upstream gain setting.	N.A.	N.A.
DN DAC COUNTS	Displays the AGC DAC count for the downstream gain setting.	N.A.	N.A.
UP +-Peak	Displays signal peaks for the upstream transducer.	100-2300	<100 or >2300
DN +- Peak	Displays signal peaks for the downstream transducer.	100-2300	<100 or >2300
Temperature	Displays the gas temperature (from 0/4-20 mA input).	N.A.	N.A.
Pressure	Displays the gas pressure (from 0/4-20 mA input).	N.A.	N.A.
Act Vol.	Displays actual volumetric flow.	N.A.	N.A.
Std Vol.	Displays standard volumetric flow.	N.A.	N.A.
Up Transit S <sup>1</sup>	Displays Skan transit time upstream.	N.A.	N.A.
Dn Transit S <sup>1</sup>	Displays Skan transit time downstream.	N.A.	N.A.
Delta T S <sup>1</sup>	Displays Skan Delta T.	N.A.	N.A.
Up Transit M <sup>1</sup>	Displays Measure transit time upstream.	N.A.	N.A.
Dn Transit M <sup>1</sup>	Displays Measure transit time down- stream.	N.A.	N.A.
Delta T M <sup>1</sup>	Displays Measure Delta T.	N.A.	N.A.
Vinst	Displays the instantaneous velocity.	N.A.	N.A.
<sup>1</sup> available only if Burst Mode = S/M			

Table C-11: Available Measurement Parameters (Continued)

**Note:** *The measurement units that appear in these prompts are those selected in the* Global-System *menu earlier in this section.* 

- 5. Enter a flow rate value for the *Zero* (low) end of the analog output range and click [Next Item].
- **6.** Enter a flow rate value for the *Full* (high) end of the analog output range and click [Next Item].

After responding to the above prompt, the meter returns to step 1. Click [Exit Page] to proceed to another menu or option. Option Card Analog Inputs Complete the following steps to set up the analog inputs of an option card installed in Slot 1 (refer to Figure D-4 on page D-4):

- **1.** Double-click on the desired *Input* (A, B, C or D).
- **Note:** *The setup of input A is used as an example. Identical procedures would be used to set up the remaining inputs.*
- 2. Enter a *Label* of up to eight characters for input A and click on [Next Item].
- **3.** Double-click on *Off* to disable Input A and return to step 1, or on *Temp* or *Spec* to designate it as a temperature or special input.

#### • OFF

If OFF was selected to disable input A, the meter returns to the *Input* prompt in step 1. Double-click on another input, or click [Exit Page] to move to another menu.

#### • TEMP or PRESR

If TEMP or PRESR was selected to set up input A as a live temperature or pressure input, complete steps 4 and 5 below:

- 4. Enter a value for the *Base* (low) end of the analog input range and click [Next Item].
- 5. Enter a value for the *Full Scale* (high) end of the analog input range and click [Next Item].

After responding to the above prompt, the meter returns to step 1. Click [Exit Page] to proceed to another menu or option.

#### • SPEC

If SPEC was selected to set up input A as a live special input, complete steps 6 through 10 below:

- 6. Enter a Name for input A and click [Next Item].
- 7. Enter the Units of measurement for input A and click [Next Item].
- **8.** Enter a temperature value for the *Base* (low) end of the analog input range and click [Next Item].
- **9.** Enter a temperature value for the *Full Scale* (high) end of the analog input range and click [Next Item].

After responding to the above prompt, the meter returns to step 1. Click [Exit Page] to proceed to another menu or option.

Option Card RTD Inputs	Option cards with RTD inputs have a temperature range of -148° to
	$660^{\circ}$ F (-100° to 350°C). Complete the following steps to set up the
	RTD inputs of an option card installed in Slot 1 (refer to Figure D-4
	on page D-4):

- 1. Double-click on the desired *Input* (A, B, C or D).
- **Note:** The setup of RTD input A is used here as an example. Identical procedures would be used to set up the remaining RTD inputs.
- 2. Enter a *Label* of up to eight characters for input A and click [Next Item].
- **3.** Double-click on *Off* to disable Input A and return to step 1, or on *Temp* to enable input A as a live temperature input.
- **4.** Enter a temperature value for the *Zero* (low) end of the analog input range and click [Next Item].
- **5.** Enter a temperature value for the *Full Scale* (high) end of the analog input range and click [Next Item].

