

# **Discrete Interval Samplers**

Model 425 & 425-D Data Sheet

### **Discrete Interval Samplers**

Model 425 & 425-D

The **Solinst Model 425 Discrete Interval Sampler** (DIS) is a stainless steel sampler, with LDPE tubing mounted on a convenient Solinst reel.

The reel has a pressure attachment for a high pressure hand pump, and a pressure/vent switch which is used to apply and release the pressure on the sampler. A sample release device is included with each standard Discrete Interval Sampler.

Solinst also offers the **Model 425-D Deep Sampling Discrete Interval Sampler** for obtaining samples from submerged depths as much as 1200 m (4000 ft).

Biodegradable disposable PVC bailers and stainless steel Point Source Bailers are also available from Solinst (see Model 428 BioBailer & 429 Point Source Bailer Data Sheets).

### Advantages

- High quality samples
- Sample has not been pumped through tubing
- No mixing of water from different levels
- Minimal disturbance of the water
- Easy disassembly for decontamination
- Avoids purging and disposal of purge water
- Less cost and time to retrieve samples
- Easy operation and transportation

### Applications

- Obtaining a representative groundwater sample from below oil/product layers
- Discrete interval sampling in lakes, rivers and wells
- Chemical profiling of wells
- Sampling at points of inflow to well
- LNAPL and DNAPL sampling



425-D Deep Sampling Discrete Interval Sampler and Weight



1.66"ø Discrete Interval Sampler with High Pressure Hand Pump

### **Discrete Interval No-Purge Sampling**

Discrete interval sampling is ideal for obtaining truly representative water samples and for obtaining samples of product (LNAPL and DNAPL). The DIS is ideal for groundwater sampling from below an oil/product layer on the surface of the water, as it allows a sample to be obtained which is untouched by the oil.

Discrete Interval Sampling is also used to profile open bodies of water, open boreholes and screened wells, and to collect samples from distinct levels or points of inflow. Mixing of water from different levels in the well is minimized.

The Model 425 Discrete Interval Samplers are also recognized as a no-purge sampler. No-purge, also known as zero-purge or passive sampling methods, have gained acceptance by many regulatory agencies worldwide for obtaining high quality groundwater samples.

These sampling methods are based on the principle that groundwater which flows into a well, maintains equilibrium with the adjacent water bearing unit. Sampling at the discrete interval should result in representative samples, without the need for purging.

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High Quality Groundwater and Surface Water Monitoring Instrumentation





### Standard Discrete Interval Sampler Operation

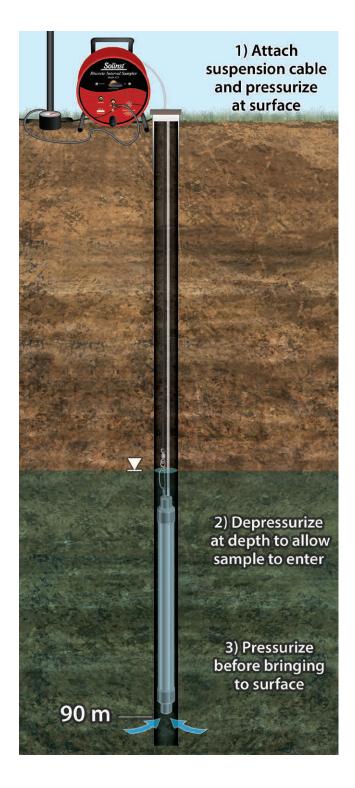
The Discrete Interval Sampler is pressurized before being lowered into the well to prevent water flowing into the sampler. Once the desired depth is reached, the pressure is released and hydrostatic pressure fills the sampler with water directly from the sampling zone. A floating check ball inside the samplers prevents water from entering the tubing, thus avoiding the need to decontaminate the interior of the tubing.

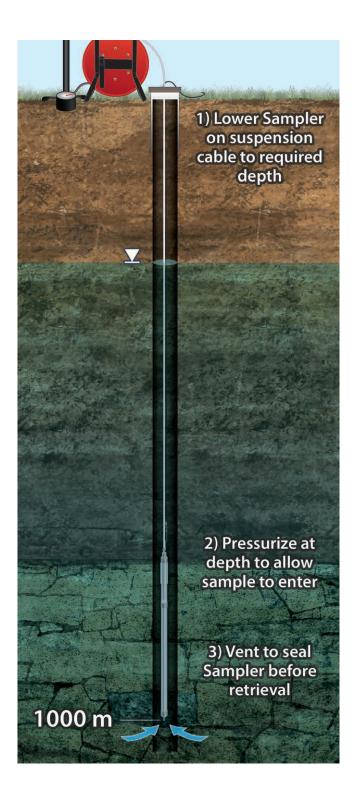
When the sampler is filled, it can be repressurized and raised to the surface. The sample is decanted using the sample release device, which regulates flow and minimizes degassing of the sample. The sampler is easily disassembled for decontamination.