After responding to the above prompt, the meter returns to step 1. Click [Exit Page] to proceed to another menu or option.

Option Card Alarm Relays	Complete the following steps to set up the alarm relays of an option card installed in Slot 1 (refer to Figure D-4 on page D-4):	
	1. Double-click on the desired <i>Output</i> (A, B, C or D).	
	<b>Note:</b> The set up of alarm A is used here as an example. Identical procedures would be used to set up the additional alarms.	
	2. Double-click on <i>Off</i> to disable Output A and return to step 1 or on	

- Double-click on Off to disable Output A and return to step 1, or on High, Low or Fault to select the desired alarm type.
- **3.** Double-click on *No* for standard alarm operation, or on *Yes* for *Failsafe* operation. (See Chapter 1, *Installation*, of the *Startup Guide* for failsafe wiring instructions.)

For a 1-Channel meter, proceed to step 5.

**4.** Double-click on the desired *Channel* option. See Table C-12 below for a description of the channel options available.

Option	Description
Channel 1	Channel 1
Channel 2	Channel 2
Add Channels	CH1+CH2
Subtract Channels	CH1-CH2
Average Channels	(CH1+CH2)/2

Table C-12: Channel Options

- **Note:** If FAULT was selected as the alarm type, the next two prompts do not appear. You have completed entering data in this option.
- **5.** Double-click on the desired *Measurement Name*. (Table C-11 on page C-34 provides a description of the available parameters.)
- **Note:** *The measurement units that appear in these prompts are those selected in the* Global-System *menu earlier in this section.*
- **6.** Enter a value for the *Trigger Point* of the alarm and click [Next Item].
- 7. Double-click on the type of *Error* (flow, non-flow or both) that will trigger the fault alarm and press [Enter].

After responding to the above prompt, the meter returns to step 1. Click [Exit Page] to proceed to another menu or option.

Option Card Totalizer Outputs	This type of output issues one pulse per selected volume of flow. The meter produces a pulse each time the programmed amount of flow passes through the pipe. Complete the following steps to set up the totalizer outputs of an option card installed in Slot 1:	
	1. Double-click on the desired <i>Output</i> (A, B, C or D).	
	<b>Note:</b> The set up of output A is used as an example. Identical procedures would be used to set up the other outputs.	
	<ol> <li>Double-click on <i>Off</i> to disable Output A and return to step 1, or on <i>Totalizer</i> to set up output A as a totalizer output.</li> </ol>	
	For a 1-Channel meter, skip to step 4.	
	<b>3.</b> Double-click on the desired <i>Channel</i> option.See Table C-12 on the previous page for a description of the channel options available at the above prompt.	
	<ol> <li>Double-click on the desired <i>Measurement Name</i>, as listed in Table C-13 below.</li> </ol>	
	Table C-13: Output Measurement Options	
	Forward Totalized Volume Flow	
	Reverse Totalized Volume Flow	
	Forward Totalized Mass Flow	

# **Note:** *The measurement units that appear in these prompts are those*

**Reverse Totalized Mass Flow** 

- selected in the Global-System menu earlier in this section.
- **5.** Enter a value between 50 µsec and 500,000 µsec for *Pulse On Time* (the frequency of the totalizer pulses) and click [Next Item].
- **Note:** A complete pulse consists of equal amounts of ON and OFF times. Choose a value that is compatible with the counter to be used.
- 6. Enter a value for the number of measurement units represented by each pulse, and click [Next Item].

After responding to the above prompt, the meter returns to step 1. Click [Exit Page] to proceed to another menu or option.

Option Card Frequency Outputs	This type of output produces a frequency pulse that is proportional to the output measurement. Complete the following steps to set up the frequency outputs of an option card installed in Slot 1 (refer to Figure D-4 on page D-4):		
	1. Double-click on the desired <i>Output</i> (A, B, C or D).		
	<b>Note:</b> The set up of output A is used as an example. Identical procedures would be used to set up the other outputs.		
	2. Double-click on <i>Off</i> to disable Output A and return to step 1, or on <i>Frequency</i> to set up output A as a frequency output.		
	For a 1-Channel meter, skip to step 4.		
	<b>3.</b> Double-click on the desired <i>Channel</i> option.See Table C-12 on page C-38 for a description of the channel options available at the above prompt.		
	<b>4.</b> Double-click on the desired <i>Measurement Name</i> . (Table C-11 on page C-34 provides a description of the available parameters.)		
	<b>Note:</b> The measurement units that appear in these prompts are those selected in the Global-System menu earlier in this section.		
	<b>5.</b> Enter a flow rate value for the <i>Zero</i> (low) end of the frequency output range and click [Next Item].		
	<b>6.</b> Enter a flow rate value for the <i>Full</i> (high) end of the frequency output range and click [Next Item].		
	7. Enter a value between 1 and 10,000 for the <i>Full Scale Frequency</i> and click [Next Item].		
	After responding to the above prompt, the meter returns to step 1. Click [Exit Page]:		
	• once to return to the Global I/O option:		
	• twice to return to the Global PROGRAM option:		
	• three times to return to the <i>Site Edit Menu</i> :		
	• four times to exit the <i>Site Edit Menu</i> .		

Programming the LCD Through PanaView, you can program the LCD display to display up to four variables in sequence. Complete the following steps to program the LCD display:

**Note:** When you first initialize the XGM868i, the number of LCD parameters is set to OFF. You must program the LCD to display any measured parameters.

- 1. From the Input/Output option, highlight and double-click on the *Display* option in the center pane.
- **2.** The first prompt asks for the # *of LCD Parameters*. Double-click on the desired number (from OFF through 1-4 and KEY).

The OFF setting switches the measurement display off, while the KEY setting enables users to change the measurement display via the arrow keys, without accessing the *Keypad Program*. If you select KEY:

- To view a parameter other than the one currently displayed, press the [△] or [▽] keys to scroll through the various parameters.
- To scroll through the channel options on a two-channel XGM868i, press the [⊲] and [▷] keys until you have reached the desired option.

Note: For a 1-channel XGM868i, skip to step 4.

**3.** Scroll to the desired *Channel option*, as listed in Table C-13 below.

Option	Description
CH1	Channel 1
CH2	Channel 2
SUM	CH1+CH2
DIF	CH1-CH2
AVE	(CH1+CH2)/2

Table C-14: Channel Options

- **4.** For each channel, select the desired *Measurement Parameter*, as shown in Table C-11 on page C-34.
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 for each parameter. PanaView returns to the Global I/O menu.

Entering Communications Data	The Model XGM868i flowmeter is equipped with an RS232 or an RS485 serial interface. An RS485 option is also available with MODBUS capability. When the MODBUS option is present, the XGM868i may also have the standard RS232 serial interface.
	The serial port is used to transmit stored data and displayed readings to a personal computer by connecting the meter's serial interface to the serial port of the PC. In addition, the Model XGM868i can receive and execute remote commands, using <i>PanaView</i> software, via this link.
	Use the Comm port submenu to set the communications port and MODBUS parameters. While following the programming instructions, refer to Figure D-3 on page D-3 of Appendix D, <i>PanaView Menu Maps</i> .
Setting Up the Serial Port	1. To enter this submenu from the Global menu, highlight and double-click on the <i>Comm port</i> option in the center pane.
	<b>2.</b> Enter a <i>Meter Address</i> number between 1 and 254 and click [Next Item]. The default number is 1.
	A meter address is only necessary for communication with the GE Sensing <i>PanaView</i> software. See the <i>PanaView User's Manual</i> for more information.
	<b>IMPORTANT:</b> If the meter address or baud rate is changed, communication with PanaView must be re-established with the new address number.
	<b>3.</b> Double-click on the desired <i>Baud Rate</i> (from 300 to 19,200).
	If you have the RS485 MODBUS option, proceed to step 4 below. If you have the standard RS232 serial interface, the meter exits the Comm port submenu and returns to the Global PROGRAM prompt.
	<b>Note:</b> The XGM868i MODBUS communication settings chosen in the next four steps must match those of the MODBUS control system.
	<b>4.</b> Double-click on the desired <i>MODBUS Baud Rate</i> (from 2400 to 9600).
	<b>5.</b> Double-click on the desired <i>MODBUS Parity</i> (None, Odd or Even).
	6. Double-click on the desired <i>MODBUS Stop Bits</i> (1 or 2).
	7. Enter the desired MODBUS Address.
Setting Up the Serial Port (cont.)