Recommended Operating Pressure							
Submerged Depth (feet)	Pressure (psi)	Submerged Depth (meters)	Pressure (kPa)				
25	20	8	148				
50	30	15	217				
100	50	30	364				
200	95	60	660				
300	140	90	952				
Operating Pressure = (Submerged Depth in feet x 0.43) + 10 psi (Submerged Depth in meters x 9.8) + 70 kPa							

Discrete Interval Sampler Capacity						
English Units		Metric Units				
Size	Capacity	Size	Capacity			
1" x 2'	6 oz	25.4 mm x 610 mm	190 ml			
1.66" x 2'	18 oz	42 mm x 610 mm	475 ml			
2" x 2'	27 oz	50.8 mm x 610 mm	800 ml			
1" x 4'	12 oz	25.4 mm x 1220 mm	365 ml			
1.66" x 4'	32 oz	42 mm x 1220 mm	1000 ml			
2" x 4'	61 oz	50.8 mm x 1220 mm	1800 ml			

Other diameters and lengths available, on request.





### **Deep Sampling DIS Operating Principles**

To overcome buoyancy, weights are connected to the top of the Deep Sampling Discrete Interval Sampler before lowering. After the first 100 m (300 ft), one 2 kg weight is added for every additional 100 m (300 ft) of submerged depth.

Once the sampler reaches the desired sampling depth, it is pressurized. Using the basic principles of hydraulics, the pressure acts on the top of a piston (larger surface area) inside the sampler, overcoming the hydrostatic pressure acting on the bottom of the piston (smaller surface area) to allow sample water to enter.

As sample water fills the sampler, air from the sampler is vented through holes (covered with a Vyon filter) on the side of the sampler, which are also opened with the applied pressure.

After the sample is collected, the pressure is released, allowing the piston to reseal at the bottom of the sampler. The sealed sampler is then retrieved to surface, maintaining chemical stability of the sample.

At surface, the sample is collected by reapplying pressure to the Discrete Interval Sampler. The flow of the sample is regulated by the amount of pressure applied. The sampler is easily disassembled for decontamination.

**Recommended Operating Pressure and Weights** 

Submerged Depth (feet)	Pressure (psi)	Submerged Depth (meters)	Pressure (kPa)	Number of Weights		
160	50	50	345	0		
320	50	100	345	0		
640	50	200	345	1		
960	75	300	520	2		
1280	100	400	690	3		
1600	125	500	860	4		
1920	150	600	1030	5		
2250	175	700	1200	6		
3250	200	1000	1380	9		

The 1.66" Ø x 2' (42 mm x 610 mm) Deep Sampling DIS has a capacity of 420 ml (14 oz).

Sampling at deeper depths may be possible, contact Solinst to determine the suitability of your application.





Tag Line / Suspension Cable

#### Oil/Water Interface Meter

### LNAPL and DNAPL Sampling

The Solinst Model 122 Interface Meter quickly and easily detects water as well as floating or sinking product layers (LNAPL or DNAPL).

Infra-red refraction is used to detect liquids and conductivity to distinguish water. A steady light and tone indicates product. Water is indicated by intermittent signals.

Once an LNAPL or DNAPL layer is detected, a sample can be taken using a Discrete Interval Sampler at the depth indicated on the Interface Meter flat tape (marked every mm or 1/100 ft).

### Materials

Standard Model 425 Discrete Interval Samplers are constructed of stainless steel with o-rings, and PTFE and polypropylene check balls. The Model 425-D is also constructed with stainless steel and o-rings, and includes a Vyon filter and Delrin plunger on the internal piston.

The 1/4" OD tubing most commonly used is low density polyethylene (LDPE), however, PTFE or PTFE-lined polyethylene tubing is also available.

Larger size reels, including Power Reels, are available for holding longer lengths of tubing.

# Suspension Cable

A cable connector is included at the top of the sampler for easy connection to a suspension cable. The Solinst Model 103 Tag Line is ideal. It uses permanently laser marked polyethylene coated stainless steel, or PVDF flat tape, mounted on a reel. It comes with a clip for easy attachment.

# **Depth Capability**

The Standard Model 425 Discrete Interval Samplers can sample to depths of 90 m (300 ft.) below water level, regardless of total depth from surface.

The Model 425-D Deep Sampling Discrete Interval Sampler can typically sample from submerged depths up to 1000 m (3200 ft). Sampling to depths of 1200 m (4000 ft) is possible; contact Solinst to determine the suitability of your application.

# **VOC Sampling**

Discrete Interval Samplers are excellent for VOC sampling since there is no mixing with water from different levels in the well. The sample has minimal contact with air, and does not travel through a long length of tubing, risking loss of volatile organics.