The meter exits the Comm port submenu and returns to the Global window. Click [Exit Page] once to return to the *Site Edit Menu*, and [Close] to exit the *Site Edit Menu*.

**IMPORTANT:** *You must reboot the XGM868i to load the new settings.* 

Refer to the section *Requesting Parameters Using MODBUS* on the following page to retrieve data from the XGM868i using MODBUS.

Requesting Parameters Using MODBUS To request specific parameters from the XGM868i via the MODBUS, the control system must access the appropriate register number, as shown in Table C-15 below. Only registers 1–84 are available with the XGM868i for MODBUS communications. Registers 508–512 are used by the XGM868i to store the MODBUS parameters.

MODBUS Reg #	DPR Hex Addr	Description	Units	Scaling (decimal places)	Size in Bytes
1		<sup>1</sup> Clear Totalizers	none		2 (16 bit signed)
2		CH1 Velocity	ft/s or m/s	2	4 (32 bit integer)
4		CH1 Volumetric	VOL_U		4 (IEEE 32 bit)
6		CH1 +Totals	TOT_U	Register 10	4 (32 bit integer)
8		CH1 -Totals	TOT_U	Register 10	4 (32 bit integer)
10		CH1 #T Digits	none	0	2 (16 bit integer)
11		CH1 Totalizer Time	sec	2	4 (32 bit integer)
13		<sup>2</sup> CH1 Error Value	none	0	2 (16 bit integer)
14		CH 1 SSUP	none	1	4 (32 bit integer)
16		CH 1 SSDN	none	1	4 (32 bit integer)
18		CH 1 SNDSP	ft/s or m/s	0	4 (32 bit integer)
20		CH 2 Velocity	ft/s or m/s	2	4 (32 bit integer)
22		CH 2 Volumetric	VOL_U		4 (IEEE 32 bit)
24		CH 2 +Totals	TOT_U	Register 28	4 (32 bit integer)
26		CH 2 -Totals	TOT_U	Register 28	4 (32 bit integer)
28		CH2 # T Digits	none	0	2 (16 bit integer)
29		CH2 Totalizer Time	sec	2	4 (32 bit integer)
31		<sup>2</sup> CH2 Error Value	none	0	2 (16 bit integer)
32		CH 2 SSUP	none	1	4 (32 bit integer)
34		CH 2 SSDN	none	1	4 (32 bit integer)
36		CH 2 SNDSP	ft/s or m/s	0	4 (32 bit integer)
38		<sup>3</sup> AVG Velocity	ft/s or m/s	2	4 (32 bit integer)
40		<sup>3</sup> AVG Volumetric	VOL_U		4 (IEEE 32 bit)
42		<sup>3</sup> AVG+Totals	TOT_U	Register 46	4 (32 bit integer)

#### Table C-15: MODBUS Registers

MODBUS Reg #	DPR Hex Addr	Description	Units	Scaling (decimal places)	Size in Bytes					
44		<sup>3</sup> AVG-Totals	TOT_U	Register 46	4 (32 bit integer)					
46		AVG #T Digits	none	0	2 (16 bit integer)					
47		<sup>3</sup> AVG Totalizer Time	sec	2	4 (32 bit integer)					
49		<sup>4</sup> AVG Error Value	none	0	2 (16 bit integer)					
50		<sup>3</sup> AVG SSUP	none	1	4 (32 bit integer)					
52		<sup>3</sup> AVG SSDN	none	1	4 (32 bit integer)					
54		<sup>3</sup> AVG SNDSP	ft/s or m/s	0	4 (32 bit integer)					
56		CH 1 Power	Power_u		4 (IEEE 32 bit)					
58		CH 1 +Energy	Energy_u	Register 62	4 (32 bit integer)					
60		CH 1 -Energy	Energy_u	Register 62	4 (32 bit integer)					
62		CH 1 # Energy Digits	none	0	2 (16 bit integer)					
63		CH 1 TempS	°F or °C	2	4 (32 bit integer)					
65		CH 1 TempR	°F or °C	2	4 (32 bit integer)					
67		CH 1 TS-TR	°F or °C	2	4 (32 bit integer)					
69		CH 1 DELTH	Btu/lb or J/gm	2	4 (32 bit integer)					
71		CH 2 Power	Power_u		4 (IEEE 32 bit)					
73		CH 2 +Energy	Energy_u	Register 77	4 (32 bit integer)					
75		CH 2 -Energy	Energy_u	Register 77	4 (32 bit integer)					
77		CH 2 # Energy Digits	none	0	2 (16 bit integer)					
78		CH 2 TempS	°F or °C	2	4 (32 bit integer)					
80		CH 2 TempR	°F or °C	2	4 (32 bit integer)					
82		CH 2 TS-TR	°F or °C	2	4 (32 bit integer)					
84		CH 2 DELTH	Btu/lb or J/gm	2	4 (32 bit integer)					
508	3F6	<sup>5</sup> MODBUS baud rate	none	0	2 (16 bit integer)					
509	3F8	<sup>6</sup> MODBUS parity	none	0	2 (16 bit integer)					
510	3FA	<sup>7</sup> MODBUS stop bits	none	0	2 (16 bit integer)					
511	3FC	MODBUS meter addr	none	0	2 (16 bit integer)					
512	3FE	RESERVED	none							

Table C-15:	MODBUS	Registers	(Continued)
-------------	--------	-----------	-------------

Requesting Parameters Using MODBUS (cont.)

#### Notes:

- **1. Clear Totalizers:** flag from the 8051 to clear totalizers in the 68332 memory.
- 2. Error Value: see table in XGM868i manual for error codes
- 3. Average:

average of channel 1 and channel 2 if both channels out of error, channel 1 value if channel 2 is in error, channel 2 value if channel 1 is in error, <u>zero</u> if both channels in error.

- 4. Average Error Status:
  - 0 = both in error
  - 1 =chan 2 in error,
  - 2 =chan 1 in error,
  - 3 = both ok
- 5. MODBUS baud rate:

5 = 2400, 6 = 4800, 7 = 9600

6. MODBUS parity:

0 =none, 1 =odd, 2 =even

7. MODBUS stop bits:

1 = 1 stop bit, 2 = 2 stop bits

8. General:

Registers are written if corresponding functions are actuated by the user. Registers for unactuated functions are initialized to zero at startup.

**Exiting the Site Edit Menu** After leaving the Global submenu, PanaView returns to the *Site Edit Menu*. Click [Close] to exit the *Site Edit Menu*. Then proceed to Chapter 3, *Operation*, of the *Startup Guide* for instructions on taking measurements, or refer to the appropriate chapters of this manual for detailed instructions on using the other features of the XGM868i flow transmitter.

#### Saving Site Data

The XGM868i holds setup parameters for a single internal site, called *Working*. Through PanaView, users can store site file data in a PC and reload it into the XGM868i. To save or reload site data via PanaView:

- 1. In the *New Meter Browser*, highlight the XGM868i.
- **2.** Right-click on the highlighted XGM868i and select the *Properties* option, as shown in Figure C-15 below.

🔆 Pana'	View -	[Met	er Brows	ser]			
🔂 File	Edit	View	Output	Window	Help		
	Ca	n't Und	io	_		Contents of Netwo	rk\My C
	Cu Ca	t PY	Ctrl+X Ctrl+C			 Name	Тур
÷	Pa	ste	Ctrl+V	ICEI	)	Meter Logs Display	Log Met
	Ne	W	-	) om	1)	User Tables	Use
	Re	move	5	4.5	ID	Channel 1	Met
		 	Meter Bedit Fu	MENU			



The window now appears similar to Figure C-16 below.

XGM868i Y4AM.STD	on Untitled (IDM) (CO 🛛
No Instrume	nt Clock
<u>S</u> et	Sync to PC
- Signal	
<u>R</u> ead Signals	Channel 1 💌
Pjot	<b>V</b>
Sa <u>v</u> e	
Clear <u>T</u> otalizers	<u>Site Files</u>
✓ Auto connect at	startup
	<u>C</u> lose
ure C-16. The	Properties Wind

Figure C-16: The Properties Window for an XGM868i

#### Saving Site Data (cont.)

**3.** Click on the [Site Files] button. The *Site File Operations* window (shown in Figure C-17 below) opens.

Site File Operations		×
Working	Save Site To <u>M</u> eter	
	⊙ Selected O <u>N</u> ew	
	Save Site To PC	
	Clea <u>r</u> Site From Meter	
	Save Site <u>P</u> rint To PC	
	<u>C</u> lose	

Figure C-17: The Site File Operations Window

To save existing site data to the meter:

- **1.** Select the radio button for *Selected* and highlight an existing site in the left pane.
- **2.** Then click on the [Sove Site to Meter] button. A screen opens similar to Figure C-18 below.

Look in:	🔁 PanaView		•	+ 🗈 💣 🗉	
History Desktop	Chart Logs gsite.sit Site1.sit				
My Documents					
Mu Notwork P	File name:	Site3.sit		-	Open
My Network F	Files of type:	Site Files (*.sit)		•	Cancel

#### Figure C-18: Site File Selection

**3.** Highlight the desired site and click [Open]. PanaView sends the site to the meter.

#### Saving Current Site Data to the Meter

Saving New Site Data to the XGM868i

To save new site data to the meter:

- **1.** Select the radio button for *New* and click on the [Sove Site to Meter] button.
- **2.** A window opens similar to Figure C-19 below. Enter the desired name, and click [OK].

Save Site To Meter	×
Enter new site name (5 chars. max).	OK Cancel
New	

#### Figure C-19: Site Name Entry Window

- **3.** The *Site File Selection* window (Figure C-18 on the previous page) opens. Highlight a site file with the desired settings, and click [Open]. The site file becomes the *Working* site in the meter with the desired settings.
- Saving a Site to the PC

To save a site to the PC:

- **1.** Highlight the desired site in the left pane. (See Figure C-17 on the previous page.)
- **2.** Click [Sove Site to PC]. A window opens similar to Figure C-18 on the previous page.
- **3.** Enter the desired site name and click [Sove]. PanaView saves the site in the PanaView folder unless otherwise specified.
- **Note:** *If you have created a site on the meter after opening the* Site File Operations *window, you must close and reopen the window to click on the new site.*

Clearing a Site from the Meter	As the XGM868i has only one site ( <i>Working</i> ) at any time, it is not possible to remove this site. To change site parameters, first save a site to the PC (as discussed in <i>Saving a Site to the PC</i> on the previous page), and then save the site to the XGM868i (as discussed in <i>Saving New Site Data to the XGM868i</i> on the previous page).
Saving Site Data in Text	To store the data from a site file as a text file for display or printout:
Form	<b>1.</b> Highlight the site in the left pane. (See Figure C-18 on page C-48.)
	2. Click on [Save Site Print to PC].

**3.** The *Site File Selection* window (shown in Figure C-18 on page C-48) opens. Enter the desired site name (now with a .prt suffix) and click on [Sove]. PanaView displays a text version of the site, as shown in Figure C-20 below.

🖉 Work1.sit - Notepad	
File Edit Format Help	
CHANNEL 1 PARAMETERS	<b></b>
Channel status Transit	
CHANNEL 1 SYSTEM PARAMETERS	
CHANNEL LABEL XXX	
CHANNEL MESSAGE THIS IS CHANXXX	
ENERGY OPTION On	
VOLUMETRIC UNITS cubic m/min	
VOL DECIMAL DIGITS U	
TOTAL DECIMAL DIGITS 0	
MASS FLOW Kilograms	
MASS FLOW TIME /sec	
MDOT DECIMAL DIGITS 0	
MASS TOTALS Kilograms	
MASS DECIMAL DIGITS 0	
POWER MCAL/sec	
POWER DECIMAL DIGITS 0	
ENERGY (TOTAL) MCalories	
ENERGY DECIMAL DIGITS 0	
HEATING or COULING Heating system	
riow measurement measure at supply	
CHANNEL 1 PIPE PARAMETERS	
	_
<u> </u>	•
Figure C. 20. Printout of Site File	
Figure C-20: Printout of Site File	

**4.** Click [Close] once to close the *Site File Operations* window, and a second time to close the *Properties* window and return to the *Meter Browser*.

Appendix D

# PanaView Menu Maps for the XGM868i

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Channel X Menu — Set Up Option
Global Menu — System, Display and Comm Port OptionsD-
Global Menu — Input/Output OptionD-4











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# Symbols

+MASS.		•	•		•		•	•							•	•	•	•		•	•			1	-2	6	
+TOTL.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		1	-2	6	

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## DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We,

#### Panametrics Limited Shannon Industrial Estate Shannon, County Clare Ireland

declare under our sole responsibility that the

#### DigitalFlow™ XGM868i Ultrasonic Gas Flow Transmitter DigitalFlow™ XGS868i Ultrasonic Steam Flow Transmitter DigitalFlow™ XMT868i Ultrasonic Liquid Flow Transmitter

to which this declaration relates, are in conformity with the following standards:

- EN 50014:1997+A1+A2:1999
  EN 50018:2000
  EN50281-1-1:1998
  as specified in: ISSeP02ATEX008; II 2 GD EEx d IIC T5 ISSeP, B7340 Colfontaine, Belgium
- EN 61326:1998, Class A, Annex A, Continuous Unmonitored Operation
- EN61010-1:1993+A2:1995, Overvoltage Category II, Pollution Degree 2
- EN 60529:1991+A1:2000 IP66

following the provisions of the 89/336/EEC EMC Directive, the 94/9/EC ATEX Directive and the 73/23/EEC Low Voltage Directive.

The units listed above and any transducers supplied with them (spoolpieces are addressed under a separate declaration of conformity) do not bear CE marking for the Pressure Equipment Directive, as they are supplied in accordance with Article 3, Section 3 (sound engineering practices and codes of good workmanship) of the Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC for DN<25.

Shannon - December 7, 2004

es lah

Mr. James Gibson GENERAL MANAGER









CERT-DOC-H4

## DECLARATION DE CONFORMITE

Nous,

#### Panametrics Limited Shannon Industrial Estate Shannon, County Clare Ireland

déclarons sous notre propre responsabilité que les

#### DigitalFlow™ XGM868i Ultrasonic Gas Flow Transmitter DigitalFlow™ XGS868i Ultrasonic Steam Flow Transmitter DigitalFlow™ XMT868i Ultrasonic Liquid Flow Transmitter

rélatif à cette déclaration, sont en conformité avec les documents suivants:

- EN 50014:1997+A1+A2:1999
  EN 50018:2000
  EN50281-1-1:1998
  as specified in: ISSeP02ATEX008; II 2 GD EEx d IIC T5 ISSeP, B7340 Colfontaine, Belgium
- EN 61326:1998, Class A, Annex A, Continuous Unmonitored Operation
- EN61010-1:1993+A2:1995, Overvoltage Category II, Pollution Degree 2
- EN 60529:1991+A1:2000 IP66

suivant les régles de la Directive de Compatibilité Electromagnétique 89/336/EEC, d'ATEX 94/9/EC et de la Directive Basse Tension 73/23/EEC.

Les matériels listés ci-dessus ainsi que les transducteurs pouvant être livrés avec (les manchettes faisant l'objet d'une déclaration de conformité séparée) ne portent pas le marquage CE de la directive des équipements sous pression, car ils sont fournis en accord avec la directive 97/23/EC des équipements sous pression pour les DN<25, Article 3, section 3 qui concerne les pratiques et les codes de bonne fabrication pour l'ingénierie du son.

Shannon - December 7, 2004

white

Mr. James Gibson DIRECTEUR GÉNÉRAL









CERT-DOC-H4

# KONFORMITÄTS-ERKLÄRUNG

Wir,

#### Panametrics Limited Shannon Industrial Estate Shannon, County Clare Ireland

erklären, in alleiniger Verantwortung, daß die Produkte

#### DigitalFlow™ XGM868i Ultrasonic Gas Flow Transmitter DigitalFlow™ XGS868i Ultrasonic Steam Flow Transmitter DigitalFlow™ XMT868i Ultrasonic Liquid Flow Transmitter

folgende Normen erfüllen:

- EN 50014:1997+A1+A2:1999
  EN 50018:2000
  EN50281-1-1:1998
  as specified in: ISSeP02ATEX008; II 2 GD EEx d IIC T5 ISSeP, B7340 Colfontaine, Belgium
- EN 61326:1998, Class A, Annex A, Continuous Unmonitored Operation
- EN61010-1:1993+A2:1995, Overvoltage Category II, Pollution Degree 2
- EN 60529:1991+A1:2000 IP66

gemäß den Europäischen Richtlinien, Niederspannungsrichtlinie Nr.: 73/23/EG und EMV-Richtlinie Nr.: 89/336/EG und ATEX Richtlinie Nr. 94/9/EG.

Die oben aufgeführten Geräte und zugehörige, mitgelieferte Schallwandler (Messrohre werden in einer separaten Konformitätserklärung behandelt) tragen keine CE-Kennzeichnung gemäß der Druckgeräte-Richtlinie, da sie in Übereinstimmung mit Artikel 3, Absatz 3 (gute Ingenieurpraxis) der Druckgeräte-Richtlinie 97/23/EG für DN<25 geliefert werden.

Shannon - December 7, 2004

es late

Mr. James Gibson GENERALDIREKTOR









CERT-DOC-H4

We,

#### GE Sensing, Inc. 1100 Technology Park Drive Billerica, MA 01821-4111 U.S.A.

as the manufacturer, declare under our sole responsibility that the product

#### XGM868 Multi-Purpose Gas Ultrasonic Flow Transmitter

to which this document relates, in accordance with the provisions of ATEX Directive 94/9/EC Annex II, meets the following specifications:

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Furthermore, the following additional requirements and specifications apply to the product:

- Having been designed in accordance with EN 50014, EN 50018, and EN 50281, the product meets the fault tolerance requirements of electrical apparatus for category "d".
- The product is an electrical apparatus and must be installed in the hazardous area in accordance with the requirements of the EC Type Examination Certificate. The installation must be carried out in accordance with all appropriate international, national and local standard codes and practices and site regulations for flameproof apparatus and in accordance with the instructions contained in the manual. Access to the circuitry must not be made during operation.
- Only trained, competent personnel may install, operate and maintain the equipment.
- The product has been designed so that the protection afforded will not be reduced due to the effects of corrosion of materials, electrical conductivity, impact strength, aging resistance or the effects of temperature variations.
- The product cannot be repaired by the user; it must be replaced by an equivalent certified product. Repairs should only be carried out by the manufacturer or by an approved repairer.
- The product must not be subjected to mechanical or thermal stresses in excess of those permitted in the certification documentation and the instruction manual.
- The product contains no exposed parts which produce surface temperature infrared, electromagnetic ionizing, or non-electrical dangers.







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